GUIDE TO 14 ASIATIC

LANGUAGES

12915

by ANDREW BOYD

CENTRAS ARCHAEOLOGICAL

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### Foreword

I hope this handbook will smooth the path of some of the many English-speaking travellers who will, in the very near future, visit the newly awakened East. It is not a book for the pundit; in fact, I have tried to eliminate the high-flown language so dear to the Oriental grammarian, and so unhelpful to the traveller who is trying to make minor purchases in a small bazaar.

It may seem presumptuous to claim that one small book will be of real service as a guide to the thousand tongues of Asia. But it is surprising how far the dozen linguæ francæ of the East will serve the wanderer even in remote places. Arabic, Turkish and Persian between them will take him along all the shores, and through most of the interior, of the great region known as the Middle East, from North Africa to the frontiers of India. In India itself there are reckoned to be some two hundred languages and many more dialects; but the traveller is not likely to get into difficulty if he commands a few words of Hindustani (Urdu), Bengali and Tamil. Burmese, Siamese and Malay will serve most of his purposes in South East Asia, including the East Indies; the two forms of Chinese given in this book (Mandarin and Cantonese) will be of value not only in China, Manchuria and Formosa, but also in the countless centres of Chinese colonization between

Singapore and Manila; and Japanese too may be found useful in Korea and other places outside Japan proper, although it is fortunately no longer fashionable in Rangoon, Batavia or Shanghai. Finally, the increasing importance of the Soviet Union in Asiatic affairs prompts the inclusion of a vocabulary of Russian in this book. While Russian can in no sense be called an Asiatic tongue, no linguistic handbook for Asia would be complete if it omitted the language which dominates the northern half of the continent much as English dominates the southern littoral.

Asiatic languages are certainly no more difficult than European ones. Many, including Chinese, Siamese and Malay, possess a beautiful simplicity unmarred by any of the infuriating conjugations and declensions so prevalent in the West. Again the fact that stress is usually very even in an Asiatic language eliminates the bewildering business of 'swallowed' syllables, which often baffles the student of English-or, for that matter, of Russian. The absence of any equivalent for the English verb 'to have' may seem at first sight a deficiency in several of the languages included in this book; but at least it protects the beginner from the very natural but fatal error of inserting a dictionary translation of 'have' into idiomatic phrases intended to convey the English 'have you finished?' 'I have to go,' or 'he will have some made.' Where an equivalent for the basic meaning of 'have' exists, it is shown in the lists opposite 'possess'; where none exists the reader should refer to the notes at the end of

each section. These notes do not profess to cover the grammars of the languages concerned; but it should be possible for the beginner to construct simple sentences with no more aid than they provide.

The 'Glossary' contained in Part 4 of this book is intended to help the newcomer to the East to understand the commonest of the many strange words which he will hear on the lips of other English speakers, and which belong to no local language. Some, like toddy, godown, or mofussil are corruptions, often unrecognizable, of Asiatic words; others, such as chilli, dengue, peon, and tiffin, were brought to the East by early Europeans, and are firmly established in Anglo-Asiatic speech.

Throughout the four years of residence in various parts of Asia during which I compiled this book, I received invaluable assistance from many people of many communities; my special thanks are due to Miss Y. P. Loke, Colonel Stanley Lemin, Major Frank H. Burden and Subedar Jarasindh Singh Bisht. I must, however, take full responsibility for any errors which the more vigilant and expert reader may detect; and I would be most grateful for corrections, amplifications or suggestions from any

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quarter.

### STANDARD PRONUNCIATION

as in 'à la carte', CENTRAL, ARCHAEOLOGICAL, as 'eve' VOWELS: as 'ow' in 'now' Acc. No. ..... 693... as in 'law'

Date 19 - 10 - 48...

as in 'bed' (final e is never silent)

as in 'grey'

as in ' ai au ev as in 'machine' i as in 'robe' 0 oi as in 'join' as 'or' in 'work' ö as in 'rude' u as in German 'über'; as u in French 'du,' ii or ui in Scots 'guid'; a high sound almost resembling ee in 'keen' a swallowed sound or catch in the voice, as in 'that'll do,' 'h'm'

### CONSONANTS:

- b, d, f, j, k, l, m, n, p, t, v, w, x, z as normally in English
- g as in 'gun'
- h as in 'hard' (except in combinations ch, gh, kh, dh, th)

ch as in 'church'

kh as ch in Scots 'loch' or German 'ach'

gh as in 'lough' or 'ugh'

dh as 'th' in 'clothing'

th as in 'cloth'

q as in 'quay' or 'quoit'

r always sounded; sporn would be pronounced like 'sporran,' not like 'spawn'

s as in 'say'

y as in 'you' (except in combination ey, above)

# Part One

TURKISH

ARABIC (WESTERN)

ARABIC (EASTERN)

PERSIAN

HINDUSTANI (URDU)

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
above		
	yoqari	foq
absent	ghayib	ghayib
accident	hadise	hadis
address	khitab	khitab
after	badehu	ba'd
afternoon	ikindi	ba'd ed duhr
again	bir daha; tekra	
age	yash	'omr
alive	diri; hayya	hai; tayyib
all	hep; külli	kull
all right	eyi; vesselam	tayyib; zen
allow	izin	azan; samah
alone	tenha	wahdo
also	da; dakhi	kaman
always	hemishe; dayim	a daiman; kull
		waqt
and	le; ve	wa
angry	darghin	za'lan
animal	haivan	haiwan
ant	qarinja	nimla
anything	her hangi biri	ai she
are	dirlar	
arm	bazu; qol	silah
army	ordu; leshker	geysh
around	etraf	haw'l
arrangement	tertib	tartib
arrive	väsül ol-	wasal
ask	sor-; istid'a	saal; talab

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
foq	bala	-ke upar
ghayib	ghayeb	ghair hazir
musiba	hadese	hadisa
kateb	invan	pata
ba'd	ba'd az	-ke bad
ba'd ed duhr	ba'd ez zohr	sham
tekrar	baz; dobare	phir b'i
'amr	senn	umr
hai; tayyib	zande	zinda
kull	tamam	sab; tamam
tayyib; zen	khaili khub	ach'a; ba'ut
		ach'a; t'ik'e
semah;	ijazat dih-	ijazat de-
rakhkhas		
wahdi	tanha	akela
ham; aidhan	ham; niz	b'i; aur
daiman; kull waqt		hamesha
wa	va; o	aur
za'lan	ghazabnak	khafa
haiwan	janivar	janwar
nimla	murcha	chiunti
she	har chiz	koi chiz
	and	hain
qitf	bazu	bazu
jesh	lashkar; artesh	fauj
haw'l	dor-i	-ke as pas
tadbir ·	tamyiz; nezam	
wasal	ras-	pahunch-
saal; talab	so'al kun-;	puch-; mang-
	talab kun-	

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
at	-de; yan	'and
back (noun)	arqa; geri	gafa; dahr
bad	fena	battal; sharir
bag	khurj; kese	kis; gonia
bandage	sarghi	rubat
barber	berber	mizeyyin
basket	seped	sell
bath (tub)	hamam	hamam
bathe	yuqa-	isthamma
bathroom	banyo	hamam
be	dur; dir	
beans	baqla; fasulya	fasulya
beautiful	güzel	gamil
because	zira; chünki	'ashan
become	lash-	shar
bed	yataq; dösheg	farash
bedroom	yataq odasu	odet en nom
before (time)	evvel	qabl
begin	bashla-	ibtada
behind	ard	wara; khalf
bell	chan; chingirda	
below	alt	taht
bench	sura	maq'ad
best	en eyi	el ahsan
between	ara	ben
big	böyük ; iri	kebir
bill (account)	hisab	hisab
bird	qush; mürgh	ter
black	qara; siyah; esved	eswed

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
'and	dar; tu; ru	-ke pas; -men
jafa; dahr	pusht	pit'
sharir; kharab	bad; kharab	kh'rab
kis; jonia	kise; kif	bori
laffafa	laffafa	patti
mizeyyin	dallak	hajam; nai
sell	sabad; zanbil	tokri
hamam	hamam; ghusl	ghusl
tahammam	ghusl kun-	ghusl kar-
hamam	ghusl khana	ghusl khana
	hast	ho-
fasulya	lubiya	phali
latif; hasan	ghashang	khubsurat
min sebeb	chun (ke)	kiunkih
shar	shau-; bash-	hota ho-
farash	takht i khab	palang; charpai
jubbat en nom	khab-gah	sone ka kamra
qabl	pish az	-se pa'le
abda	shuru kun-	shuru kar-
wara; khalf	pusht-i	-ke piche
jur's	zang	ghanta
taht	pa'in	-ke niche
takhat	saku	chauki
el ahsan	bihtarin	sab se ach'a
ben	miyan-i	–ke darmian
kebir	buzurg	bara
hisab	hisab	hisab
ter	paranda; murg	
eswed	siyah	kala

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
blacksmith	demirji	haddad
blanket	yorghan	hiram
blood	qan; dem	dem
blue	mavi; lajiverd	azraq
board -	tahta	loh
boat	qayiq; filiqa	markeb
boil, to	qayna-; pishir-	salaq
bone	kemik	'adma
book	kitab	kitab
boot	chizmey	gazma
born, to be	dogh-	itwalad
box	sandiq	sanduq
boy	oghlan; chojug	walad
brass	pirinj	nahas
bread	ekmek; pidey	'esh
break, to	qir-; kesr et	keser
bribe, a	rishvet	reshwa; barti
brick	tughla	tuba
bridge	köprü	kubri
brother	qardash; birader	akh
brush, a	fircha	fursa
build	bina et-; yap-	bena; 'amma
building, a	bina; tamir	bina
bullock	tosun	tor
burn, to	yaq-; ihraq et-	ahraq
bush	chali	gaba
business	umur; ish	shughl
buy	satin al-; ishtira et-	ishtara
by	–le	'and; bi
	6	

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
haddad	ahenger	lohar
zuliya; planket	jul; patu	kambal
dem	khun	khun
azraq	abi	nila
loh	takht	takhta
markeb	qaiq; kashti	kishti
fawwar	jush kun-	ubal-
'adma	ustukhan	haddi
kitab	kitab	kitab
qandara	putin	juta
mawlud	paida shan-	paida ho-
sanduq	sanduq; jaba	sanduq; bak's
walad	pisar	chokra; larka
prinj	birinj	pital
'esh; khubz	nan	roti
keser	shikan-	tut-; tor-
reshwa; bartil	rishva	rishwat
tabuqa	ajur	int
jisr	pul	pul
akh	baradar	b'ai
farrach	burush	bras
bena; 'ammar	saz	bana-
bunyan	imarat	imarat

bena; 'ammar bunyan tor ahraq 'uleq shughl; tajara ishtara

'and; bi ba; az

gav

suzbutah

tejarat khar– imarat bail jalaj'ari kam; bat kharid-

-se;-ke sat'

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W).
call (for)	chaghir-	nadah
camp	ordu	mi'askar
can (is able)	-bil-	aqdar
cannot	-ma-	ma aqdarsh
candle	mum; sham	shema'
cane	qamish	'asaya
carpenter	dürger	naggar
carpet	hali; kilim	busat
carriage	araba	'arabia
cart	qanli	'arabia karo
cat	kedi	qutta
catch, to	tut-	mesek
cave	maghara; in	maghara
ceiling	tavan	saqf
chain	zenjir	salsil
chair	sandalya	kursi
change, to	deyish-; boz-	beddel
check (bill)	hisab	hisab
chief	sheykh; bash	rayyis; sheykh
child	chojug	walad
choose	ikhtiyar et-	ikhtar
church	kilisey	kanisa
cigarette	zigaret	zigara
city	shehr	wilaya; medina
clean	temiz	nedif
clerk	kyatib; mamur	katib
climb	turman-	issa'bat
clock	sa'at	sa'a
cloth	bez	gukh
clothes	chuqa; ruba	hidum
cloud	bulut	sahab

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
sah	sada kun-	bula-
mi'askar	urdu	parao
aqdar	tavan-	sak-
ma aqdarsh	na mi tavanad	na'in sak-
shema'	sham'	mom-batti
'asaya	ta'limi	bet
najjar	najjar	mistri
zulia	qali	dari
'arabia	kaliska	gari
'arabia karo	gari	gari
bazzuna	gurbah	billi
mesek	gir-	pakar-
maghara	ghar	ghar
saqf	saqf	ch'at
salsil	zanjir	zanjir
kursi	sandali	kursi
beddel	tabdil kun-	badli kar-
hisab	hisab	hisab
rais; sheykh	ra'is	sardar; khan
walad	bacha	bach'a
ikhtar	muntakhab kun-	ch'un-
kanisa	kalisa	girja
zigara	sigari	sigaret; biri
wilaya; medina	shahr	shahr
nedif	pak	saf
katib		babu
issa'bat	bala rav-	char'-
sa'ad	sa'at	g'ari
kham; chit	parcha	kapra; sari
hudum	rakht; libas	kapre
ghema	ab'r	badal

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
coat	setri	sitra
cock	khoroz; musluq	dik
coffee	qahva	qahwa
cold	sovuq; nevazil	barid
collar	yaqa	yaqa
comb	taraq; shaney	misht
come	gél-	ga
concerning	dayir	min gehet
cook, a	ashji	tabbakh
cook, to	pishir-	tabakh
corner	köshey; bujaq	zawia
correct	doghrul	sahih
cost (noun)	qimet	qima
cotton '.	pamuq	qutn
count	sai-; tadad et-	
country	memleket	memleka; bilad
courtyard	havli	hosh
cover, to	ört–	ghatta
cow	inek	baqara
crowd	qalabaliq	zahma
cup	finjan	finjan
cupboard	dolab	dulab
curtain	perdey	sitara; parda
cushion	yasdiq	mekhadda
cut, to	kes-; qat et-	qata'
daily	günlük; yevmi	yomi
damage	zarar; saqatliq	darar
dance, to	raqs et-	raqass
danger	tehlikey;	khatar
	mukhatara	1
	10	

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
sitra	kot	kot
dik	khurus	murgha
gahwa	qahva	qahva; koffi
barid	sar'd	t³anda
yaqa	yaghey	kolla
misht	shaney	kangi
ja	a-	a-
min jehet	babat-i-	-ki babat
tabbakh	ash-paz	khansama;
		bawarchi
tabakh	paz-	paka-
zawia	gusha	kona
sahih	durust	t'ik
qima	qimat	qimat
qutn	pembey	rui
add	shumar-	gin-
memleka; bilad	mulk	mulk
hosh	medan	angan
ghatta	pushi-	d'ak-
baqara; hasha	gav-i madah	gae
izdaham; jama'a	izdiham	b'ir
finjan; piala	finjan; piyala	piala
dulab	almari	almira
parda	pardah	parda
mekhadda	balish	gaddi
qata'; jass	bur-	kata-
yomi	har ruz	rozana; roz roz
darar	khesarat	nuqsan
raqass	raghsi-	nach-
khatar	khatar	khatra

		4-6
ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
dark	qaranliq; zulmet	mi'attim
date (day)	tarikh	tarikh
daughter	bint; dükhtür	bint
dawn	fejr; shafaq	fegr
day	yevm; ruz; gün	yom; nahar
dead	olü; mürdey	meyyit
dear (in cost)	pahalu	ghali
deep	derin	'amiq
die	öl–	mat
difficult	müshkil; güj	mushkil; sa'b
dig	qaz-; hafr et-	hafar
dinner	yemek; ta'am	ghada
dirty	kirli	wesikh
dish	tabaq ; qab	tabaq
district	sanjaq; qaza	markaz
do	et-	'amal
don't!	mey	la
doctor	hekim; tabib	hakim
dog	zaghar; tazi	kelp
donkey	eshek; khar	hamar
door	qapu; bab	bab
down	asha ·	taht
drain	laghim	masraf
dress, a	ruba; üstbash	libs
drink, to	ich-	shereb
drive, to	git-	saq
drop (let fall)	damla-	waqqa'
duck	ördek	batta
dust	toz	turab
	A STATE OF THE STA	

HINDUSTANI ARABIC (E.) PERSIAN and'era mudlim mud'lim tarikh tarikh tarikh beti dukhtar bint prab'at sahar fijr din; roz yom; nahar ruz mar-gaya meyyit murd ma'anga ghali giran gahra darad amiq mirmar-jamat; tawaffa mushkil; sa'b mushkil; sakht moshkil; sakht khodhafar kanghada; 'asha sham khana maila wesikh kasif rikabi ma'un zarf zila nahiya shahrestan karkunsawwa mat -o: la na mat karo hakim; doktor doktor hakim; tabib kelp kutta sag gad'a hamar; zamal khar bab dar darwaza pa'in niche taht; hadr nali ab dar-raw mejra; saqia libs rakht poshaq; kapre shereb khor-; nushipichalasaq rangira denezzel chakani urdak batak besh toz; 'ajaj mitti gard

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
each	her bir	kull
east	sharq	sharq
easy	rahat; qoley	sehl
eat	ye-	akal
egg	beyza	beda
eight	sekiz	tamanya
eleven	on bir	hidashar
empty	khali	farigh
end	uj; son	nehaya; akhir
enemy	düshman;	'adu
	khasim	
enough	kyafi	bes
enter	gir-; dakhil ol	– dakhal
envelop	zarf	zarf
evening	akhsham	maghrib
explain	izah et-	fesser
extinguish	utfa et-	taffa
extra	fazla	ziada
eye	göz	'ain
face	yüz; chehrey	wajh
fall, to	düsh-	weqe'
family	khandaan	'ela
fan	yelpaze	marwaha
•	J	

far dur; uzaq be'id farmer renjber fallah fasten balarabat fat (stout) father semiz semin peder ab; walid fear, to qorq-ziyafet; id khaf feast 'id

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI	
kull	har	har; ek ek	
sharq	mashriq	mashriq; purab	
sehl; heyyin	sahl	asan	
akal	khur-	kha-	
beda	tukhm	anda	
tamanya	hasht	at'	
hidashar	yazda	gyara	
khali	khali	khali	
nehaya	khatima; sar	khatm; sira; akhir	
'adu	doshman;	dushman	
	khasim		
bes; kafi	bas; kafi	bas; khafi	
dakhal	dakhil shau-	andar ja-	
d'arf	lifafa	lifafa	
mesa	sham	sham	
fesser	hali kun-	samja-	
taffa	khamush kun-	buja-	
zayid	foghaladey	faltu	
'ain	chashm	ankh	
wajh	surat; ru	chihra	
weqe'; tah	uft-	gir-	
'ela	ayal	balbach'e	
maheffa	bad bi-zan	pank'a	
be'id	dur	dur	
fallah	fallahi; zari	kisan	
rabat; shedd	band-	band-	
semin	gunda	mota	
ab; walid	pidar; valid	bap	
khaf	tarsi–	dar-	
'id; diyafa	id; mihmani	mihmani	
CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE			

# ENGLISH

feed, to female fence fetch fever few field fight, to find, to finger finish fire first fish five flag flat flood floor flour flower fly, a fog fold, to follow food foot for (prep.) foreigner forest forget

### TURKISH

besleydishi; madey siper getirhümma az; qalil sahra; tarla qavgha etbulparmaq bitiratesh ilk; birinji baliq besh bairaq düz; yassi sel; tufan döshemey un chichek sinek duman qatlataqib etyem; yeyejek pa; qadem ichin ejnebi orman

### ARABIC (W.)

wakkil nitaya zarbiya gab sakhuna qalil get taharab leqa sub' khallas nar awwel semeka khamsa beraq mibattat gharaq ard tehin zahra debana dabab tabbaq teba' ta'am; ekl qadam; rigl 'alashan; li egnabi ghaba nesi

unut-

ARABIC (E.) PERSIAN HINDUSTANI khuranikhilata'm nitya zan; madey aurat: aurat kadivara siyaj jangla jab 12arsakhuna tah bukar; tap qalil kam; t'ore kam mazra'a: medan zera'at khet; maidan taharab; ta'arak jang kunlarlega; wajad vabpata lagasub'a; usbu' angusht ungli khat'm karkhallas : kemmel tamam kunatash ag nar pa'la awwel avva1 semeka mahi machli panch khamsa panj bairag i'anda berag 'adil musattah hamwar sailah sailab zod ard zamin farsh tehin ard atta phul warad gul magas makhi debana kohra dabab mih tah karta kuntawa teba' pushti-sar ravpich'a karkhurak khana ta'am; ekl gadam; riil paon pa li ejel; khatir -ke lie baraye ghair-mulkwala khareji ejnabi ghaba jangal jangal faramush kunb'ulnesi

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
fork	chatal	shoka
fort	qala	qal'a
four	dört	arba'a
friend	dost	sahib
from	-den	min
front, in	ön	muqdim
fruit	meyvey	fakha
fry	tavada pishir	qala
fuel	kömür	ĥatab
garden	baghchey	ginena; baghcha
gate	qapu	bauwaba
gather	topla-	jema'
gentleman	effendi	efendi ; khawaga
get	al-	gab
girl	qiz	bint
give	ver-	idda
glass (drinking)	bardaq	kubbaya
glass (looking)	ayna	miraya .
glove	eldivan	guwanti
goat	kechi	tes
go	git-	rah; mesh
good	eyi; ala	tayyib
goods	eshya; mal	buda'a
god	allah	allah; ilah
gold	altun	deheb
government	hükümeti	hukuma
gown	fistan; ruba	fustan
grain	daney	habba
grass	ot	hashish
grave, a	qabr	qabr
	-Q	

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
chingal	changal	kanta
jil'a	qala	qila
arba'a	chahar	char
sadiq	dust	dost
min; 'an	az	-se
qadam	jilau–i	-ke samne
fakha	mivah	meva; phal
qala	sorkh kun-	tal-
hatab	hizam	jalne ki chiz
	200	
baghcha; bustan		bagh; baghicha
bab	bab	phatak
jema'	jama kun-	jama kar-
efendi; khawaja		sahib
hassal	yab-	la-
bint	dukhtar	larki
a'ta	dih-	de-
kubbaya; glass	istikan	glass
aina; miraya	ayina	aina
keff	dast-kash	dastana
tes; 'anza	buz	bakri
rah; mesh	rau-	ja-
tayyib; zen	khub	ach'a
amwal	asbab; kala	saman
allah	allah	khuda; allah
deheb	zar	sona
hukuma	daulat	sarkar; hukumat
fustan	lebas	jubba
ta'am	dana	dana
hashish	'alaf	ghas
qabr	qabar	qabar

#### ARABIC (W.) ENGLISH TURKISH dihn grease yagh azim; böyük kebir great veshil akhdar green selam versalem 'ala greet ard ground yer; arsa grow böyünema guest müsafir def guide rehber dalil bunduqiya gun tüfeng hair sha'ra sach; qil half yarim; nim nuss hand el yed; id handkerchief mendil mendil handle sap; qabzey yed; id 01happen jara sa'adetli sa'id happy hat shapqa burneta he huwa head bash; ser; res ras dinle-ishithear seme' qalb galb; dil heart firdevs; sema heaven sema aghir teqil heavy hedge chit zarbiya farkha hen tavuq

hena

tel; gebel

'ali

kera

-11

bura

yüksek

depey

kirala-

onun

here

high

hire, to

hill

his

dihn
kebir; ad'im
akhdar
salem 'ala
ard
nema
def
dalil; museyyir

gris; dihn
buzurg
sabz
salam dihzam; zamin
ruymihman
rahbar
tofang

charbi bara hara salam dezamin ugmihman ra'numa banduq

bal

ad'a

sha'ra nus'f yed; id mendil; kefiya yed; id jara; sar sa'id; masrur shefqa; qapus huwa ras seme' qalb sema teqil siyaj dujaja hena 'ali tel; jebel kera

-11

mu nim dast dastmal dastgirey shau-; bashkhush-vaqt kulah in sar shinaydil firdaus sangin kharband makiyan inja buland; ali tappah kiraya gir-

hat' rumal karri; handal hokhush topi wuh sir sundil firdaus; bihisht b'ari i'arbandi murghi y'han; id'r uncha pahari kiraye par leuska

-esh

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
home	ev; vatan	bet
home, at	evdey	istaqbil
honest	emin; sadiq	amin; sadiq
honey	bal; mikh; asal	
hope, to	ümmid et-	it'assim
horse	esb; at	husan
hospital	khastakhane	isbitalya
hot	sijaq	harr
hotel	khan	loqanda
hour	sa'at	sa'a
house	ev; beyt	beyt
how?	nijey	kef
how much?	ne'qadar	kam
hundred, a	yüz	mia
hunt, to	avla-	ed
hurt, to	injit-	aza
husband	qoja	goz
hut	qulübe	'issa
$\mathbf{I}$	ben	ana
if	eyer	law
ill	meriz; hasta	marid'
immediately	o sa'at	halan
important	muhim	muhim
ink	mürekkeb	hebr
inn	khan	khan
insect	böjek	hashara
interpreter	müterjim	turguman
into	-e Î	fi
iron	demir	hadid

# ARABIC (E.) bet fil bet amin; sadiq 'asal te-emmel husan khastakhana harr loqanda sa'a beyt kef sh'qadr mia ed 'awwar zoj ; rejul sarifa

PERSIAN	
khana	
khana	
amin	
asal; mikh	
ummid dar-	
asb	
marizkhana	
garm	
mihman-kha	na
sa'at	
khana; mana	zel
che taur	
chi-qadr; chi	anc
sau	
shikar kun-	
zakhm kun-	

ımandar
shahd
umed kar-
g'ora
aspital
garm
hotel; sarai
g'anta
makan
kis tarah
kitna
sau; ek sau
shikar kar-
nuqsan kar-
khawind
basti
main
agar
bimar

HINDUSTANI

ghar

ghar men

ana		
law; id		
marid';	khas	ta
halan;	bis s	a'
muhim		
hebr		
khan		
baqq		
turjuma	n	
fi		
hadid		

bande
agar
mariz; nakho
fauran
lazim
murakkab
sarai;
mihmankhana
hashrat
tarjuman
tu; dar
ahin
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shauhar kulba

> osh l ek dam; fauran zaruri siahi sarai

kira tarjuman -men loha

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
	dir	
1S		
is not	deyil'dir	gozira
island	jezire	gezira huwa
it	0	nuwa
jewel	jevahir	gohara
journey	seyahat	sefer
judge, a	qadi; hakim	qad'i
jug	desti	briq
jump, to	sichra-	natt
juice	su	'asir
J		
kettle	gügüm	abriq
key	miftah	miftah
kick, to	tep-	refes
kill	öldür–	qatal
kind (amiable)	tatli	safuq
kind (sort) .	jins	gins
king	q'ral; padishah	melek
kitchen	ashkhane; matbakh	matbakh
knife	bichaq	sikkina
know, to	bil-	dere; 'eref
lady	hanim	hanim; sitt
lake	göl	buhera
lamb	quzu	kharuf
lamp -	lamba	lamba; qandil
land	qara	ard; mulk
lane	yol	'atfa

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
<u> </u>	ast	hai; he
	nist	ne'hai
jezira	jazira	jazira
huwa	an; in	wuh
johara	javahir	jawahir
sefer	safar	safar
qad'i	ghazi	insaf
briq; jak	kuze	kuza
tafar	jastan kun-	kud–
'asir	shira; ab	
asii	sima, ab	ras
kidr	ketri	kitli
miftah	kalid	chabi
refes	lagad zan-	lat mar-
qatal	kush-	mar dal-
latif	az rahi lutf	mihrban
jins	jur; gune	qism
melek	shah; padshah	raja; badishah
matbakh	ashpaz-khana	bawarchi-khana
sikkina	kard	ch'uri
dere ; 'eref	dan-; shinas-	
uere, erer	dan-, siimas-	jan-; -ko malum ho-
khatun	khanom	begam; memsah'b
buhera	daryacha	j'il; talab
tali	barra	b'er ka bach'a
lampa	chiragh	batti
ard; mulk	zam; zamin	zamin
shari'	kucha	gali ; kucha
	2.	0 7

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W).
language	zeban; lisan	lisan
large	iri ; böyük	kebir
last	son	akhir
late	gej; sabiq	
laugh, to	gül–	mitakher
law	qanun ;	dehek
	shariyat	qanun
lawyer		
lead, to	vekili; avoqat	abukato
leaf	götür–	dall
learn	yapraq tahsil et–	warqa
leave		ta'allam
(of absence)	tatil	rukhsa
left (side)		
leg	sol	shemal
lend	bajaq	rigl
less	ödünj ver–	sallif
letter	az	aqall
lie down	mektub	maktub; khatt
and the same of th	yat-	raqad
lift, to	qaldir–	rafa'
light, a	nur	nur
light, to	yaq-	walla'
light (weight)	hafif	khafif
line	chizgi; khatt	khatt
listen	dinley-	istanat
little, a	bir az	shwaya
live	yasha-	'ash
lock	kilid	qifl
long (distance)	uzun	tawil
lose	yitir-	dayya
love	muhabbet	habb

ARABIC (E.) lisan kebir akhir mitakher

dahak qanun ; shar' PERSIAN

zeban buzurg akhir mu'attal; dir

qanun-dan

khandqanun HINDUSTANI

zaban bara se

pichla; akhiri

der se hans-

qanun; qaida

wakil da'wa qad

qad warqa ta'allam rukhsa barbarg yad gir-

murakh-khasi

vakil

rah batapatta sikhch'utti

shemal rijl

aqrad' aqall maktub; khatt

nam rafa'; shal

nur sha'al khafif

khatt; satr istema'

shweya; qalil seken; 'ash qifl

tawil deyya habb chap saq

qarz dihkam kaghaz

khwabi– buland kun–

chiragh rushan kunkhafif

khatt gush dih– kami

zi– gufl

daraz; boland gum kun-

dust dar-

baen tang

qarz dekam chitt'i

letut'aroshni jala-

halka lakir sun– t'ora

ji–; rah– tala lamba

gum karpiyar kar-

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
low	alchaq	wati

madam hanim; madama sitt; madama

yap-; imal et-'amal make insan; adam insan; ragil man ketir choq many kharta kharta map market pazar suq nikyah marriage gawaz effendi; agha sid master hasir hasira mat kibrit kibrit match farsha minder mattress beni -ni; -i me lahm meat et medicine deva dawa rastgellaqa meet meeting ijtima igtima' tamirsallah mend merchant tajir tajir nuss el lel midnight geje yarusu halib milk siid minute daqiqa daqiqa mistake khata ghilit fulus agjey money gird monkey maimun month shahr; mah shahr gamer; mah qamr moon ziadey ezyed; aktar more sabah subh; sabah morning

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
nasi	pa'in	nicha
sitt	khanom	begam;
Site		•
sawwa	saz-	memsahib
rejil; adami	mard	bana-; kar- admi
ketir; wajid	khaili	ba'ut
kharita		
	naqsha	naqsha
suq	bazar	bazar
'urs	'arusi	shadi
ra'is	arbab	malik; sah'b
hasira	burya	chatai
kibrit	kibrit	kari; machis
doshek	dushak	gadela
-ni ; -i	-am	mujh(e)
lahm	gusht	gosht
dawa	dava	dawa
laqa; ijtema	mulaqat kun-	-se mil-
ijtima'	majlis	jalus
sallah	durust kun-	maramat kar-
tajir	tajir	saudagar
nuss el lel	nim-shab	ad'i rat
halib	shir	dud'
daqiqa	daqiqa	minit
ghelet	estebah	galti
fulus	pul	paisa
shadi	buzinah	bandar
shahr	mah	ma'ina
qamr	mah	chand
ezyed; aktar	bishtar	ziada; aur
subh; sabah	subh	subah
Januari , Gallari	GUUII	Supan

		(manga (mg)
ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
mosque	jami; mesjid	gami; masgid
most	en ziadey	el ekter
mother	mader; ana	umm
motor-car	otomobil	tambil
mountain	jebel	gebel
mouth	aghiz; dihan	fumm
move, to	qimildan-	harrak
Mr.	-effendi	khawaga
Mrs.	-hanim	sitt
much	choq	ketir
mud	chamur	tin
mule	qatir	baghl
music	musiqa	muziqa
my ,	benim	-i
nail (iron)	ekser; mikh	musmar
name	ad; isim; nam	ism
narrow	dar	dayyiq
nation	millet; ummet	umma
near	yaqin	qarib
nearly	heman	taqriban
necessary	lazim	lazm; daruri
needle	iyney	ibra
never	hich; asla	ebeden
new	yeni; jedid	gedid
news	khaber	khabr
newspaper	gazeta	garida
next	yandaki	tani
night	gejey	lel
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		and the second of the second o
ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
jami; masjid	masjid	masjid
el ekter; ezyed		sab se-
umm; walida	madar	man
tambil	otomobil	motor-gari; gari
jebel	kuh	pahar
halq; fah	dahan	munh
harrak	harakat kun-	chal-
khawaga	agha-yi-	-sah'b
sitt	khanom-i-	-sah'ba
ketir	khaili	ba'ut
tin; wahl	gel	mitti
baghl	qatir	khach'ar
muziqa	musiqan	baja
-i	-am	mer'
bismar	mikh	mekh
ism	ism; nam	nam
dayyiq	tang	tang
umma	daulat; kashvar	
qarib	qarib; nazdik	nazdik
taqriban	taqriban	taqriban;
	Fig. 1	qarib-qarib
lazm; daruri	lazem	zaruri
ibra	suzan	sui
abadan	hich; hargiz na	kab'i na'in
jedid	nau	naya
khabr	khabar	khabar
jarida	ruznama;	akhbar
	akhbar	
tani: thumma	avanda	aola

tani ; thumma ayanda agla lel shab rat

	ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
	nine	doquz	tis'a
	no	khair; hich	ma; la
	noon	öylen	duhr
	north	shimal	shimal
	nose	burun	manakhir
	not	deyil	la; ma; mush
	nothing	hich	la she; mafish
			haga
	now	shimdi; elan	dilwaqt; alan
	number	sayi; aded	'add
	o'clock	sa'at	es sa'a
	of	-in	-; min
	office	idarekhane	diwan
	officer	zabiti; mamur	dabit; mamur
	often	ekseriya	marrat kitira
	oil	yagh	zet
	O.K. (all right)		tayyib; zen
	old	esgi	qadim; 'aguz
	on	-de	'ala
	once	bir kerrey	marra
	one	bir	wahid
	only	salt; anjaq	bes; faqat
	open	achiq	maftuh
188	or	ya	aw
	orange	portugal;	burtugana;
		narenj	naringa
	order, to	emr et-	amar
	other	akher; diger	akhar
	our	bizim	-na
	out	dishari	barra
		CISHAI I	Datta

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
tis'a	nuh	nau
lakhair; ma; la		na'in; ney
duhr	zuhr	do pahar
shimal	shamal	shimal
khashm	demagh	nak
la; ma; mush		na'in; ney
	hich na	kuch na'in
alan; hessa	hala	ab'i
'add	numra	tadad; nam'r
es sa'a	sa'at-i	baje
	-i	-ka ; -ki
idara	idareh	daft'r; ofis
dabit; mamur	afsar	afsar; sardar
wajid; kathir		aksar; ba'ut dafa
gaz; dihn	raughan	tel
tayyib; zen	khaili khub	t'ik 'e; ach'a
kabir; 'atiq	kuhna	purana; bud'a
'ala	bar; ru	-par
marra	yak dafa	ek dafa
wahid	yak	ek
	faqat	sirf; k'ali
maftuh	baz	khola
aw; yo	ya .	ya
portugala	narangi	narangi
amar	hukm kun-	hukm de-
alahan	diman	dirane

amar akhar –na barra hukm kundigar –a man birun

hukm dedusra hamar' bahar

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W).
pack up	sar-	hazam
pain	aghri; sizi	waga'
paper	kisd	waraq
path	yol; tariq	sikka
pay, to	öde-	dafa'
peace	musaleha	sulh; salam
pen	qalem	qalem
pencil	qurshun qalem	qal'm rasas
people	millet; qavm	nas
pepper	biber	filfil
perfume	rayiha	'etr
person	shakhs; adem	shakhs
picture	tasvir; resim	sura
pig	donuz	khanzir
pillow	yastiq	makhadda
pin	toplu	dabbus
pineapple	ananas	ananas
pipe	chibuq	shubuk
place	yer	makan; mahall
plain (ground)	ova	sahl
plant, a	fidan	nabat
plate	tabaq; qab	sahn
play, to	oyna-	le'eb
pocket	jeb	geb
poisonous	zehir	musim
policeman	polis	'askari bolis
pond	göl; havuz	birka
pony	midilli	sisi
porter	hammal	hammal
possess	malik ol-	melek

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
lemm	band-	band kar-
waja'	dard	dard
kaghid	kaghaz	kagaz
sikka	rah	pagdandi
wafa	pul dih-	talab de-;
		paisa de-
sulh; salam	sulah; salam	sulah; aram
qalem	qalam	qalam
qal'm rasas	madad	pensil
nas; shali	mardum	log
filfil	filfil	mirch
'etr	etr	khushbu
shakhs	shakhs	shakhs
sura; resm	taswir	taswir
khanzir	khenzir	suar
makhadda	balish	takiya
debbus	sanjaq	tachni
ananas	ananas	ananas
sabil	chupuq	huqa; nali
makan; mahall	, ,	jagah
chol; barriya	medan; dasht	maidan
nabat	rustani	pauda
sahn	bushqab	rikabi
la'ab	bazi–	khel-
jeb	jib	jeb
musim	zahrdar	zahrila
'askari bolis	azhan; pazban	poliswala
birka	hauz	johar; talab
sisi	yabu	tattu
hammal	hammal	kuli; hammal
malek	dar	(see note)

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
post office	postahane	maktab bosta
pot	chanaq; qab	qidr
potato	patates	batatsa
pour	dök–	kabb
prayer	niyaz; rija	salwa
present, to be	bulun-	hidir
price	qimet; fiyat	taman; qima
priest	keshish; papas	qassis
prince	bey; shahzadey	emir; saltan
prisoner	esir; mahbes	mahbus
profession	san'at	iqrar
pull	chek-	garr
punish	mujazat et-	qasas
purse	kesey	kis
put	qo-; vaz et-	hatt
quarter	rub	rub'
question	sival	suwal
quick	tez; chapuq	sari'
rabbit	tavshan	arnab
rain	yaghmur	matr
raisins	chamish	zabib
rat	gerel	far
railway	demir-yol	sikka hadid
raw	chi	ni
razor	ustura	mus
read, to	oqu-	qara
ready	hazir	hadir
receipt	maqbuz	wasl
red	qirmizi	ahmar

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
bostakhana	post-khana	dak-khana
jidr; hibb	dik	bartan; lota
bateta	sib-i-zamini	alu
sabb	riz-	dal-
sala	namaz	namaz; puja
had'ar	tashrif dar-	hazir ho-
qima; si'r	qimat	qimat
qass	pir; murshid	mulla; pujari
amir; saltan	amir; shahzada	raja; maharaja
mahbus; asir	dastgir; pisha	qaidi
wadifa	estekhdam	pesha
jarr	kash-	khench-
qasas	saza dih-	saza de-
kis	kisah	t'aili; kis
hatt	nih-; guzar-	rakh-
rub'	rub	nao

rub' suwal sari'; khafif rub so'al zud pao sawal jaldi; tez

arnab
matr
zabib
juredi
sikka hadid; rel
ni
mus
qara
hadir
wasl
ahmar

khargush barish kishmish mush relwey kham tigh khanhazir rasid sorkh khargosh barish kishmish chuha rel kach'a ustura par'taiyar rasid lal

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
relation	agriba	qarib
remember	der khatir et-	itzakkar
remove	qaldir-	shal
repair, to	tamir et-	sallah
reply, to	jevab ver-	gawab
rescue, to	qurtar-	khallas
rest (repose)	rahat	raha
return (go back)	dön-	rigi
rice (raw)	pirinj	ruzz; shileb
rice (cooked)	pilav	ruzz; timen
rich	zengin	ghani
ride, to	bin-	rekeb
rifle	tüfeng	bunduqiya
right (side)	sagh taraf	yamin
right (correct)	haq; doghru	sahih
ripe	olmush	mustawi
rise, to	qalq-; yuksel-	qam
river	irmaq; nehr	nahr
road	yol; saddey	sikka; tariq
roof	dam	sat'
room	oda	oda
rope	ip; halat	habl
rotten	chürük	mi'affin
rough	qaba	khashm
rug	kechey; kilim	sagada; zuliya
run	qosh-	giri
sack	chuval	kis
safe	emin; salim	emin; salim
salt	tuz	melh
same	zat	zat
sand	qum	raml

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
qarib	khish	rishtadar
tedekker	yad dar-	yad kar-
shal	bar-	leja-
'ammar	durust kun-	maramat kar-
jawab	jawab kun-	jawab de-
khallas	khalas kun-	bacha-
raha	aram	aram
rejey	bar-gard-	wapas ja-
shileb	birinj	chawal
timen	birinj; pilau	b'at
ghani; zengin	ghani	amir
rekeb	savar kun-	sowar kar-
tufka; matli	tofang	raif'l; banduq
yamin	rast	da'ina
munasib; taman	durust	t'ik; durust
mustawi	rasida	pakka
qam; sa'ad	pa-shau-	ut'-
nahr; shatt	rud-khana	darya
tariq; darb	rah	rasta
sat'	bam	ch'atri
gubba; ghurfa	utaq	kamra
habl	tanab	rassi
fasid	pusida	sara hua; k'rab
khashm	zebr	khurdura; kach'a
sajada; zuliya	qalicha	dari; qalicha
reked'	dav-	daur-
goniya	guni	bori ; guni
amin; salim	iman	salamat
melh	namak	nimak
zat	hamin	ek jaisa
raml	rig	ret
D	-39	

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
sandals	sandal	na'al
sauce	salcha	marqa
savage	yabani; vahshi	mitwahish
say	de-	qal
scissors	maqas	maqas
school	mekteb	medresa; mekteb
screen	perdey	sitara
screw	vida	barrima
sea	deniz	bahr
seat	yer	matrah
second	ikinji	tani
see	gör–	shaf
seek	ara-	dawwar ala
sell	sat-	ba'
send	gönder-	ba'at
seven	yedi	seb'a
several	bir qach	ketir
sew	dik-	khayyat
shallow	sigh	mush gawit
shave, to	trash et-	meyyen
shawl	shal	shal
sheep	qoyun	ghanama
she	o ·	hiya
sheet	charshaf	farkh
ship	gemi	markab
shirt	gömlek	qamis
shoe	gundura	markub

shoe shoot, to shop

qundura at-; vur-dukkian; maghaza

darab dukan

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
na'al	give	champal; chapli
marqa; sas	chashni	chatni
wahshi	vahshi	jangli
qal	gu-	bol-; kah-
maqas	qaichi	qainchi
maktab; medresa	madrasa	madrassa; skul
hajiz	parda	parda; chiq
burghi	pich	pech; skru
bahr	bahr; darya	samundar
kursi; skamli	ja	chauki; kursi
tani	duvum	dusra
shaf	bin-	dek-
dawwar ala	ju-	talash kar-
ba'	farush-	bech-
ba'at	firist-	b'ej-
seb'a	haft	sat'
ketir; 'adid	chand	ba'ut; chand
khayyat	duz-	si-
gesh; ma qalil	kam amiq	ch'ichla; t'ora
meyyen	tarashi-	hajamat bana-
shal	shal	shal
ghanama; kebsh	gusfand	b'er
hiya	in; an	wuh
charchafm	chadar	chadar
warqa		
		jahaz
qamis	pirahan	kamis
qandara		juti
rama	tir andaz	goli mar-
dukan	dukan	dukan

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
short	qisa	qasir
shoulder	umuz	qitf
shout, to	bar-	sah
show, to	baqit-	beyyen; shawaf
side	janib; taraf	ganib
sign	alamet; nishan	'alama
sign, to	imzala-	emda
silk	ipek	harir
silver	gümüsh	fedda
since	beri	min waqt
sir	effendi	effendim
sister	hemshirey	ukht
sit	otur–	qa'ad
six	alti	sitta
skin	deri	giled
skirt	etek	tanura
sky	gök yüzü	sema
sleep, to	uyu-	nam
slow	aghir; bati	mitani; bati
small	küchük; saghir	sughair
smell, a	qoqu	riha; shemm
smoke	düman	dukhan
smoke, to	tüt-	sharab dukhan
snake	yilan	ti'ban
snow	qar	tel'g
SO	öyle	keda
soap	sabun	sabun
socks	chorab	shurab
soft	yumshaq	na'im
soil	pislik	ard; turab

ARABIC (E.) PERSIAN HINDUSTANI qasir kutah ch'ota; kami shanah qitf kand'a seyah kunsah chillabeyyen; rawa dikhanamaianib pahlu kinara; taraf alama nishan nishan emda emza kundastkhat karharir; ibrisam abrishami fedda nugra min; madam chun effendim agha nkht hemshire; khahar qa'ad nishinshish sitta iiled pust daman tanura sema aseman khabnam ahista thaqil; bati sughair kuchik riha: shemm bu dukhan dokhan sharab titen kashihayya mar tel'i barf hakeda antor

sabun

iawarib

leyyin

ard; turab

resham chandi -se sah'b bahin bait'ch'e khal daman asman soa'ista ch'ota bu d'uan (tambaqu) pisanp barf aisa sabun moze narm mitti

sabun

jurab

narm

khak

ENGLI	SH
soldie	r
some	1
somet	hing
somet	imes
son	
song	
soon	
sorry	
cort	

south speak

# sort soup ekshi sour

# spectacles spend spices spoon spring, a stable stairs stamp (postal) stand, to star starch start, to station, police station, railway stay, to steal

# TURKISH asker; nefer bir qach bir she ba'zi defa oghul türkü; mani bir azdan mükedder soi; dürlü chorba

jenub; qibley
qonush-
güzlik
sarf et-;
kharja
baharat
qashiq
punar; bahar
tavla
merdiven
pul
dur-
yildiz; sitare
qola
yola chiq-
meuqi
istasyon
qal-; otur-
chal-

ARABIC	(w.)
'askari	
ba'd	
she	
fi ba'd	el ahyan
ibn	
ginwa	
halan	
haznan	
gins	
shorba	

hamid	
ginub	
haka; tekel	em
manzar	
saraf	

baharat	
ma'laqa	
'ain	
tola; istabl	
salalim	
bul; tabi' bosta	L
qam	
negma	
nisha	
mesha; ibteda	
karakol	
mahatta	
baqa	
saraq : bakhira	

# arabic (E.) 'askari ba'd; she she; ferd she ba'd waqt ibn naghma; pesta bil 'ajel; halan mute-essif jins shorba

hamid jinub haka; tekelem mand'ara saraf

baharat
khashuga
'ain
tola
derej
bul
qam
nejma
nisha
mesha; ibteda
markaz polis
mahatta
baqa
saraq; baq

### PERSIAN

sarbaz qadri; chand chiz-i gah gah-i pisar; walad avaza zud mota-asef jur; gune shurva; ab-i-

gusht

junub guenak kharj kun-

talkh

adviya
qashuq
chasma
tavila
pilla
tamr
ist—
setara
nishasta
shuru kun—
kalantari
istgah
man—
duzd—

#### HINDUSTANI

sipa'i
kuch'
kuch na kuch'
kabi kabi
beta
git; gana
jald; jaldi se
afsos se
qism
shorva

khatta janub bol-; kahchashma kharch kar-

masala
chamcha
chashma
astbal
sirhi
tikat
khara hotara; istara
kalaf
shuru kart'ana
isteshan
rahchura-

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
steamer	vapor	markab bukhar
steel	chelik	bulad
stick	deynek	'ud
sting, a	iney	las'a
stocking	chorab	shurab
stomach	mi'de	mi'da
stone	tash	hagar
stop, to	dur	waqaf
storm	furtuna	zoba'a
story	hikiaya	hikaya
straight	doghru	elil gubal
stranger	gharib	gharib
street	soqaq; mahalle	sikka; shari'
strike, to	vur-	darab
string	ip; sijim	khait
strong	quvvetli	qawi
study, to	chalush-	deres
sugar	sheker	sukkar
summer	yaz	sef
sun	günesh	shems
supper	akhsham ta'ami	'asha
swamp	batqluq	mustanqa
swim	yüz–	am
table	sofra; masa	sufra; mez
tailor	terzi	khayyat
take away	al-; qaldir-	shall
take (hold of)	al-; zabt et-	misik
talk, to	laqirdi et-	haka
tank (reservoir)	sahrunj	hud; tanka

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
markab dukhan	kashti-yi-bukhar	jahaz
fulad	pulad	faulad
'asa	chub	lakri
las'a	nish	dank
jawarib	jurab	jurab
meda	shikam	pet
hajar	sang	pat'ar
waqaf	va ist-	rok-
fortona	tufan	tufan
hikaya	qissa	qissa
elil jubal	rast	sid'a
gharib	ajnabi	ajnabi
shari'; darb	kheyaban	rasta; gali
darab	zan-	mar-
khait; sutli	risman	d'aga
qawi	ghavi	mazbut
deres; tala'	amuz	ghaur kar; sikh-
sheker	shakkar	chini; shakkar
sef	tabistan	garmi (mausim)
shems	aftab	suraj
'asha	sham	rat ka khana
hor	mashila	daldal; j'il
sebeh	shena kun-	tair-

mez miz mez
khayyat khayyat derzi
wada bar- lejalezem; qad' gir- qabu kar-; le-

lezem; qad' gir- qabu haka gu-; bol-

guftugu kun-

hud; tanka hauz; daryacha talab

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
tea	chai	chai
teach	talim et-	allam
teacher	muallim; hoja	muallim
telegram	telegraf	telghraf
tell, to	söile-; de-	qal; khabbar
temple	heykel; ma'bed	hekal
ten	on	ash'ra
tent	chadir	khema
than	–dan	min
that	o; shu	ili; dikha
their	-lari; anlerin	-hum
then	sonra; badehu	waqtaha
there	ora	hinak
therefore	imdi	lid'alik
they	onlar	huma; hum
thick	qalin; siq	takhin
thief	khirsiz	harami; sariq
thin	injo	rafi'
thing	ish; shey	she; haga
think	düshün	ifteker
this	bu; shu	da
thousand	bin	elf
thread	tel; iplik	khait
three	üch	talata
throw, to	at	rama
ticket	bilet	teskera
tie, to	baghla-	rabat-
time	vaqit	waqt
tin	qalai; teneke 48	teneka

	ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
	chai	chai	chai; cha
	allam	dars dih-	sikha-
	muallim	muallam	ustad; guru;
			munshi
	teleghraf	talagraf	tar
	haka	gu-	bata-
	hekal	ma'bad	mandir;
	11CIA1	ma bad	gurdwara
	ash'ra	dah	das
	khema	khaima; chador	
	min		
	ili; had'ak el	az	-se wuh
	-hum	an –ishan	wun unka
	t'umma	pas	to
	hinak	anja	wahan
	lid'alik	ta	islie
	huma; hum	anha	wuh
	takhin; matin	kuluft	mota; ghana
	sariq; bawaq	dozd	chor
	raqiq; khafif	nazuk	patla
1	she; amr	amr; chiz	chiz; bat
	ifteker	khiyal kun-	khayal kar-
	hada	in	yih
	elf	hazar	hazar
	khait	risman	sut
	talata	si	tin
	rama; deb	andaz-	phenk-
	teskera	tikit	tikit
	rabat; shed	band-	band-
	waqt	vaqt	waqt
	teneka	ghuti	tin; daba

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
to	-e; -a	ila ; li
today	bu gün	en naharda
together	beraber	wiya ba'd
tomorrow	yarin	bukra
tonight	bu akhsham	el lela
too (much)	ziyade	bizyada
tooth	dish	sinn
torch	meshala	mash'al
touch, to	doqun-	lamas
towards	doghru	li gihet
towel	havli	beshkir
tower	kuley; burj	burg
town	shehir	belad
track	yol	sikka
trade, to	tijaret et-	tagar
train (railway)	demir yol qata	ıri qatr
translate, to	terjeme et-	targam
travel, to	seyahat et-	safar
traveller	seyah	musafir; sayih
tree	aghaj	shegera
tribe	qabile	qabila
trousers	don; shalvar	bantalon
true	doghru	sahih; haqiqi
try, to	chalish-	garrab
turban	sariq	imma
twelve	on iki	itnashar
twenty	yirmi	'ashrin
twice	iki def'a	marraten
two	iki	itnen

shemsiye 50 umbrella shemsiya

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
ila; li	bi	–ko
helyom	amruz	aj
wiya ba'd	hamra	ek sat'
bukra	farda	kal
el lela	amshab	aj ratko
zayid	khaili	ba'ut; ziada
sinn	dandan	dant
mash'al	mash'al	batti
jas	zan-	ch'u-; hat laga-
ila tar'f	bi taraf-i	–ki taraf
beshkir	dastmal	tauliya
burj	burj	burj; minar
belad	shahr	shahr
sikka	rah	pagdandi
tajar; bedel	tijarat kun-	beopar kar-
qatr; tren	ghetar	rail-gari
tarjam	tarjuma kun-	tarjuma kar-
safar	safar kun-	safar kar-
musafir	musafir	musafir
shejera	darakht	darakht
'ashira; qabila	il	qaum; jat
pantalon; sirwal		patlun; paijama
sahih; haqiqi	sahih; rast	sach
jarrab	kushish kun-	koshish kar-
im'ma; lefa	pagri	pagri
itnashar	duwazda	bara'
'ashrin	bist	bis
marraten	do dafa 1	do dafa
itnen	do	do
shemsiya	chatr	ch'atri
	51	12919

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
under	alt; dib	taht
understand	fehm et-	fehem
uniform	uniforma	kiswet et tasrifa
up	bala	foq
us	bizi	-na
useful	faideli	mufid
valley	dere	wadi
value	qimet	qima
vegetables	sebzevat	khadarat
veil	yashmaq	burqu
very	pek	ketir
village	köi	balad
visit, to	ziyaret et-	zar
wages	üjret; ailiq	shariya
wait, to	bekle-	istanna
wake, to	uyandir-	sahha
walk, to	yörü	meshi
wall	divar; hisar	hait; tof
want, to	iste-	'az
war	qavga; harb	harb
warm	sijaq	dafi
was	idi	kan; kunet
wash, to	yiqa-	ghasal
washerman	chamashurju	ghasala

watch (clock) watch, to watchman sa'at gözle– bekji sa'a gafar gafir

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
taht; hadr	zir-i	-ke niche
fehem	fahm;	samaj-
	multafit shau-	3
hudum resmiya	uniforma	wardi
foq	bala	upar
-na	-aman	hamko
mufid; nefa	mufid	kam ka
wadi	tang	wadi; dara
qima; temen	qimat	qimat; dam
khadarat	sabzi	sabzi
pushi	chador	burqa
ketir; kullish	khaili	ba'ut
qarya; koi	dih	gaon
zar	zeyarat kun-	mulaqat kar-
shariya; yomiya	mavajib	talab
istandar	sabr kun-	t'air-
wa'a	bidar kun-	jaga-; jag'ut-
meshi	piyada rau-	paidal ja-
hait; tof	diwar	diwar
rad; 'az	khah-	chah-; mang
harb	jang	jang; larai
dafi; fatir	garm	garm
kan; kunet	bud	t'a
ghasal	shur-	d'o-
ghasala	rakht-shur;	d'obi
	gazir	
sa'a	sa'at	g'ari
natar	negar kun-	nazar rakh-
natur	tofangchi	chaukidar
	The second secon	And the second s

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
water	su	maya
water, drinking	ichilir su	maya hilwa
way	yol	sikka; tariq
we	biz	ehna
weak	zayif; hafif	da'if
weapon	silah	silah
week	hafta	goma'
were	idiler	kanu
west	gharb	gharb
wet	islaq; yash	mablul
what?	ney	ey; esh
wheel	tekerlek; charkh	charkh; 'agala
when?	ne vaqit	lamma
where?	ney rey	fen
which?	han'gi	min
white	aq; beyaz	abyad
who?	kim	min
why?	ney ichin	ley
wide	enli; genish	'arid
wife	qari	mara;
		ginab el khatun
will (shall)	–jek–	_
wind (air)	yel; ruzgiar	hawa
window	penjerey	shibbak
wine	sharab	sharab; nibit
winter	qish	shita
wire	tel	silk; tel
with	-ley	ma; bi; wiya
without	-siz	bi dun
woman	qari	mara

ARABIC (E.)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
maya	ab	pani
maya hilwa	ab baraye	pine ka pani
tariq; darb	rah	rasta
ehna	ma	ham (log)
da'if	da'if	kamzor
silah	aslehe	hat'yar
joma'; usbu'	hafta	hafta
kanu	budand	t'e
gharb	maghrib	maghrib;
		pach'im
murtib; nedi	tar	b'iga
esh; shinu	chi	kya
charkh	charkh	pahiya; chakkar
yinta; metta	ke	kab
wen; en	kuja	k'han; kid'r
yahu; ya; e	kudam	kaunsa
abyad	safid	safed
min	ki	kaun
lesh	chira	kiswaste
'arid	pahn	chaura
harma; zoja;	zan	biwi; sat'i
jinab el khatun		
_	khahad	-ega
hawa	hawa; bad	hawa
shubbak	daricha	k'irki
sharab	sharab	sharab
shita	zamistan	sardi
tel; sim	sim	tar
ma; bi; wiya	ba	-se; -ke sath
bi dun; bila	bi-; baghair az	-ke bagair
mara; harma	zan	aurat

ENGLISH	TURKISH	ARABIC (W.)
wood word work (noun) workman worse  worship wound, a wrap up write wrong	aghaj; odun söz; kelam; lafz amel; ish ameley; ishji dah'a kötü; beter ibadet yara sar- yaz-; tahrir et- yanlish; khata	shughl sanayi arda abada; sala garh lef
year yellow yes yesterday you young your	yil; seney; sal sari evet; beli dün siz genj; dahil -iniz; sizin	sana asfar aiwa; na'am embareh enta sughair -ek; -kum

ARABIC (E)	PERSIAN	HINDUSTANI
khashab	chub	lakri
kelema	sokhan; lafz	lafz
shughl	kar	kam
sanayi arda	kargeramaley bad-tar	karigar ; mazdur ziada kh'rab
abada; sala	ibadat	ibadat; puja
jurh	zakhm	zakhm
lef	band-	band-; lapet-
keteb	navis	likh-
ghalat	ghalati	galat
sena	sal	sal; baras
asfar	zard	pila
ey; na'am	bale	ĥan
embareh; ems	diruz	kal
enta	shuma; ghorban	ap; tum
sughair	javan	jawan
-ek; -kum	-atan	apka; tumar'
and the second s		

#### TURKISH

#### Notes:

Pronunciation: The stress in most words is on the last syllable.

WORD ORDER: Verbs always take last place in a sentence. 'The' is omitted. 'A, an' is bir. A definite object always precedes the subject; thus 'you saw the man' becomes '(the) man you saw'.

PREPOSITIONS: As in English, these precede the noun; but 'of', 'in', 'with', 'from' and 'to' are translated by case-endings which are added to the noun; thus 'of the stone': tash-in; 'to the stone': tash-a; 'in the stone': tash-da; 'from the stone': tash-dan; 'with the stone': tash-ley.

VERBS: Add the following endings to the roots given in the word-lists to show tense, etc:

Root-in . . . command (e.g. 'Go!')
Root-yor-im . present ('I am going')
Root-r-im

Root-di-im . . past ('I went')
Root-ajak-im . future ('I will go')

Root-mish . . . past participle (e.g. 'eaten', 'beaten')

Root-mak . . infinitive ('to go,' to eat')
Root-n (or l)-im . passive ('I am beaten')

Root-abil-im . can (' I can go ')
Root-ame-im . can't (' I can't go ')
Root-mali-im . must (' I must go ')

The present tense of the verb 'to be' is as follows: 'I am': im. 'You are': sinez. 'He is,' she is,' or 'it is': dir (or dur). 'We are': iz. 'They are': dirler.

To form 'you go,' 'he goes,' 'we go,' 'they go,' etc., change im in the above list of endings to siniz, dir, iz, dirler.

There is no verb 'to have.' 'To have' is trans-

lated thus:

I have a (book): My a (book) there is: benim bir (kitab) var dir.

I have no (book): My a (book) not is: benim bir (kitab) yoq dir.

I have the (book): In me (book) is: benda (kitab) dir.

Plurals: Nouns form the plural by adding ler: kedi (cat), kediler (cats). Adjectives, as in English, do not change in the plural.

Forming Words: You can greatly increase your vocabulary by adding the following endings to words in the word-list:

-e (or el) -ja (or -je)	e.g.	qan (blood) beyaz (white)	qane (bleed) beyazja
−ji −jik		ekmek (bread) ev (house)	(whitish) ekmekji (baker) evjik
-le (or-len)		göz (eye)	(little house) gözle (to watch)

eyi (good)		eyilesh (to get better)
ry (place)		yerli
gün (day)	4	(local, native) günluk (daily)
para (cash)	•	parasiz (penniless)
	ry (place) gün (day)	ry (place) . gün (day) .

Many new verbs can also be formed by combining nouns or adjectives with the verbs et- (do, make), ol- (be), and olun- (become): thus azad (free): azad et- (liberate); hasta (ill): hasta ol- (to be ill). Most adjectives can be used as adverbs without

change.

## TURKISH

# Special List:

Albania	• )		, X	albann
Albanian				arnavud
Aleppo		• • • •		haleb
America	1900			ameriqa
American	Sr. 90	# . = . · ·		ameriqali
apple				elma
apricot				qayisi; zerdali
Ârab.			× -	arab
Arabia				arabistan
attack				hüjüm
battalion			211	tabur
battle				müdareba
and the second second second				

brigade .			liva
brigadier .			miri-liva
buffalo .			jamus; manda
Bulgarian .	. =		bulghar
cabbage .			lahana
cake			qurabiye
camel		•	jemel; üshtür
cannon .		•	top
captain .	•.	•	yuzbashi
caravan .		•	kervan; qafile
Caucasia .	•	•	qafqasiya
cherries .	•	•	kiraz
China .	•	•	chin
Chinese .	•	•-	chini
Christian .	•	•	khristyan; isave
Circassian .	•		cherkes
come! .	•	•	haide
colonel .			miralai; qaimaqam
company (mily.)	•		bölük
conquest .			fet'
Constantinople			istambol
Crete .	1	•	girid
Cyprus .	•	•	qubrus
Damascus .			sham
division (mily.)			firqa
Dutch .	2		filemeng
Egypt .			misir
England .			ingliz
English .			inglizi

Egypt England English

Europe	. avropa
European	. avropali
France	. fransiz
French	. fransizi
general (mily.) .	. sardar; feriq
German	. alman
God forbid! .	. mazallah
God forgive me!	. estaghfirullah
God is good! .	. allah kerim
good-bye	. hoshja qalin
grapes	. üzüm
holy (or Saint) .	. hazreti
Holy Prophet, The	. resulu ekrem
how long? (time)	. ne qadar vaqit?
I think (probably)	. allehem
ice-cream	. dondurma
if God wish .	. inshallah
India	. hindistan
Indian	. hind
it is (2) o'clock.	. sa'at (iki) dir
Italian	. talyan
Jerusalem	. qudus
Jewish	. yehudi
Kurdish	. kürd
let us go	. haiden
lieutenant	. mulazim evvel
사람이 되면 없다.[하다.]하다	62

(2nd-lieutenant:.	. mulazim sani)
lime, lemon .	. limon
loaf	. somun
Magyar	. majar
major (mily.) .	. binbashi
malaria	. isitma
meat, fried .	. qavurma
meat, roasted .	. qizartma
100	
never mind .	. ehemiyeti yoq
no good	. avara
no, thank you .	. ziade olsun
(it is too much)	
nut	. findiq
Palestine	. filistin
pardon	. afv
parrot	. papaghan
peace be with you!	. salamun alekum
(the usual greeting	g)
peach	. sheftali
pear	. armud
Persia	. iran
Persian	. irani; ajem; farisi
please	. lutfen; kerem et-
plum	. erik
pomegranate .	. nar
private (mily.) .	. nefer
Rumanian	
Russian : .	. rum
russiali	. mosgof

sirr; gizli secret sira chavushu sergeant Smyrna izmir Spanish ispanyol shekerleme sugar-plum Syria. suriya thank God elhamdullah thanks! eyvallah teshekur ederim; thank you . memnun treacle bekmez Tripoli tarablus Turkish turkiyali Turkey turkiya Turkish delight . logum welcome! . hosh geldiniz well done! aferin what's the matter? ne var? sa'at qach dir? what time is it? wheat (crushed) . yarma wolf .

women's quarters

### ARABIC

#### Notes :

Two forms of Arabic are given in the word-lists. Western Arabic is spoken in Egypt and northern Africa, Eastern Arabic in Syria, Iraq, and Arabia proper. There are, of course, numerous local variations in the many Arabic-speaking countries, but the main division of vocabulary and idiom is represented in the two forms given in this book.

Word order: In a simple sentence, the order is very similar to that of English. 'A, an' is omitted. 'The' is el; when el is followed by a word beginning with d, n, r, s, t, or z, the l is replaced by a corresponding letter; thus 'the man': er ragil (er rejil); 'the soap': es sabun. Adjectives come after nouns, and when a noun is preceded by 'the,' a second 'the' is inserted between the noun and the adjective; thus, 'the old book' becomes 'the book the old,' el kitab el qadim. El kitab qadim would mean 'the book is old'.

PREPOSITIONS: These come before the noun; when they end in a vowel and are followed by el, they merge into it; thus, 'in' is fi; 'in the' is 'fil'.

Plurals: Many nouns have irregular plurals which can only be learnt individually, but others form the plural by adding -in, -a or -(a)t. Adjectives form their plural by adding -in.

VERBS: Arabic verbs have no root in the strict sense. They show their different tenses and persons by changing internally as well as adding prefixes and suffixes. In the word-lists verbs are given in the accepted basic form, which is the third person singular of the past tense. The regular verb is conjugated thus:—

Basic form:

katab (he wrote)

Present:

I write aktib
you write tiktib
he writes yiktib
we write niktib
they write yiktibu(m)

The Future is shown by placing *rah* in front of the Present forms, or simply by the Present forms alone.

Past:

I wrote katabt
you wrote katabt
he wrote katab
we wrote katabna
they wrote katabu(m)

Imperative:

write! iktib

Participles:

writing katib
written maktub

Negative:

he did not write ma katabish or mush katab (ma . . . (i)sh and mush can also be used with pronouns; thus, ma lish ('not to me,' i.e. 'I don't have')

The verb 'to be' is generally omitted.

Many verbs conjugate irregularly, and these must be learnt individually.

Most passive participles, are used as nouns. Thus, maktub, means 'written' or 'a letter'.

### ARABIC

# Special List:

	WESTERN	EASTERN *
alabaster	marmar	
Alexandria .	iskandaria	
America .	amerika ; bilad el malakan	
American .	amrikan ; malakan	
apple	tiffaha	tuffaha
apricot	mishmisha .	mishmish
Arab (adjective)	'arabi ; 'arab	14
Arab (man) .	ibne 'arab	
Arab (horse) .	husan 'arab	
Arabia	bilad el 'arab	
Arabic	'arabi	
banana	moza	
battalion	orta	
battle	waqa	muharaba

<sup>\*</sup> Note: In this list the Eastern Arabic form is only given where it differs noticeably from the Western

	WESTERN	EASTERN
Bedouin .	badawi	
beer	bira	
beggar	shahat	mugeddi
cabbage .	kurumb	lahana
Cairo	masr	el qahira
caliph	khalifa	
camel	gamal	jemel
camel-driver .	gam'mal .	jam'mal
canal	tira	tura
captain	yuzbashi	yozbashi
caravan	karwan	
chess	shatrang .	satranj
China(-ese) .	es sin; sini .	sin; chin
Christ	el masih	
Christian .	nusrani	nasrani; masihi
colonel	miralai;	
	qaimaqam	
come here! .	ta'ala hina .	
company (mily.)	buluk	
Copt	qibti (plural:	
	iqbat)	
date (fruit) .	balah	
Damascus .	esh sham	
Damietta .	dumyat	
Delta, the	ed delta	
desert, a .	khala	chol; barr
dragoman .	turguman .	turjuman
Egypt	masr	
(Upper Egypt .	es sa'id)	
	68	

	WESTERN	EASTERN
Egyptian .	masri	
England	bilad el Ingliz	anglaterra
English	ingliz(i) .	anglez(i)
eunuch	khasi	-6(-)
Europe	bilad el efrang; uruba	uropa
European .	efrangi; rubawi	farnji; uropawi
fanatic	mit'assab .	muta'asib
fez cap	tarbush	
fig	tina	
flea	barghut .	barguth
French	fransawi	
Friday	yom eg'guma .	yom el juma
general (mily.)	qaid'am; mushir; fariq	
German	almani	allamani ; jarmani
Germany .	almanya	bilad el jarman; allamanya
Gibraltar .	gebel tariq .	jebel tariq
gipsy	ghagari	kawli
go away! .	imshi	
God be praised!	el hamdulillah	
God bless you!	allah yibarik fik	
God preserve you!	allah yisallimak	
God provide		
	allah yirzuqak	
(used to dismiss a		
	62	

	WESTERN	EASTERN
God willing!	insh'allah	
good-bye	salem aleykum;	sellem aleykum;
	ma'es salama	fi aman illah
good evening; good night	leyltak sa'ida	
grapes	'inab	'anab
Greece	bilad er rum	bilad el yonan
Greek	rumi ; egrigi	yonani
how are you?	izzeyak	kif el-hal
in the name of God!	bismillah	
Indian	bilad el hind	hindustan; el hind
Indian	hindi	
infidel	kafir	
Italian .	talyani	italiyani
Japan .	yaban	
Jerusalem .	el quds	
Jew	yahudi	
Koran, the .	el quran	
lemon	limun	
Levant	esh sharq	
	el aqrab	
lieutenant .	mulazim	
loaf	righif	samuna

	WESTERN	EASTERN
matter, it doesn't	ma'aleysh	
major (mily.)	binbashi	
matter,		
what's the	el khabar eh	esh aku
Mediterranean	el bahr el abyad	el bahr
		el mutawassit
minaret .	madna .	manara
Mohammedan,	muslim	
Moslem		
Moor	maghrabi	
Morocco .	marakish	
pardon	ef afw'	
peach	khokha	
peace be	MIOMIA	
with you!	salam aleykum	sellem aleykum
peasant	fallah	Schoil alcykulli
Persia	bilad el agam	bilad el ajem;
	2	iran .
Persian	agami	ajemi; irani;
		farsi
please	min fadlak .	min fadlek
Pharaoh	fara'un	
pilgrim	hagg	haji; zayir
piastre	qirsh	qursh
pound (20s.) .	gineh	pawn; lira
prophet	nabi; resul .	nebi; resul
pyramid .	haram	herem
regiment .	tabur	
	71	

		WESTERN	EASTERN
Rosetta .		rashid	
Russia .	•	bilad el miskof	rusia
Russian .	į	miskofi	rusi; muskofi
sacred .		muqaddas	
scarab .	•		111 <sup>2</sup> *0m
	•		ju'ran
scorpion	•	aqraba .	aqrab
sergeant .		shawish	chawush
slave .		abd	
sphinx .		abul hol	
Sudanese		sudani	
sultan .		sultan	
Syria .		esh sham	sham; suria
Syrian .	e 1	shami	suri
thank you	•	katar kherak	mimnun; muteshekker; ket'ter khairek
Tripoli .		trablis el gharb	
Turk(-ish)		turk(i)	turki; osmanli
Turkey	•	bilad et turk .	turkia
Turkey		bliau et turk .	turkia

### **PERSIAN**

#### Notes:

PRONUNCIATION: The stress in most words is on the last syllable.

Word Order: Verbs always take last place in a sentence. 'The' is omitted. 'A, an' is either yek, placed before a noun, or the ending -i added to it: thus, 'a book' can be yek kitab or kitab-i. Adjectives follow the nouns they belong to, and -i- is inserted between noun and adjective; thus, 'big book' kitab-i-buzurg. In translating a phrase including 'of', the English order is used; thus, 'the book of the child' is kitab-i-bacha. 'The child's big book' would be kitab-i-buzurg-i-bacha.

PREPOSITIONS: As in English, these precede the noun.

VERBS: The following prefixes and endings are added to the roots given in the word-lists to show tense, etc:—

be-Root-id . command (e.g. 'Go!')
mi-Root-am . present ('I am going')
Root-(i)d-am . past ('I went')
Root-(i)dan . infinitive ('to go')

The present tense of the verb 'to be' is as follows:—

'I am' am

'You are' id
'He is,' 'she is,' or 'it is' ast
'We are' im
'They are' and

To form 'you go,' 'we go,' 'they go' etc., change am in the list of endings given above to id, im, and. (Ast is not used as a verb ending; 'he goes,' 'he went' and similar forms are simply mi-Root, Root-(i)d). The future tense of verbs is identical with the present.

Plurals: Nouns form the plural by adding -ha. Adjectives, as in English, do not change in the plural.

FORMING WORDS: You can increase your vocabulary by adding the following endings to words in the word-lists:—

-a e.g. garm (hot) . garma (heat)
-ban bagh (garden) baghban (gardener)
-i khub (good) . khubi (goodness)
-i Isfahan . Isfahani (of Isfahan)
-in shir (milk) . shirin (sweet)
-istan gul (flower) . gulistan (garden)
-var umid (hope) . umidvar (hopeful)

Many new verbs can also be formed by combining nouns or adjectives with the verbs kun- (do, make) and shau- (become); thus safar kun- (make a journey, i.e. travel); kharab kun- (make bad, i.e. spoil, damage); kharab shau- (become bad, i.e. be spoilt). The passive of any verb can also be formed as follows: Root - (i)da followed by shau- with the appropriate ending.

Most adjectives and many nouns can be used as adverbs: thus, *zud* (quick, or quickly); *shab* (night, or: at night).

### **PERSIAN**

# Special List:

America . . . amrika
apple . . . sib
apricot . . . zardalu
Arab . . 'arab
Arabia . . . arabistan
artillery . . . topkhana
attack . . hamala

battalion . . . gerdan
be careful! . . khabar dar
beer . . . ab-i-jo
beard . . . rish
brigade . . . tip

camel . . . shutur captain . . . sarvan

Caspian Sea . . bahr-i-khazar Caucasus . . kuh-i-qaf ; qafqaz

cellar (used as a living-sardab room in hot weather)

cherry . . . gilas ; alubalu

China . . . chin
Christian . . . isavi
colonel . . . sarhang
company (mily.) . gerdan

date	khorma
date-spirit	araq
Egypt England English	mesr inglestan inglis
Europe	farangistan
European	farangi
excuse me	bebakhshid
fig France	anjir feransa
general (mily.)	sartip
Germany	almanya
good-bye	khuda hafiz
good-day	shadzi
grapes	angur
Greece	yunan
headman how long? (time) .	kadkhoda ta ke
I don't know	namidanam
if God wills	inshallah
(i.e. perhaps)	
in the name of God!	bismillah
India	hindustan
Iran	iran
Iranian	irani; farsi
It is (2) o'clock .	sa'at-i-(do) ast
jackal	shaghal 76

Japan .		4	zhapan
kerosene .	* •		naft
lemon .			limu
lieutenant.			setvan
lizard .			bozmaja
loaf .		•	nan
locust .	•		malakh
major (mily.)			sargerd
meat, roasted	on		kabab
	skew	ers	
meat, boiled v	with :	rice	pilao
melon .			ĥendovana
melon, water	. •		kharbuza
never mind	• -		eb nist
nightingale		. •	bulbul
n.c.o.	•		goruhban
nut .	•	1.	joz; fondogh
oil .	Prigo y	i je s	naft
	. 1	100	nanc
pace (20 ins.)	÷		ghadam
peace be with		!	salam alekum
the usua			
peach .			holu
pear .			golabi
Persia .			iran
Persian .			irani ; farsi
please .			be-farma-id
plum .			alu
himi.		1 5	
			77

pomegranate	anar
Russia	rusya
saint	pir
scorpion	agharb
shrine	ziyarat
sour milk, thickened	mast
spirit made from	araq
date-palm	
sheepskin coat	pustin
thank God!	elhamdullah
thank you	mamnun; motashakkar
Turkey	torkiya
vulture	kargas
water-pipe	qalyan
well done!	aferin; bakh bakh
what is the time? .	sa'at chand ast
what's the matter? .	in che chiz ast
wolf	gurg
women's quarters .	andarun

### HINDUSTANI

#### Notes:

PRONUNCIATION: When a consonant is followed by an apostrophe indicating a 'swallowed-sound,' this often indicates a very light aspirate, which in popular speech is generally omitted, or reduced to a mere catch in the voice.

WORD ORDER: The verb always comes at the end of a sentence. 'A, an,' and 'the' are omitted; but ek (one) is sometimes used where in English we would use 'a'. Adjectives precede nouns. Prepositions (properly called postpositions) follow the nouns they apply to, and in a phrase such as 'the brother of Krishna' the order is 'Krishna: of: brother' (Krishna ka b'ai); this corresponds to the English use of 'Krishna's brother.'

VERBS: Add the following suffixes to the roots given in the word-lists to show the various tenses:-

- Present (e.g. eats, is eating, am eating, are eating)
- -' or -a. Past (ate, was or were eating)
- -'g' . Future (will eat) -o . Command (eat!)
  -ie . Request (please eat)

'I am' is main hun; 'you are,' ap hain (less politely, tum ho); 'he, she or it is,' wuh hai (he); 'they are,' wuh hain.

WORD FORMING: Verbs can be formed from most nouns by adding the verb kar- (do, make); thus, safar (journey): safar kar- (travel).

Have: There is no equivalent verb for 'have' in Hindustani. 'Krishna has X' is expressed by 'X is near Krishna;' the Hindustani order being 'X: Krishna: near is': (X Krishna k' pas hai). When a pronoun is used in such a phrase, k' is omitted, and instead of 'I,' 'you,' 'he,' 'she,' 'we,' etc. the possessives 'my' 'your,' 'our,' etc. are used; thus, 'we have a dog' becomes 'dog: our: near (pas); is' (kutta hamar' pas hai).

### HINDUSTANI

## Special List:

alligator	• • •		mag'r
areca-nut			pan
attendant,	orderly	•	chaprassi

banana	kela
basil (plant)	tulsi
basin	chilamchi
be careful!	khabardar
betel-nut	(see areca)
bird similar to starling	maina
boatman	manji
brave	b'hadur
butler	abdar
butter, clarified .	g'i

camel .			unt
canal .	× - • • •	. •	nahr
canopy .			pandal
cantonment			ch'aoni
charm, sacr			
	formula (I	$\mathbf{I}$	mantra
China .			chin
cobbler .	× .	•	mochi
court, asser	nbly	•	darbar
crocodile .	•		mag'r
crown .	1.1	. 8	taj
curry .	• ×	•	tarkari
custom .			dastur
11			
deed, agree		•	sanad
deer (large)	•	•	sambur
doorkeeper	•	•	darwan
elephant .			hat'i
emperor .	•	•	badshah
England, th	e West	•	Dausnan
Diigianu, ui	Euro	ne	bilayat
England .	Laro	РC	inglistan
English .			angrezi
Diigiisii .		-	angicai
fair (religio	us) .		mela
fez cap .			tarbush
	e, river-fi	sh	hilsa
	ar to salm		mahsir
	cooked		
	small sp		kabab
pano	ake of u		
	rened bre		ch'patti
			8r

food: sweetened pancake	puri ; p'ratta
rice, meat, etc,	puir, p ratta
fried together sweets, confec-	pilao
tionery, etc. split peas, pulse,	halwa
lentils, etc.	d'al
gardener	mali
greetings:	salaam ;
	ram ram (H);
	namaste (H);
	salaam
	aleykum (M);
	sat s'ri
	akal (S)
gully, dry watercourse	nala
headman	lambardar
hermit	sanyasi (H)
India	hind; hindustan
it is (2) o'clock .	(do) baje he
jackal	shaghal
known	malum
know, I don't	malum ney
landing-place	g'at
landowner	zamindar
lemon, lime lemonade	nimbu
remonage	nimbu pani
	CV.

loin-cloth, draped low	d'oti (H)
mail, post made in India mango melon mendicant (religious) merchant molasses, coarse sugar monsoon, the rains morning tea	dak swadeshi am kharbuza sad'u (H); faqir (M) mahajan; bania gur barsat chota hazri
mosquito	mach'r
mosquito-net	mach'rdani
pilgrim	haji (M)
Persian	farsi; irani
pipe, for smoking through water pith (helmet) platform built as stand for hunter pony-trap precipice preacher	huqa sola (topi) machan tanga k'ad mulla; maulvi (M)
ranks:	
Viceroy's	
Commissioned	
Officers:	risaldar subadar jemadar
sergeant	havildar naik 83

regiment	paltan; risala (cavalry)
rogue	badmash
Russia(n)	rus(i)
saint	pir (M)
scullery-boy (originally	
torch-bearer) .	masalchi
self-government .	swaraj
servant	naukar
show, entertainment .	tamasha
staff, pole	lat'i
stone blockhouse .	sangar
strike, a	hartal
sweeper	mehtar
tanner	chamar
teacher (of law, religion	
etc.)	pandit (H);
	munshi, maulvi (M);
	guru (S & H)
thank you	mirbani; shukria
tiger	bag'
tip, alms	bakshish
titles:	
leader	sardar (S)
lion	singh (S & H)
lord	khan (M)
prince	rana; rao; rai (H)
trees:	
ficus indica	bar
(banyan)	
ficus religiosa	pipal
(peepul; bo)	
경영화 : 기계를 하다면 하다 내가 다른다.	84

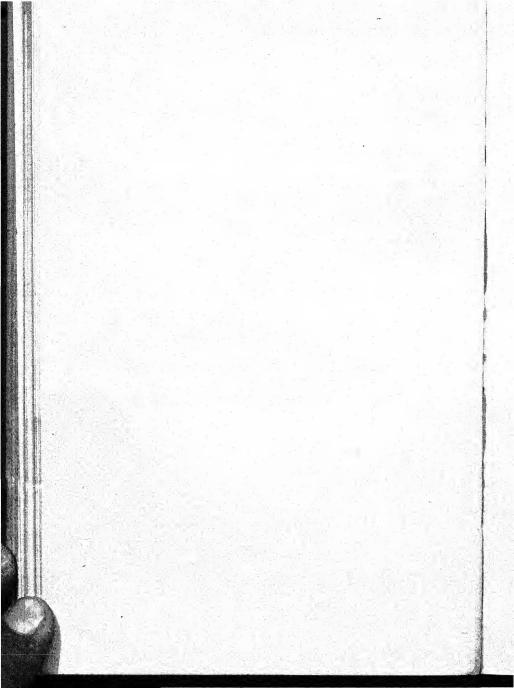
trees: azadirachta indica nim (neem)

trooper . . . sowar

veranda . . . baramda village council . . panchayat

water-man b'ishti water-skin chagal water-tank, portable pakal well done! shabash what's the matter? . kya bat he what's the time? . kitna baje he white man . gora wise man. mantri women's quarters zenana

Note: (H), (M), and (S) indicate words used by Hindus, Muslims and Sikhs respectively.



# Part Two

JAPANESE

CHINESE (MANDARIN)

CHINESE (CANTONESE)

SIAMESE

BURMESE

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
above	kami	shang-to
absent	rusu	bu dzai
accident	wazawai	shi-shan
address	shuku-sho	ju-jö
after		liau-ho
	nochi; go	
afternoon	hiru-sugi ; gogo	no ban dien
again	mata	dzai
age	toshi; nenrey	nien-ji
alive	ikite	hwaw
all	mina	do; van
all right	yoshi	hau-la
allow	yurus-	rang
alone	hitori	dan
also	mo; yahari	yeh
always	mai-do	jang jang
and	to	hö
angry	haratachi	shang chi
animal	dobutsu	chu shang
ant	ari	ma-i
anything	nan de mo	dung shi
are	(arimas'; des')	
arm	ude; te	go pey
army	rikugun	lu jün
around	gururi	go bien
arrangement	yakusoku;	ban va
	kimari	
arrive	chaku sur-	dau

kik-; tanom--ni

ask at wan ; yau dzai

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
tzoi-song	k'ang-bon	a-tet-ma
m'tzoi	mai-yu	ma-yauk
si pin	aksiden	pyit-chin
tey-po	ti-yu	ma-za-leyk
yi hau	k'ang-lang	nauk-ma
ha chau	weyla bai	mun-lwe
		a-cheyn
tzoi	ik ti	ta-pan
nin key	ayu	a-tĥet-a-yue
sang-tik	ahkat	a-that-shi-thaw
yat-chai	tang-mot	a-lon
ho	tok-long	kaung-ba-byi
chun	yawm	a-kwin pey
tok	dio	ko di
yik	duey	li
si si	samö	a-mye
tung	le	hnin
nau hey	krot	a-myet
kam sau	sat	tha
ma-ngai	mot	pa-yuet-seyt
yong yong	arai	ta-zon-ta-khu
	pen	pyit
sau pey	k'an	let-maung
lok kwan	kong tap	thu-ye-dat-su-ji
si wai	rawb	pat-le
pai lik	kan chat kan	thabaw-du-sa- jok
tau	tüng	yauk
man; man sün	tam; k'aw	mey; taung
tzoi	ti	ma; ni

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
back (noun)	ushiro; senaka	ho bey
bad	warui; aku	bu hau
bag	fukuro	ko tai
bandage	hotai	bu
barber	kami-yiu	di do va ta
basket	kago	kuang dzö
bath (tub)	furo-ba	pan
bathe	mizu wo abir-	shi dzau
bathroom	furo-ba	shi dzau wu
be	(ar-; ir-)	
beans	mame	do dzö
beautiful	uruwashii	hau kan
because	kara	yin wey
become	nar-	chang
bed	nedoko	chwang
bedroom	nema; nebeya	wo vang
before (time)	mai; -zen	chien to
begin	hajimer-	chi lai
behind	-no kage ni	ho to
bell	kane	ling dang
below	shimo	di shia
bench	seki	i dzö
best	mottomo ii	dzui hau
between	–no naka ni	dzai jung jien
big	okii; dai	da
bill (check)	kanjo	jing dan
bird	tori	niau ö
black	kuroi	hey
blacksmith	tekko	tieh jang
blanket	furanketto	jan dzö

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
pui	lang	chaw-gon
m'ho; ok	leo; chua	ma kaung; so
toi	ka-pao	lwe-ait
pong po	pa pan pla	chat-si-ya
fey fat lo	chang tat pom	satta-the
lam	ka-chat; ka-chao	thaung
chung löng pun	tang na	mwe-thi
sai san	ap nam	yey-cho
chung löng fong	hong nam	yey-cho-gan
	pen	pyit
tau	tua	pe
mey lai	ngam; suey	hla
yan wai	praw wa	jaung
sing	pen	pyit; pyit-lo-thi
chong	tiang	ka-din
fan fong	hong-nawn	eyk-ya-gan
yi chin	kawn	a-yin-ga
hoi sau	röm	a-sa-pyu
hau pin	k'ang lang	nauk-ma
chung	krading	si–li
ha tai	k'ang lang	auk-ma
chong tang	ma nang	thai-khun-shi
chui ho	di ti sut	a-kaung-son
kang ku chü	rawang	sat-cha-ma
tai	yai	chi; ji
chong muk	bill	sa-yin
chök	nok	nget
hak	dam	me
ta tit chong	chang lek	pa-be
chin	pa hom	saung

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
blood	chi	shieh
blue	aoi	lan
board	tana	ban dzö
boat	kobune	jwan
boil, to	wak-; nir-	ju
bone	hone	gu do
book	hon; shomotsu	shu
boot	kutau	shüeh dzö
born, to be	umare-	shang
box	hako	shiang dzö
boy	musuko	hai dzö
brass	shinchu	tung
bread	pan	mien bau
break, to	or-	ta paw
bribe, a	naimai	hui lu
brick	renga	jwan to
bridge	hashi	chiau
brother	_ ue	gaw gaw
brush, a	hoki	shwa dzö
build	tater-	gai
building, a	tatemono	vang wu
bullock	ushi	gung niu
burn, to	yak-	shau
bush	bara	dzau
business	gyo	shi
buy	ka-	mai
by	-ni	jin; dzai
call	yob-	jiau

CYTTATEON (O.)	GT LT CDGD	
CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
hüt	lüet	thwey
lam sik	si nam ngön;	
	si fa	а-руа
pan	kra-dan	pyin
sam-pan	rüa	tham-pan
kwan	tom	pyok-thi
kwat	kra duk	а-уо
sü	nang süa	sa-ok
hai	rong tao	but-p'nat
chut sai	köt	mwe-pwa-thi
siong	hib	thit-ta
nam tzi	dek pu chai	lu-galey
tung	tong lüang	chey-wa
min pau	k'anom pang	mon
ta lan	hak; tamtak	cho
fui kok	sin bon	a-ku-sa-thi
chün	it	ok
kiu	sapan	ta-da
hing tey	pi chai; nong chai	nyi
chat	prang	wet-min-bi
hey	sang; s'rang	sauk
uk	tük	a-saung
ngau	ngua; wua	na-ti
siu	pao	mi laung
chong lam	pum mai	chon
sang yi	ngan; kam	a-lok-a-kin
mai	sü	we
kan pey	döi	pyin
kiu	tam ha	kaw; laik

# ENGLISH camp can cannot candle cane carpenter carpet carriage cart cat catch, to cave ceiling chain chair change, to

check (bill)

chief

child

choose

church

ya'ey dekimas dekimasen rosoku tsue daiku shiki-mono basha basha neko tera'erana tenjo kusari isu kawarkanjo kashira ko erabkyokwaido

**JAPANESE** 

CHINESE (M.) ying pan de bu de la tang dzö mu jiang tan dzö che ma che mau jieh chiu dung dzö dien hwa ban saw lien dzö i dzö hwan jing dan torö hai dzö tiau jiau dang

cigarette
city
clean
clerk
climb
clock
cloth
clothes
cloud

maki-tabako
tokai
kirey
shoki
nobor—
tokey
kire
kimono
kumo

yen ju'ö chang gan jing shu ban dang gau piau bu i-shang yün

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
kwan ying	k'ai	sa-kan
nang	dai	nin
m'cho tak	mai dai	ma-nin-bu
lap chuk	tian	pa-yaung-ding
tang	mai; wai	dok
muk chiong	chang mai	let-tha-ma
te tzin	süa	kaw-zaw
che	rot	ya-ta
che	kwian	le
mau	meo	chaung
chuk	chap	pan-zi
san ngam	tam	ku
uk löng	pedan	myet-na-jet
ti lin	so	cho-ji
yi tang	kao	ka-la-ting
wun	plian	pyaung
chong muk	bill	sa-yin
tau	hua na	tik th'ji
sai man tzai	dek	ka-ley
kan	lüek ; luk	ywe-thi
lai pai tong	rong suat	thudamma- za-yat
yin	buri	sey-leyk
seng	müang; nakon	myo
ching key	sa'at	sin
si ma yün	samian	sa-yey
pan	pin	tet
chung	nalika	mat-tat na-yi
po	pa	tha-ga-lat
i-söng	süa pa	a-wut
wan	mek	mo-dey
	The second of th	

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
coat	uwagi	gwa dzö
cock	on-dori	gung ji
coffee	kohi	ga vey
cold	samui;	lang
	tsumetai	
collar	kara	ling dzö
comb	kushi	mu shu
come, to	kuk-; mair-	lai
concerning	-ni tsuite	go bien
cook, a	ryori–nin	chu dzö
cook, to	ryori sur-; tak-	ju
corner	kado; sumi	ji jiau ö
correct	honto	dui law
cost (noun)	ne dan	jia chien
cotton	momen	mien hwa
count	kazoer-	paw jüeh
country	shu; kuni	gwaw
courtyard	niwa	yuen dzö
cover, to	shimer-	gai shang
cow	ushi	mu niu
crowd	ozey	da cha
cup	wan	bey
cupboard	todana	wan ju
curtain	maku	jang dzö
cushion	makura	dien dzö
cut, to	kir-	la
daily	nichi nichi	tien tien
damage	kizu; itami	sun
dance, to	odor-	tiau wu
	and the second of the second o	

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
sam	süa	in-ji
kai kung	kai tua pu	chet-pa
ka fe	kafa	ka-pi
lang	nao	ey-jin
leng	plawk kaw	le-bat
saw	wi	bi
loi	ma	la
kwan yü	kio ka	sing yuey
choi tzi	k'on k'rua	o-thu-ji
chü	tam k'rua	chet
kok	mum; hua lio	daung
chök	tuk	hok
ka chin	kha	а-ро
min fa	fai ; samli	waw-jun
sün	nap	ywi
kwok	patet; pen din	chi-daw
ting cheng	suan	u-yin
kam	k'lum	ok
ngau	wua	nwa-ma
taw yin	mu; kawng	lu-su
pui	tuey	kwet
kwai	tu	thit-ta
lim	man	ka-la-ga
yu tzam	mawn	mi-on
kawt	tat	kok

yat yat sun sat tiu mo tuk wan kwan sia-hai ten ram ney-zin a-cho-pyet-chin ka

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
danger	kennon	shien
dark	kurai	va hey
date (day)	nichi	ji dzö
daughter	musume	gun yang
dawn	yo-ake	li ming
day	nichi	tien
dead	naku	sö law
dear (cost)	takai	guey.
deep	fukai	shan
die	naku nar-	wang
difficult	muzukashii	nan
dig	hor-	pau
dinner	hiru	wan van
dirty	kitanai	ang dzang
dish	ozara	pan dzö
district	kinjo	shien
do	sur-; nas-	dzaw
don't!	- inasanna	bey-
doctor	isha	i sheng
dog	inu	go
donkey	roba	Ĭü
door	to	man
down	sh'ta	shia
drain	umedoyu	go
dress, a	kimono ; ifuku	vu ran shan
drink, to	nom-	haw
drive, to	basha nor– 98	je vu
		The state of the s

SERRE LA

CHINESE (C.) SIAMESE BURMESE ngai him kwan antarai be ye hak müd; si-ke nyo vat tzi wan ti ney-zwe nöi butri thami ley ming mo-lin-za yam rung; rung chao yat wan ney; yet si they-bi tai kwai peng a-po-chi lük sam net si tai they vak ke nan k'ud wat tu man chan ahan yen mun-lwe-za sok kaprok wu cho nyit tip chan pa-gan-bya-ji tey fong tambon; changwat tik; ne cho pyu; lok tam pat yuya ma - neyi sang maw sey-sya; sey-thama kau sunak kwey löi la mye mun pratu ta-ga ha auk-tho long köi tam hai hang myaung yi sam krüang tang tua ga-ga-ya

yam cha che düm k'ap; lai thauk pyaw

ENGLISH	TIDINGG	~~~~~~~~~
	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
drop (let fall)	otos-	diau shia chü
duck	ahiru	ya dzö
dust	gomi	chan tu
each	zutsu; mai	mey
east	higashi	dung
easy	yasui; yo-i	jung i
eat	taber-	chi
egg	tamago	(ji) dan
eight	hachi; ya	ba (gaw)
eleven	ju-ichi ; ju-itto	shi i (gaw)
empty	kara	kung
end	sue; owari	wan; we
enemy	teki	cho ren
enough	takusan na ; buri	go
enter	(ha-)ir-	jin
envelope	jobukuro	vang tau ö
evening	ban	wan shang
explain	tok-	jiang
extinguish	kes-	mieh
extra	hijo	ja'i gö
eye	me	yen jing
face	kao	mien mau
fall, to	ochir-	shi wey
family	saishi	jia
fan	uchiwa	shan dzö
far	toi	yuan gaw
farmer	hyakusho	dien hu
	100	

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
lok ha	tam tok	lut
ap	pet	wumbe
cĥan	fun	pon
möi	tuk; la	-si
tung	tit t'wan awk	a-shey
yung yi	ngai	lwe
sik	kin	sa
tan	k'ai	chet u
pat	pat	shit
sap yat	sip et	se ta
hung	wang	lut-lat
mey; cho yün	plai; lao	a-son
tik yen	satru	yan-thu
chuk	paw lao	lauk; taw
yap	k'ao	win
son fung	sawng	sa-eyk
ai man	(weyla) yen	nya-ney
kai	atibai	pya
mit	dap	nying-thi
yü ngoi	piset	lun
ngan	ta	myet-si
men (min)	na	myet-na
tit lok	tok	cha
ka	krawb krua	a-myo-a-nwe
sin	pat	yat-taung
yün	klai	wey
nung fu	chao no	le-lok-thama

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
fasten	shimer-	gün
fat (stout)	futotta	vey
father	otosan ; gosompu	vu chin
fear, to	osorer-	pa
feast	matsuri ; gochiso	shi
feed, to	tabesaser-	wey
female	mesu	mu di
fence	hey	li ba
fetch	motte kur-	na lai
fever	netsu	jaw bing
few	sukunai	shau
field	hatake ; nohara	tien di
fight, to	tataka-	da jia
find, to	hiro-	dzau
finger	yubi	ji to
finish	sum-	wan
fire	hi	hwaw
first	dai ichi	to i gaw
fish	sakana; uwo	yü
five	go; itsu	wu gaw
flag	hata	chi dzö
flat	taira	ping
flood	de-midzu	sha shue
floor	yuka	di ban
flour	kona	bai mien
flower, a	hana	hwa
fly, a	hai	tsang ying
fog	kiri	wu

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
kau	mat	lon-chon
fey	au-en	tok
fu	bida; paw	а-реу
pa	klua	so-yeyn-jin
yin chan	ngan kin liang	
11.00	01	
wai	ha ahan	chwe
nöi sing	pu ying	meyn-ma
li pa	rua; kawk	win
ning	pai ao; song	yu-la
fat siu peng	kai	pya-na
siu	noi	ne
tin	rai; tung na	le-ya
ta kau	taw su	sit-tik-thi
wan	ha	twey
sau tsi	ni mü	let-chaung
cho yün	set	a-sa-that
faw	fai	mi
tai yet	ti nüng	pa-ta-ma
yü	pla	nga
ng'	ha	nga
key	tong	a-lan
peng	ban	pya
söi cham	nam tuam	yey-det
lau pan	pün	chan
min fan	pang sali	mon-nyet
fa	dok mai	pan
u ying	maleng wan	yin-gaung
en mo	mawk	nin .
A 100 - 100		

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
fold, to	or-	dieh
follow	tsug-	ho ben
food	tabemono; gohan	chi shi
foot	ashi	jiau
for (prep.)	no	gey
foreigner	gwaikoku-jin	wai gwaw ren
forest	hayashi	shu lin
forget	wasurer-	wang ji
fork	hoko	cha dzö
fort	shiro	bau dai
four	shi; yo(-tsu)	sö (gaw)
friend	tomodachi	pang yo
from	-kara	dzung; ju
front, in	saki	chen do
fruit	kudamono	gwaw dzö
fry	abur-	ja
fuel	nenryo	bi jai
garden	niwa	yüan dzö
gate	mon	man
gather	atsumar-	jau ji
gentleman	shinshi	jün
get	er-	de
girl	musume; onna no ko	nu hai ö
give	kurer-; okur-	gey; sung
glass (drinking)	koppu	baw li
glass (looking)	kagami	jing dzö
3,		, ,

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
chip	pap	khaut-thi
kan	tam	lik
sik mat	ahan	sa-zya
kiok	k'on ngo	chi
pey	samrap	bo
ngoi kwok yan	chao tang pratet	da brey tha
sü lam	pa; kanon; dong	taw
mong key	leyum	mey lyaw
cha	sawm	ka-yin
pau toi	pom (kai)	dok
si	si	ley
pang yau	puen	meyk-swey
yau	jak	ga
min chin	k'ang na	she
kwaw tzi	pon (-lamai)	thi
tzin	tawt	chaw-thi
yin liu	tan fai	chauk-mi-thwey
fa ün	suan	u-yin
mun	pratu	ta-ga
sau chap	kep	su-wey
sin sang	supara burut	th'kin
law	pai ao	ya
nöi tzai	dek pu ying	meyn-ka-ley
pey	hai	pey
paw le pöi	tuey keo	pan-ga-don
min keng	gra'chok	man

1

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
glove	tebukuro	sho tau
goat	yagi	shan yang
go	mair-	chü
god	tenshu; kami	shang di
gold	kin	jin
good	ii; yoi; yoshi	hau
goods	shina (-mono)	ho wu
government	seyfu	jang vu
gown	kimono	vu ran shan
grain	ko-mugi	liang shi
grass	shiba	tsau
grave	haka	van
grease	abura	yu
great	okii; dai	da
green	aoi; midori	lu
greet	keyrey sur-	dau shi
ground	tsuchi	di
grow	sodats-	jang
guest	kyaku	ko ren
guide	annai	ling lu di
gun	ho; teppo	chiang
hair	kami; ke	mau
half	hambun	i ban
hand	te	sho
handkerchief	hanafuki	sho bu
handle	e; te	sho pa
happen	arr-; okor-	chang
happy	shiawase	shi hwan
	106	

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
sau to	tung mü	let-sut
yöng	pa	seyt
höi	pai	thwa
söng tai	pra chau	pa-ya-th'kin
kam	tong	shwey
ho	di	kaung
faw mat	sin ka	pyit-se
ching fu	rataban	a-so-ya
ро	süa klum	ga-ga-ya
kuk	mlet; met kao	a-the-a-nan
cho	ya	myet-pin
fan mo	u mong;	thin-jin
	lum fang sop	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
yau	nam man	si
tai	yai	chi; ji
chang	si kio	seyn
fun ying	sadang kwam yindi	ma-ba-i-la
tey	din	myey
chöng tai	kün	to
hak	kak	a-ye-thi
höng to	kon nam tang	lan-bya
chöng	pün	yik-pat
fat	fom	sa-bin
yat pun	küng; krüng	ta-wet
sau	mü	let
sau kan	pa chet na	let-king-ba-wa
pang	ti chap	ta-zai
pong to	göt kün	mi
fai lok	sabai	chan-tha
	107	

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
hat	boshi	mau dzö
he	ano shto	ta
head	kubi; atama	nau dai
hear	kik-	ting
heart	shin	shin
heaven	ten	tien
heavy	omoi	jung
hedge	hey	li ba
hen	niwatori	mu ji
here	kochi; koko ni	ja li
high	takai	gau
hill	yama	shan
hire, to	karir-; yato-	gu
his	ano shto no	ta di
home	uchi; taku	jia
home, at	o taku de	dzai jia
honest	shojiki	shi chang
honey	mitsu	vang mi
hope, to	kibo sur-	bang wang
horse	uma	ma
hospital	byo-in	jün
hot	atsui	nwan haw
hotel	yado	geh yö
hour	jikan	i dien jung
house	uchi; taku; ie	vang dzö
how?	do	dzan maw
how much?	ikahodo; ikura	
hundred, a	hyaku	bai
hunt, to	rio sur-	jui
	708	

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CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
mo	müek	tho-ok-tok
köi	kau	thu
tau	hua	ok-kaung
teng	dai yin	cha
sam	hua chai	nit-lon
tin	sawan; fa	mo
chung	nak	ley
ley pa	rua; rua	si-dan
	ton mai	
kai na	ma kai	chet-ma
ni chü	ti ni	di-ma
ko	sung	myin
san	kao; pukao	taung
cho	hai chao	nga
köi	kong kau	thu
ka	ban; rüan	eyn
choi ka	tiban	eyn-nik
sing sat	sü trong	pyaung-mat
mat tong	nam püng	pya-yi
hey mong	wang	myaw-lin
ma	ma	myin
yi yün	rong p'yaban	thu-na-dan
yit	rawn	pu
löi tim	patakan; hoten	tamin-zing
tim chung	chua mong	na-yi
ok	ban; rüan	eyn; tik
tim yöng	tao rai	be ne
key to	tao rai	be lauk
yat pak	roi	t-ya
ta lit	la	lik
	700	

	The Way	
ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
hurt, to	itamer-	sun
husband	otto; teyshu	jang vu
hut	koya	dzau vang
1	wata(ku)shi	waw
if	naraba	jaw
ill	byoki	yu bing
immediately	jiki ; sugu	jan dzai
important	taishita	bi yau
ink	sumi	maw
inn	yado	lü gwan
insect	mushi	jung
interpreter	tsuben	tung i kwan
into	ye	li bien
iron	tetsu	tieh
is	(arimas'; da; des')	(shi)
is not	arimasen	pu (shi)
island	shima; jima	hai dau
it	are	ta
jewel	tama	sho shir
journey	ryoko; tabi	lü shing
judge, a	saiban-nin	tsai pan kwan
jug	yakan	gwan dzu
jump, to	tob-	tiau gwaw chü
juice	shiru; midzu	shui ö

kettle key kick, to kill

tetsubin kagi kerkoros-

shwe hu yau shi ti sha

CHINESE (C.) STAMESE BURMESE ta söng tam antarai na chi chong fu sami lin katawm pang eyn-gok chan ch'nok ngaw yök ta lyin peng puey na lap hak tanti ta ka di kan yu samkan ga-yu pyu-bwe mak mük min-yi hak chan hoten tamin-zing chong malang po-gaung fanyik yan lam sa-ga-byan löi nai de-tho tet lek than (hai) piu; mi m' (hai) mai piu ma- - -bu to ko chun ta mau to krüang pet po sak ta-za löi hang kan dön tang ka-yithwa fat kun popipaksa taya-thuii söi wu yüak ka-ya tiu kadot kon chap nam lok mai Si

wu saw si tek shat ka nam luk kunchai tae ka

yey-nwey-o thaw kan-the that

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
kind (amiable)	shinsetsu na	shan
kind (sort)	shina; shurui	yang dzö
king	0	gwaw hwang
kitchen	katte	chu vang
knife	hocho	shiau dau dzö
know, to	shir-;mitomer-	shau dö; ren dö
lady	fujin	tang kaw
lake	kosui	hu
lamb	kohitsuji	gau yang
lamp	rampu	tang
land	riku	di
lane	michi	hu tung ö
language	kotoba	hwa
large	okii	da
last	suye no	dzui ho
late	osoi	wan
laugh, to	wara-	shiau
law	kisoku; ho	va
lawyer	bengoshi	lü sör
lead, to	hik-	ling
leaf	ha	shu yeh dzö
learn	nara-	shüeh
leave (of absence)	itoma	gau jia
left (side)	hidari	dzaw
leg	ashi	tui
lend	kas-	chiö gey
less	motto sukunai	shau
letter	tegami	shin

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
yau sam	chai di	nu-nyan
yöng	yang	a-mye
wong	prachao	shin-ba-yin
	pandin	
chöi fong	hong kroa	ta-min-jet-yon
to	mud	da
chi to; shik	ru; ruchak;	thi
	trap	
nöi tzi	supap satri	th'kin-ma
wu	ta sap; baw	in
yöng tzai	luk ka	nye-tho
tang	takieng	mi-eyn
tey	ti din; bok	kon
hawng	krawk	lan
wa	pasa	pyaw-jin
tai	yai; to	chi-che; ji
chöi hau	ti sut	nauk-son
chi	sai	nauk-kya
siu	huaro	ye
fat löt	kot mai	ta-ya
löt si	tanai kwam	shey-ney
tai	nam (hna); song	
yip	bai (mai)	a-yuet
hok	rien	thin
ko ka	la pak	a-kwin
chaw sau	sai (mü)	let-we-bet
kiok	k'a	chi-dauk
tsia	yüm	chi
siu	noi kwa	tet
sön	chot mai	ma-za

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
lie down	fuser-	dang
lift, to	mochi-ager-	jü chi lai
light, a	akari	ji gwang ö
light, to	tak-	dien
light (weight)	karui ; usui	chen
line	suji	dau
listen	kik-	ting
little, a	shosho;	shau
	sukoshi	
live	ikir-; sum-	ju
lock	jomae	saw
long (distance)	nagai	chang
lose	ushina-	sun hai
love	aisur-	ai
low	hikui	ai
madam	okusama	dai dai
make	sur-	dzaw
man	otoko	ren
many	taksan	daw
map.	chizu	tu
market	ichi	shi
marriage	kon-in	shi shi
master	shu; danna	dung jia
mat	tatami	shi
match	machi	yang ho
mattress	futon	jwang dan
me	wata(ku)shi ni	waw
meat	niku	jo
medicine	kusuri	yau
meet	ni a-	shiang hui
	114	

CHINESE (C.) fan ta'i koi tang faw tim heng sin

teng

taw siu

STAMESE nawn long vok

daking chut fai bao siu fang ta noi

BURMESE

evk chi a-lin tun paw cho-ji na ne ne

sang chün saw chöng sit oi ta'i

yu kunchai yen; klai tam hai rak tam

a-thet shin thaw-eyn shey shon chit-chin neyn

kadaw

tai tai cho yan ho taw tey to kai si fan yan chü yan tsek faw chai söi yuk ngaw yuk vök kin

nang tam pu chai lai pan ti talat kan dang ngan nai hang siia mai kit fai tiang chan nüa ya pop

pyu yauk-ya mya mye bon zey let-tat-chin th'kin pya mi-jit mi-jey-ya ch'nok a-tha sey-wa twey-chon

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
meeting	kwai	hui
mend	naos-	jin bu
merchant	akindo; shonin	shang ren
midnight	yonaka	ban yeh
milk	chichi	niu nai
minute	fun	i van jang
mistake	chigai	tsaw law
money	kin; kane	chien
monkey	saru	ho dzö
month	getsu; tsuki	yüeh
moon	tsuki	yüeh
more	mo(-tto); nao	daw
morning	asa	dzau chi
mosque	kaikyo jiin	höi höi dang
most	ichi-ban	ding
mother	okkasan;	mu chin
	gobodo	and Cillia
motor-car	jidosha	ji jo
mountain	yama; -san	shan
mouth	kuchi	dzui
move, to	ugok-	dung
Mr.	san	shien sang
Mrs.	sama	dai dai
much	yohodo;	tai daw
	takusan	
mud	doro	ni
mule	raba	lo dzö
music	ongaku	yüeh
my	wata(ku)shi no	waw di
nail (iron)	kugi	ding dzö
		CILIZ CIZO

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	
kin min		BURMESE
	kan pop	twey-chon-thi
po	ka	pyin-zin
söng yan	k'on kai kong	sing-the
pun ye	weyla ting kün	tha-gaung
nai	nom; nam nom	na-no
fan	nati	minit
chaw	sing ti pit	a-mo
ngan	ngön	nwe
hau	ling	myauk
yüt	düan	la
yüt	prachau	la
taw	ik	on; the
cho san	(weyla) chao	ma-net
miu	wat; bost' kek	mosjid
taw so	ti sat	a-zon
mo chan	mama	a-mey
hey che	rot-yon	ma-taw ta-sa
san	(pu)kao	taung-ji
hau	pak	pa-zat
yuk	pai	shwey
sin sang	nai	kin-bya
fu yan	nang	th'kin-ma
ho taw	mak	mya-zua
nai	klon	
loi	la	shun
yam ngawk	pleng	mye
ngaw ke		bun
o 40	kong chan	ch'nok
teng	tapu	twe-at
	774	

ENGLISH	JAPANESE
name	na(-mai)
narrow	semai
nation	koku-jin
near	chikai
nearly	hotondo
necessary	iriyo
needle	hari; nuibari
never	itsu moen
new	shin; atarashii
news	shimbun
newspaper	shimbun (-shi)
next	tsugi
night	yo (-ru)
nine	ku; kokono (-ts)
no	iiye
noon	shogo; hiru
north	kita
nose	hana
not	-en; nai
nothing	nani moen
now	ima
number	kazu; su

ma(-mai)
semai
koku-jin
chikai
hotondo
iriyo
hari; nuibari
itsu moen
shin; atarashii
shimbun
shimbun (-shi)
tsugi
yo (-ru)
ku; kokono (-t
iiye
shogo; hiru
kita
hana
-en; nai
nani moen
ima
kazu; su
–ji

ja i go yeh jiu gaw bu jieh shang wu bey bi dzu bu; mey mey yu shien dzai dzö dien jung (-ti) jü wu gwan chang vu hau la lau

CHINESE (M.)

shing

gwaw jia

cha i dien

bi yau

lau bu

shin wan

shin wan bau

jai

jin

ian

shin

of office officer often oil O.K. (all right) old

o'clock

-no; teki jimusho shoko; shikwan voku abura yoshi furui

# CHINESE (C.) sing ming chak kwok ka kan chöng kan pit sui cham wing pat san san man po tsi key chi ye man kau m'hai an chau pak pey m' mo ye yin choi

SIAMESE	
chü	
kap	3
chati	
klai	
küap	
cham ma	
cham per	n
kem	
mailöi	
mai	
k'ao	
nangsü p	im
tat pai	
(weyla) la	ng ku
kao	
plaw	
(weyla) ti	ang
tit nüa	
chamük	
mai	
mai mi a	rai
dio ni; b	at ni
lek ti	

### a-myi pa pyi-thu ni lu ga-yu pyu-bwe at ta-ka-mya-ma thit thadin thadin sa a-ni-zon m nya ko ma-hok-pu mun-te myauk na-kaung ma ba mya ma ya-ku nam-bat na-yi (i)

BURMESE

tim chung
(ke)
pan kong sat
kun chöng
si söng
yau
ho
kau

so muk

mong; nalika k'ong ti tam ngan nai ta han boi boi nam-man tok-long kao

na-yi
(i)
yo-ne; ofis
sit-bo
a-kyeyn-jeyn
si
kaung-ba-byi
haung

#### ENGLISH

on
once
one
only
open
or
orange
order, to
other
our

#### **JAPANESE**

-no ue ni
ichi do
ichi; shto (-ts)
dake; tada
akerka
mikan
meyjir
ta
waga
kara

### CHINESE (M.)

shang to
i hui
i (gaw)
ji
kai chaw
hwaw
jü dzö
van vu
bieh
waw men di
chu

#### pack up pain paper path pay, to peace pen pencil people pepper perfume person picture pig pillow pin pineapple pipe place

tsumeritami kami michi uranraku pen empitsu jin kosho niwoi shto; nin; jin e buta makura hari ananas' kiseru toko (-ro)

iwang dang ji shiau lu gey chieh tai ping (i kwan) pi jien pi ren min hu jiau mir shiang wey ren hwa ö iu jan to bang jan bo lo mi yen dai di vang

chinese (c.)
choi
yat si
yat
tuk
hey
wak che
chang
ming ling

ngaw tey ke

pit

ngoi

bon
ti nung
nung
tao nan
pöt
rü
som
sang
ün
k'ong rao
nawk

a-paw-ma
ta-li
ta
tha
pwin
tho-ma-hok
leym-maw
a-meyn-pey
acha
do
a-pyin-ma

BURMESE

pau tung chi 10 fu waw peng mak söi pat yün pat yan wu chiu hiong söi yan söng; wa chü cham tau cham paw law yin tau tey fong

gep-k'ong puet gradat tang dön chai suk samran pakka pinsaw k'on pruk tai nam hom k'on rup mu mawn mut saparot klong (satan) ti

tok na-jin sa-yet-ywet chi-lan pey-sat-thi yan-gun kalaung ke-dan thu-mya nga-yok-kaung a-nan thu; lu jok-pon wet gaung-on twe-at na-nat sey-dan a-ya

ENGLISH

plain (ground)
plant, a
plate
play, to

play, to pocket poisonous policeman pond

pony porter possess

post office pot

potato pour prayer

present, to be

price priest prince

prisoner profession

pull punish purse

put

quarter question quick JAPANESE

maki-ba kusa; ueki

sara

hara-; asobkakushi

doku na junsi ike

ma ninsoku mots-

yubin-kyoku

hachi imo tsug-

inori sanka sur– ne (–dan)

senkyoshi kimi

horyo; shunin shokugyo

hik-

tsumi surkane-ire ok-

shibun no ichi gimon; mondai

hayai

CHINESE (M.)

su di shu yang pan dzö wan shwa do dzö du yau shün bu chö ma

gung ren yu vii chang ch

yü chang chü gwaw shan yau dau chu lai dau gau shi; dzai

jia chien ji su chün wong

jien fan hwaw

la :

ji dzui jien gia dzö gaw shia

sö fan ji i i wan kwai

CHINESE (C.) SIAMESE BURMESE ti rap peng tey kwin sü ton mai a-pin tip chan pa-gan-bya wan sa len ka-za toi ka pao eyk tuk pen pit a-seyt king chat tam ruat a-mu-dan tawng sa; nong in ma tsai ma krap myin kök fu kon kon kong kuli yau mi shi yau ching kuk titamkan prais'ni det-yon maw 0 haw lan sü man farang a-lu cham tey thun key to kam suat su-daung-thi tzoi yu pyit ka chin raka а-ро waw söng pra sa-ya tai tzi momchan min-tha fan yan nak tot a-kyin-tha chik yip ngan achip a-lok lai lak; düng swe-ngin che tsi long tot a-pyit-dan ho pau ka pao ngön tha-yey-eyk fong sai ta

se fun yat man fai sio kam tam reo

ta-zeyt a-mey lyin

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
rabbit	usagi	shan mau
rain	ame	yü
raisins	hoshi budo	pu to kan ö
rat	nezumi	ĥau dzö
railway	tetsudo	tieh dau
raw	nama	shang
razor	kami-sori	gwa lien dau
read, to	yom-; tokusho sur-	kan shu
ready	shitaku	hau law
receipt	uketori	sho chü
red	akai	hung
relation	shinrui	shüeh dzu
remember	oboer-	ji da
remove	ugokas-	naw
repair, to	naos-	shiu
reply, to	kotaer-	da bien
rescue, to	tas'ker-	jiu ji
rest (repose)	yasumu	shiu shi
return (go back)	kaer-	hui lai
rice (raw)	ine	dau dzö
rice (cooked)	han; meshi	mi van
rich	kanemochi	vu yu
ride, to	nor-	chi
rifle	shoju	lai vu jiang
right (side)	migi	yu sho
right (correct)	honto	dui law
ripe	jukush'ta	sho law
rise, to	agar-	chi lai
river	kawa	haw
road	michi	lu
roof	yane	vang ding

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
to	katai	thimbaw-yon
yü	fon	mo yua jin
po tai tzi	luk angun hang	sa-byit-thi-jauk
lo sü	nu	chuet
tit lo	rot fai	mi-y'ta lun
sang	dip	seyn
tai to	mit kon	thin-don
tuk	an	pat
yü pey	set	pyin-zin
sau tan	bai rap	pyey-za
hung	si deng	ni
chun chik	yat	a-myo
ke tak	jam	mat-mi
yi tung	yai	yu-thwa
sau ching	ka	pyin-zin
wö i	tawp	tu-j'yey
kau	chuey	ke-tin
on sit	nawn pak	eyk-pyaw
fan höi	klap pai	pyan-thwa
mai	k'au san	san; z'ba
fan	k'au suk	ta-min
yau chin	ruey	kyu-e-wa
ke	k'i	si
chöng	pün	yik-pat
yau sau	k'wa	let-ya-bet
ying koi	tuk	man
suk	suk	me
hey	(luk) k'ün	ta
haw	ma nam	myit
lo	tanon	lan
uk tang	lang k'a	a-mo

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
room	heya	wu dzö
rope	nawa	shang dzö
rotten	k'satta	vu bai law
rough	arai	ma ja
rug	ketto	jan dzö
run	hashir-	pau
sack	fukuro	ko dai
safe	daijobu	bau shien
salt	shio	bai yen
same	hito; do	tung
sand	suna	sha dzö
sandals	waraji; zori	tsau gwa da ö
sauce	kakeshiru; shoyu	dziang
savage	mugoi; yaban na	yeh
say	i-; mos-	shwaw
scissors	hasami	jien dzö
school	gakko	shueh shiau
screen	shoji	jang dzö
screw	neji	law sö ding
sea	umi	hai
seat	seki	dzo wey
second	dai ni	di ö
see	mir-	chiau
seek	sagas-	jau
sell	ur-	mai

nu-

asai

oku no

send

seven

several

shallow

sew

# CHINESE (C.) fong

sing sok wai hai tey chin pau

# SIAMESE

hong chüek nao kru kra from wing

#### BURMESE

a-kan cho-ji ma kaung kyan kaw-zaw pyey

toi tet kiu yim tung sa taw hai

chöng san fan kong (wa) kau chin hok tong lim law si hoi cho wai

key chat key yöng lün chin

tai i

cham

kin

mai

kasawp prawt fai klua müan gan sai; trai rong taw ta nam saws du klao

rong rien lap la sikru tale ma nang ti song du tio ha k'ai

tagrai

lai yep weyla tün

song

kwey-eyt lon-chon

sa a tu tu the chi-nin sa-me a-myet pyaw

kat-chi sa-thin-jaung ka-la-ga twe-at pin-le ka-la-ting du-ti-va myin sha yaung phot-thi

taw daw mya chok tain thi

ku-nit

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
shave, to	sor-	gwa lien
shawl	kesa	bey vang
sheep	hitsuji	yang
she	ano onna	ta
sheet	uwa-shiki	bey dan ö
ship	fune	chwan
shirt	shatsu	han shan
shoe	kutsu	shieh
shoot, to	ir-	vang
shop	mise	pu dzö
short	mijikai	twan
shoulder	kata	jien bang ö
shout, to	donar-	ku
show, to	miser-	jau gan gan
side	kata; ho	bien
sign	shirushi	dzö
sign, to	kimey sur-	ming
silk	kinu	sö
silver	gin	yin
since	irai	sung
sir	san	nin na
sister	ane	jieh jieh
sit	suwar-	dzaw
six	roku; mu	liu gaw
skin	hifu	pi
skirt	suso	jün dzö
sky	ten; sora	tien
sleep, to	ner-	shui
slow	osoi	man
small	chi'isai; semai	shiau
smell, a	nioi	wan i wan
		7.7

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
tai	kon nuet	san yeyk
pey fung	pa pan kaw	ta-bet
yöng	ka	tho
küi	k'au	thu (-ma)
pey tan	papu ti non	a-chut
sün	rüa ; kampan	thim-baw
chan sam	süa chöt	kambiza
hai	rong tao	chi-nin
ta	ying	th'nat pyit
tim	hang	sing
tün	san; tia	to
pawk tau	ba	pa-kon
ai	takon	kaw; laik
yü	s'dang	pya
pin	kang	na-bey
key ho	krüang mai	yok-pon
chim	kian chü	let-mat to
si	mai	po
ngan	ngön	ngwey
key yin	tang ta	nauk
sin sang	kra pom	bo-ji; kin-bya
chi mui	pi saw; nong saw	a-ma
chaw	nang	ting
luk	hok	chauk
pey	nang .	a-yey
kwan	sarong	lun-ji
tin	fa	mo kaung gin
süi	nawn	eyk-pyaw
man	cha	ney
siu	lek	nge; they
mey	klin	a-nan

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
smoke	kemuri	yen
smoke, to	nom-	chi yen
snake	hebi	chang chung
snow	yoki	shüeh
SO	SO	(i yang) di
soap	shabon	i dzö
socks	kutsu-sh'ta	wa dzö
soft	yawarakai	jwan
soil	tochi	di
soldier	gunjin; heysots'	bing ding
some	aru	shieh haw
something	nanzo	dung shi
sometimes	itsu ka	yo di shö ho
son	musuko	ö dzö
song	utau-mono	chang
soon	chikai uchi	kwai
sorry	kinodoku	gan
sort	shina	yang
soup	soppu	tang
sour	suppai	swan
south	minami	nan
speak	hanas-	shwaw
spectacles	megane	yen ching dzö
spend	tsuka	vey
spices	kosho	la'
spoon	saji	chi dzö
spring, a	izumi	jing
stable	maya	ma hau
stairs	hashigo	ti dzö
stamp (postal)		yu biau
stand, to	tats-	jan ju

CHINESE (C.) SIAMESE BURMESE vin kwan fai mi-go sik yin saup thauk se ngu mwey süt yesi hima mo-bwin kam yöng dang nan to-tho kan sabu sat-pya mat tung tau san chi-zut yün awn pyaw tey mai din myey ping ta-han sit-tha key bang t'cho yau mat kong bang yang t'zon t'ku yau si bang ti ta-ka chai but chai tha kaw pleng bun chöng kan reo-reo ni my ma-kya haw sik ser-chai seyt-pu jin yong kanat; yang a-myo tong kang chüt a-pyok-yi sün priu chin nam tit tai taung kong put SO ngan keng wan ta myet-man sai chin chai pey-sat-thi hiong liu krüang tet nga-yok-kaung chi kang chawn zun chün (nam) pu yey-san ma fong rong ma nwa-tin-gok lau tai gra dai ley-ga prais'ni yakawn yau piu t'zaka kaung

vat

vün

key

## ENGLISH star starch start, to station, police station, railway stay, to steal steamer steel stick sting, a stocking stomach stone stop, to storm story straight stranger street strike, to string strong study, to sugar summer sun supper

swamp swim

JAPANESE
hoshi
nori
hajimer-
keysatsusho
teyshaba
nokor-
uba-; nusum-
jokisen
hagane
tsue
hari
nagakutsu-sh'ta
hara
ishi
tomer-
arashi
hanashi
zutto
tanin
tori
buts-
ito
kitsui; jobu
manab-
sato
natsu
hi; taiyo
yumeshi
numa
oyog-

CHINESE (M.)
shing shing
dian
chi lai
ging ja gü
ho je jan
dzai
to
lwan jwan
gang
tang dzö
ku tung
wa dzö
du dzö
shi to
jan ju ba
bau vang
shau hwa
ji
kaw ren
jieh
da
shang dzö
yu jin ö
shüeh
tang
shia dien
tai yang
wan van
ni
vu shue

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
sing	dao	che
chiong fan	pang	si
hey tau	awk chak; röm	a-sa pyu
king chat kuk	rong pak; satani	dana
ho chet chan	satani rot fai	bu da yon
hit	yut yu	ney
tau	k'a moi	ko
faw sün	rüa fai	mi thim-baw
kong	lek	than-mani
sü kan	mai	dok
chi	lek nai tüa püng	kok
mat	tung tao yao	chi-zut-shey
to	tawng	baik
sak	hin	chauk
ting	yut	yat
tai fung	payu	mon-ding
ku	rüang	vi-thu
chik	trong	pyaung
ngoi hak yan	kon plak na	da byey tha
kai	tanon	eyn-dan-lan
ta	ti	kok
sin	chüek	cho-ji
köng	keng reng	sun-ma
hok	rien	thin
tong	nam tan	tha-ja
ha tin	na ron; rüdu ron	nwey-u-du
tai yöng	pra atit; dat	ney
man chan	ahan yen	nya-za
sap tey	nong; büng	seyn-myey
yau süi	wai nam	yey ku

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
table	tsukue	jaw dzö
tailor	shitateya	tsai veng
take away	tor-	ba
take (hold of)	tor-; nigir-	na
talk, to	henji sur-	shwaw
tank (reservoir)	midzutame	jö
tea	cha	cha
teach	oshier-	jiau
teacher	kyoju	giau shi
telegram	dempo	dien bau
tell, to	kikaser-	gau sö
temple	jinja; tera	sö; kwan
ten	ju; to; jippiki	shi (gaw)
tent	temmaku	jang bang
than	yeri	bi
that	are; sore	na gaw
their	ano sh'to no	ta men di
then	sono toki	ho lai
there	sochi; soko ni	na li
therefore	sore des kara	so yi
they	ano sh'to	ta men
thick	atsui	ho
thief	dorobo	dzey
thin	hosoi	bau
thing	mono	shu ching; tung shi
think	omo-	shiang
this	kore	ja gaw
thousand	sen	chien
thread	ito	shien
three	san; mi	san (gaw)
throw, to	nager-	jang `
	744	

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
toi	to	sa-bwe
choi fung	chang yep pa	a-chok-thama
law	rip; aw pai	yu-thwa
cha	chap; song	yu
kong	kui	pyaw; so
chi	kra pang; tang	
cha	nam cha	la-pet-yi; l'pey
kau	sawn	thin-cha
sin sang	kru	saya
tin po	(kam) tor'leyk	kyey-nan
kong	bok	pyaw
miu	wat	zey-di
sap	sip	ta se
chöng mok	k'ai	tai
pey	kwa	det
kawkaw	nan	to; ho
köi ke	k'ong k'au	thu-do
kaw si	leo	to a-ka-nik
kaw to	ti nun	ho-ma
so yi	fro chanan	to-jaung
köi tey	k'au	thu-do
hau	na	pyit; tok
chak	ka moi	tha-ko
pok	bang	pa
kin si; mat kin	kong; tu ra	а-уа
siong	kit	tin
ni ko	ni	thi
yat chin	pan	taung
sin	dai	chi
sam	sam	thon
pek	ting; yon	pit
K	135	
The state of the s		

ENGLISH	JAPANESE	CHINESE (M.)
ticket	kippu	biau dzö
tie, to	shibar-	jieh
time	toki; tabi	shi ho ö
tin	suzu	ma ko tieh
to	-ni	(key)
today	kyo	jin tien
together	kanete	dung
tomorrow	myonichi; ash'ta	ming tien
tonight	komban	gin wan
too (much)	amari; yokey	ding
tooth	ha	ya
torch	tai-matsu	(i jan) dang
touch, to	sawar-	ti
towards	ye	shang
towel	tonogui	sho gin
tower	yagura	ta
town	tokai	chang
track	michi	lu
trade, to	akina-	shang yeh
train (railway)	kisha	o je
translate, to	honyaku sur-	tung i
travel, to	ryoko sur-	lü shing
traveller	tabi-bito	yu li geh
tree	ki	shu
tribe	shuzoku	cha
trousers	zubon	ku dzö
true	shin	jan
try, to	mir-	shi i shi
turban	hachimaki	dau gan
twelve	ju ni (-tto)	shi ö (gaw)
twenty	ni ju	ö shi (gaw)

### CHINESE (C.) SIAMESE

piu tua pong kan fuk weyla si dibuk sek (to) su; ti kum yat wan ni vat chai pa kan ting yat prung ni kün ni kam man tai gönpai nga fan faw pa fai-chai; tai

mo ta
hiong pai su
min kan pa k'on
tap haw
seng müang; chiang

lo tang (pa)
tso sang yi k'a k'ai
faw che rot fai
fan-yik pla

löi hang tong tio; dön tang löi hak nak tong tio

sü ton mai
chuk chat
fu kang keng
chan ching
si long

tau kan muak kek sap yi sip-song yi sap yi-sip

#### BURMESE

let-mat
lon-chon
ka-la
than-byu
ko; tho; a
ya-ney
nin-a-tu
ma-net-pyan
ya-ku-nya
lun
thwa

let-neyk dam-mi ti to

ti to

let-thok-pa-wa

dok
myo
lan
yaung
ya-ta
pyan zo
ka-yi-thwa
da byey tha
chon

pyi-thu pyi-tha

baumbi man san

gaung-baung

se na na se

ENG	LI	SI
twic	e	
two		

JAPANESE nido ni; fta (-ts); fu

CHINESE (M.) liang bien liang; ö

umbrella under understand uniform up us useful

kasa
-no shita ni
wakagumpuku
uye ni
watashi domo
choho

san shia shau dö hau i shang bien waw men yu yung

valley value vegetables veil very village visit, to

tani
atai
yasai
kinu-katsugi
yohodo; taiso
sato; mura
homon sur-

shan gu gwey jung di dzai su lien dzö han; ding tsun jwang ö bai

wages
wait, to
wake, to
walk, to
wall
want, to
war
warm
was
wash, to
washerman
watch (clock)

kyukin
matsme ga samerarukkabe
nozomikusa; senso
attakai
deshta
arasentaku-ya
tokey

gung chien
dang
shing law
dzo
chiang
yau
jan jang
nwan haw
la
shi
shi i-shang ti
biau

CHINESE (C.)	SIAMESE	BURMESE
liong bai	song ti	na
liong; yi	song	na
che	rom	ti-let
ha tai	tai	auk-ma
ming	k'ao chai	na-le
chai fuk	krüang bab	sin du
söng ko	k'ün	a-paw-tho
ngaw	tey rao	do-go
yau yung	pen prayot	a-thon-win
san kak	hup k'au	ching
ga chin	k'a	а-ро
choi	pak	hin-yuet
lim	pa klum na	myet-na-pon
kek chi	mak	te
hiong chün	(mu) ban; tambon	ywa
tam	pai yiam	twei
kung chin	ngön duan	nwe
tang	raw	ney
ching seng	pluk	no
lo hang	dön	thwa
chiong	kampang	ta-ding
oi	tong kan	chin
ching	song-kram	sit
nün	un	nwey; ik
hai	dai (pen)	-de; -pyi
sai	sak; lang	sey
sai yi yan	k'on sak pa	ka-wa-the
piu	na-lika	na-yi-gwet
	740	

# ENGLISH watch, to watchman water water, drinking way we weak weapon week were west wet what? wheel when? where? which? white who? why? wide wife will (shall) wind (air) window wine winter

wire

with

without

woman

J122 112 122/22
mamor-
bampey
mizu
nomi-mizu
tori
watashi-domo
yowai
bu-ki
shukan
deshta
nishi
shimeppoi
dore; nani
kuruma; wa
itsu
dochi
dono; dore
shiroi
dare
naze
hiroi
nyobo; okusar
-u desho
kaze
mado
budo-shu
fuyu
tesen
-de ;-to
naku
onna
140

**JAPANESE** 

CHINESE (M.) gwan gan man di shue hö di shue dau; lu waw men me yö chin jün giai i li bai la shi shi law shan maw lun dzö daw dzan na li na gaw bai shui haw gu kwan vu ren yau vang chwang hu jiu dung tien die sö gen; na wu nü ren

CHINESE (C.) chöng hon sau yan söi van ke söi ngaw tey vök ley hey lai pai hai sai sap mat ye lön ke si pin chu pin yöng pak pin kaw tim kai fat fu yan oi fung chöng mun tsau tung tin tung sin kung mo nui yan

SIAMESE hen; du k'on yam nam; tuk nam kin tang rau awn a awut atit; sa pa da dai (pen) tit t'wan tok piek arai law mürai ti nai an nai si kao k'rai tam mai kwang panyara cha lom na tang lao angun na nao; rüdu nao saung-u-du luet duey mai mi pu ying

BURMESE zaung ta ga zaung yey thauk-vev lan ch'nok do a-ne len-net a-bat -de; -pyi a-nauk SO ba sat-they be daw le be le be thin pyu be thu ba jaung le kye ma-ya me ley-tik-chin pa-din-bauk sa-byit-yi cho-ji nin ma-shi-be meyn-ma

# english wood word work (noun) workman worse worship wound, a wrap up write

year yellow yes yesterday you young your

wrong

# JAPANESE

ki
kotoba
gyo; hataraki
shokunin
motto warui
rey-hai
kega
tsutsumkak(er)warui

nen ; toshi ki-iroi hey kino ; sakujitsu anata wakai anata no

# CHINESE (M.)

mu to
dzö
hwaw; gung
gung ren
gang bu hau
bai
shang ko
bau chi lai
shieh
tsaw law

nien hwang shi di dzaw tien ni nien ching ni ti

#### CHINESE (C.) SIAMESE

muk mai wa kam kung fu ngan si fu k'on tam ngan kan wai leo kwa pai bucha söng pla pau pan

se kien m'chok pit

nin pi
wong si lüang
hai krap
tsawk yat müa wan ni
ney tan; k'un
nün num; dek
ney ke k'ong tan

#### BURMESE

dok
sa
a-lok
tha ma
tha yuey so
su-daung
a-na a-sa
tok
yey-tha
ma man; ma-lwe

nit
wa
ho'ba
ma-ney
kin-bya
a-thet nge
maung-min

## **JAPANESE**

#### Notes:

WORD ORDER: 'The' and 'a, an' are omitted. Prepositions (properly called postpositions) follow the words to which they refer. Adjectives precede nouns. Pronouns are often omitted. The verb always comes at the end of each sentence.

VERBS: Add the following endings to the roots given in the word-list to show tense, etc:—

Root-imas' . . present (e.g. 'I am going')

Root-imasen . negative ('I am not going')

Root-imasho going ')

Root-imasho future ('I will go')

Root-imasumai . negative future ('I won't

Root-imash'ta . past ('I went')

Root-imasen-deshta negative past ('I didn't

Root-inasai. . command ('Go!')

Root-anaide-i-i . negative command

o-Root-ikudasai ('don't go!')
o-root-ikudasai request ('please go')

o-Root-ikudasaimas'na negative request ('please don't go')

Verbs do not change to indicate different persons;

thus, 'he goes' can only be distinguished from 'they go' by the context.

Plurals: Nouns and adjectives do not change to indicate the plural.

NUMERATIVE PARTICLES: When a number is used with a noun, a numerative particle (similar to the word 'piece' in the Pidgin English phrase 'one piece house') must be used. The commonest particles are:

ka or ko . for almost any noun

hai . . for cupfuls, glassfuls, etc. hiki . . for animals, fish, etc.

ken . . for buildings mey or nin for people for documents

The order is: noun, number, particle. Thus, one soldier 'becomes 'soldier one person' (heyshi ichi-mey).

OTHER PARTICLES: These play an important part in the make-up of colloquial Japanese. commonest are:

. indicates the nominative case.

ka . indicates a question.

no . generally links a noun to an adjective or a verb.

wa . emphasizes the word it follows.

wo . indicates the accusative case.

normally suggests doubt.

These particles follow the words to which they refer.

# JAPANESE

# Special List:

ancestor			senzo
bamboo			take
bean curd		1. I	tofu
be careful!		7 1	ki wo tsukero
bicycle	9.1		jitensha
boatman	5	V (	sendo
bowl			wan
box, lacquered		•	jubako
brush, writing	, in		fude
Buddha, a		•	hotoke
Buddhism		• 7	bukkyo
Buddhist priest	•	•	bosan
F	•	•	DOSAII
camera .			shashinki
China		•	shina; kara
cherry tree .		•	sakura
chopsticks .	- * •	70	hashi
coat, Japanese		•	haori
coolie	-	•	ninsoku
crab .	• • •		kani
Christianity .	•		
			yasokyo
don't mention it			do itashimash'te
England .			
emperor .		P	eykoku; igirisu
European clothes			kotey
excuse me!			yof'ku
	Union to the		moshi; gomen kudasai

famous place .			meysho
fireworks .		٠.	hanabi
flea			nomi
fried food .	S. •		suwaki
Formosa.	•	• .	taiwan
Germany .	• -		doitsu
go away! .	*		achi ike
god (Shinto) .			kami
godown, warehouse			kura
goodbye .			sayonara
good morning .	*		o hayo
good night .			oyasumi nasai
grapes		•	budo
I don't know			shira
it is (2) o'clock	•		(ni)–ji
Japan			nihon; nipon
Japan, made in			wasey
Japanese Empire			teykoku
Jesus .	•		yaso
Korea		•	chosen
local speciality	W S		meybutsu
Manchuria .			manshu (koku)
melon			uri
millet		•	awa
Occident, the West official			seyo; o-bey shikwan; kwannin

onion			negi
pagoda			to
palace			yash'ki
parasol			kasa
peach			momo
pear			nashi
persimmon .			kaki
photograph(-er)			shashin (-ki)
please, if you .			doka; dozo
rice-field .		1 1	ta
rickshaw			kuruma
rickshaw-puller			kurumaya; shafu
rumour			hyoban
Russia			ro-koku; rosha
			,
scroll (hanging)			kakemono
shrine			miya
singing-girl .			geysha
soya	30.5		shoyu
squat, to .		٠.	suwar-
suicide			jisatsu; harakiri
sweetmeat made of	f bea	ns	
ar	id su	igar	yokan
sweet potato .			satsuma-imo
sword .			katana
temple (Shinto)		-	jinja; yashiro
" (Buddhist)			tera
thank you .			arigato
that won't do	•		ikenai

U.S.A. . . beykoku; gashukoku

veranda . . . engawa volcano . . . kwazan

warrior . . . samurai

wrestling . . sumo; judo; jujitsu

what's the matter? . . nanda

what's the time? . . mo nanji des

Names of Countries: Add -go or -kotoba to these to form the name of the corresponding language; add -jin to indicate a man of the country concerned; add -no to form the simple adjective applying to that country.

#### CHINESE

#### Notes:

PRONUNCIATION: The Chinese languages are tonal; that is to say, the meaning of a word varies according to the tone in which it is uttered. The only way to master the correct tones for Chinese words is to listen to a Chinese speaker.

There is no clear distinction in the Chinese languages between hard and soft consonants (e.g., k and g, p and b). Thus, g sounds like something

between the English g and k, and so on.

In Cantonese a final k, p or t is cut short, and it is barely possible to distinguish a final k from a final p or t.

ORDER: The Chinese prefer short, terse sentences, and omit all superfluous words. In simple phrases the order is generally the same as in English. 'The' and 'a' are omitted.

Plurals, etc.: Chinese nouns, adjectives and verbs do not change; there are no endings or prefixes such as in other languages denote gender, case, tense, mood, number, etc.

PREPOSITIONS: Some precede the noun, some follow. Where in the word-lists a preposition is followed by a dash, it precedes the noun; where it is shown preceded by a dash, it follows the noun. 'Of' is translated as if it were English ''s'; the

order in Chinese is therefore not 'top: of: mountain' but 'mountain: of ('s): top.'

VERBS: Tense is sometimes indicated simply by the context, sometimes by a word placed before or after the verb, just as in English we use 'will', 'did,' etc.

yau before the verb indicates the future ('will') tsang before, or la after, the verb indicates the past ('did', 'was', etc.)

pey before the verb indicates the passive. ba after the verb indicates a command.

QUESTIONS: In a question the word order remains the same as in a plain statement, but the sentence must end with an interrogative word such as 'how', 'who', or 'when', or with one of the interrogative particles ma, maw and mi; these correspond roughly to the English particle 'eh?' at the end of a question.

Numerative Particles: When a noun follows a number (including the number 'one'), a numerative particle (corresponding to the word 'piece' in the Pidgin English phrase 'One piece house') must be placed between number and noun. The commonest particles are:

(Mandarin) (Cantonese) for almost any noun . gaw . chak (piece)

for animals . . . to . taw (head) for clothing, houses, etc. jien . tso (part)

Thus 'one man' becomes 'one piece man', i.e.: i gaw ren (Mandarin): yat chak yan (Cantonese).

#### CHINESE

## Special List:

amber America apricot bamboo banana

be careful!

camel China chopsticks crab crackers (squibs) Christian

dragon

England Europe excuse me

fig fireworks Formosa France

MANDARIN hu paw ya-mey-li-ka shing dzö

ju dzö shiang chau do gai

law taw jung gwaw kwai dzö pang shieh bien ji du

(i diau) lung

ying gwaw o-lo-pa dwey bu ju

wu hwa go bien tai wan va gwaw

CANTONESE

fu pak ya-mey-li-ka moi

chuk kung tsiu siu sam

lok to chung kwok fai tzi hai pau chöng chi tu; ye-su chau-yan

lung

ying kwok ngau chau toi pat chu

mo fa kwaw yin faw toi wan fat kwok

#### fruits:

(akin to grapes)
(small orange)
(peach-like)
(lemon)
(lime)
(melon)
(peach)
(pear)
(plum)
(quince)

li-chi kin kü pi-pa shiang tau bai hui shiang gwa dau dzö li li dzö

lai chi
kam kwot
lu kwot
ning mung
fui
hiong kwa
to
ley
moi
muk kwa

Germany ghost go away! good-bye good morning de gwaw maw gwey ni jü ba dzai chen ni hau mo

mu gwa

tak kwok kwai chau hoi choi wöi ni ho ma

have you eaten your rice? (usual

greeting)

I don't know

it is 2 o'clock

w y ö sl

ni chi la fan ni mey yu? me wo bu dzi u dau ng yin du ye ö tien jung lör shiang ya ch

ni sik yün fan mey a ? ngaw m'tzi to yen to löng tim chung chiong nga

Japan

ivory

India

ri ban gwaw

yet pun kwok

lantern

dang lung

tang lung

mah jong

ma jong

ma chök

mandarin, official	gwan	kun fu
monsoon	fu dien	fuk tien
never mind	bu ai sirr	mo man tai
nut	haw ö	hat tze
opium	ya pien yen	a pen
pagoda	ta	tap
please, if you	jing bien	ching ne
prawns	ma	ha
Russia	o gwaw	ngaw kwok
satin	cho dzö	tün
teapot	cha hu	cha u
temple	miau	kwan
thank you	shieh shieh ni	taw tze
veranda	chwan lang	tin toi
what is the time? what's the matter?	ji tien jung shan mo sirr	ke tim chung cho m'si
7.00	7 (7	

# Military words (Mandarin only):

general	shang giang	g
colonel	shang siau	_
major	shau siau	
captain	shang we	
lieutenant .	rung we	
sergeant	rung shi	

private			•	bing	ding
company			٠	lien	
battalion		1.0		ying	
brigade				lu	

Names of Countries: By dropping gwaw and kwok and adding hwa (Mandarin) and wa (Cantonese), these become the names of the corresponding languages; and by substituting ren (Mandarin) and yan (Cantonese), they come to denote a man of the country concerned. Thus, in Cantonese, ying kwok is England, ying wa English, and ying yan Englishman.

#### SIAMESE

#### Notes:

PRONUNCIATION: Like Chinese, Siamese is tonal; there are five different tones, and the meaning of a word varies according to the tone in which it is pronounced. The only way to learn how to pronounce a Siamese word in the correct tone is to listen to a Siamese saying it.

WORD ORDER: 'The' and 'a, an' are omitted. In general, word order is the same as in a simple English sentence.

PREPOSITIONS: These are often omitted; when used, they usually precede the noun.

VERBS: Each verb has only one form; there are no endings or prefixes. Tense, mood and person are shown either by context (e.g. 'I go yesterday'; 'I go next week') or by the presence of cha ('will') and dai ('was') and the personal pronouns chan ('I'), tan ('you'), kau ('he' or 'she'), mau ('it'), rau ('we') and kau ('they').

The verb 'to be' is generally omitted.

Plurals: There is no change for the plural in nouns, adjectives or verbs.

QUESTIONS: Interrogative words such as 'where?', 'who?' and 'how?' are placed at the end of a sentence.

Numerative Particles: When a noun is linked to a number (including 'one') a particle is placed after number and noun on the model of the Pidgin English phrases 'one piece shoe', 'three piece fish', etc. The commonest particles are:

an . . for any class of noun

bai. for flat things (dishes, pages, sheets)

haw . for packets, parcels, etc.

k'on for people

luk. for round things (e.g. fruit)

lang . for buildings

ton. for trees and plants

tua. for animals, clothes, furniture, and wooden or iron things such as tools.

The order in a phrase of this kind is: noun, number, particle. Thus 'five soldiers' becomes 'soldier five piece' (tahan ha k'on).

#### SIAMESE

## Special List:

Annamite, –ese . . . yuan Ayuthia . . . krungkao

bamboo . . mai pai; pa pai

banana . . . kluai
Bangkok . . . krungtep
battalion . . . kong pan
battle . . . kang rop

betel-nut (palm) . . mak; (ton mak)

boat, nat-bottomed		kuhle
bring that here .		au nan ma ni
Buddhism	•	putasasana
buffalo		kwai; wua
Burma, Burmese.		pama
bush country .	•	pa hya
captain		nai roi ek
Cambodian .		kamrat müang kamen
cart-track		tang kwian
Ceylon		ko langka
Chinese	•	chek; chin
Chinese temple .		san chau
Chinese theatre .		ngiu
cholera		ahiwa takarok
clan	•	puak
clearing in jungle.		tang pa; pa la mo
cocoanut	•	(pon) maprao
cocoanut palm .		ton maprao
crab		pu
crocodile		choroke
custard apple .		noi na
colonel	3	nai pan ek; nai pan to
corporal (mily.) .	•	nai sip to
company (mily.) .	•	kong roi
Danish	- , i,	hang pratet denmak
Denmark		denmak
division (mily.)		kiak kai; kong pon to
do you understand?	•	kau chai rü
dry season	10	rüdu leng
durian		turien

elephant	chang
elephant-driver	kwan chang
English	angkrit
European	farang
ferry	rüa cheo; ta rüa chang
fire-crackers	pratat
foot (approximately 12")	küp
French	farangsat
general (mily.)	nai pon ek
German	yerman
good-bye	la (pai kon)
government office	sala rataban
government department	krom
harbour	ta rüa
headman	pu hyai ban; chao müang
howdah	kup
how do you do?	tan sa-bai di rü
image	rup kao rop
Indian	kek
Indian temple	wat kek
	ching rü
it is true	ching pen na
	<b>5</b> .
Japan	yipun
jungle fever	kai pa
jungle, dense	dong tüp
jungle mixed with culti-	
vated land	pon pa

junk (Chinese ship)	. tapao
Karen	. krieng
kerosene	. namman kat
landing-place .	. ta nam
lizard	. chin chok
lotus	. dok bua
magistrate (rural).	. kamnan
major (mily.)	. nai pan tri
malaria	. kai püa yung
Malay	. malayu
mango	. mamnang
mangrove	. pa lampu
mile (approximately)	. si sip sen; mail
monastery	. aram
monks (Buddhist)	. pra
monsoon	. lam ta pao
monsoon season .	. rüdu lom
mosquito	. yung
mosquito net .	. mung
never mind .	. mai pen-rai
opium	. ya fin
paddy-field .	. tung na
palace	. wang; prasat
palm tree	. ton tan; ton lan
Penang	. ko hmak
picul (133 lbs.) .	. hap
	160

plantation . . . rai suan priest's cell . . . kuti

private (mily.) . . pon ta-han

quinine . . . ya kao ke kai

regiment . . . kong krom

rest-house . . . sala; rong asai

rhinoceros . . ret

rickshaw . . rot chek

rice-fields, countryside. na

scorpion . . . malang pong

sergeant . . nai sip ek shark . . . pla chlam Siam . . . sayam

Siamese . . . t'ai

sweet potato . . man teyt

sword . . dap

take care! . . rawang tamarind . . makam teak . . . mai sak

theatre . . . la-kon ticul (formerly 2s.) . bat

tiger . . . süa

veranda . . . rabiang very well . . . sabai cha

warehouse . . . kotakan waterfall . . . nam tok

water-lily . . . bua

#### BURMESE

#### Notes:

Pronunciation: Final k or t is cut very short. There is no clear distinction between hard and soft consonants (e.g. k and g, t and d). Like Chinese and Siamese, Burmese is a tonal language; a single word may have three different meanings, distinguishable only by the tone in which it is uttered. These tones can only be learnt by listening to a Burmese speaker.

Word Order: Verbs are placed at the end of sentences. Adjectives either follow nouns, or are placed before nouns with the syllable -thaw-between adjective and noun. Prepositions (more properly called postpositions) follow nouns. 'The' and 'a' are omitted. Pronouns and other words are often omitted when they are not required to make the meaning of a sentence clear; e.g. 'I do not know' becomes simply 'not know'. Word order does not change in asking questions; the question is shown by placing the syllable -la after the verb.

Plurals: The plural of nouns is usually shown by adding -mya (for inanimate things) or -do (for people and animals).

VERBS: The following syllables are added to verbs to show tense:

-thi or -de . . present -pyi or -de . . past -mi or -me . . future -ba . . . command

Negative forms:

m' - Verb -bu . ordinary negative m' - Verb -ne . negative command

Passive form:

a - Verb -kan

Verbs do not change to indicate plural or gender.

Numerative Particles: When a noun follows a number (including the number 'one'), a particle (corresponding to 'piece' in the Pidgin English phrase 'one piece house') must be used. The order is: noun, number, particle. The commonest particles are:

yauk for people: thus, lu ta yauk: man one (person)

kaung for animals: thus, nwa ta kaung: ox one (animal)

ku for other things: thus, le ta ku: cart one (thing)

#### BURMESE

## Special List:

Akyab . . sit-twey
America . . ameyika
anna . . t'be
Arakanese . . ya-king
163

banana . . . n'pyaw-thi
Bassein . . p'theyn
be careful! . . thadi pyu-ba
be silent! . teyt-teyt
Buddhist . bok-da-yan
Burma . . ba-ma

cholera wan-yaw-ga ta-yok-pyi China Christian ka-yit-yan on-thi coconut . crab ga-nan chaung creek hin curry custard-apple aw-za

deer (barking-) . ji
dragon . . na-ga
durian . . du-yin
dysentery . . thwey-wan-na

elder (in a village) . lu-ji
elephant . . . sin
England . . . inga-leyk
Europe . . . u-yaw-pa
go away! . . thwa-lik
gong . . maung

good-bye . . thwa-on-daw; thwa-daw

me-naw

headman . th'ji how do you do ? . ma-ba-i-la

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I am well . . ma-ba-i
I don't know . . ma thi-bu
India . . eyndia; k'la
it is (2) o'clock . . (na) na-yi

Japan . . za-pan

landing-place . . thim-baw-zeyk lemon . . . shauk-chin

lizard . . eyn myaung; tauk-te

malaria . . net-pya
Malay . . pa-shu
mango . . tha-yet-thi
Martaban . mot-ta-ma
Mergui . . beyt

mongoose . . mwey-ba monk . . . pon-ji

monastery . . pon-ji chaung monsoon . . mo-u-du

never mind! . . a-twet ma shi-ba-bu

pagoda . . . pey-ya papaya . . . thimbaw-thi parrot . . . chet-tu-yuey

peacock . . . daung-bo petroleum . . yey-nan; das-si

pigeon . . . ko Prome . . . pyi

Ramree . . . yan-byey

Rangoon		•		yan-gon
ricefield				le
robe		•		thin-gan
rupee	• .			t'jat
Siamese	•			yo-da-ya
spirit, gh	ost	•	•	nat
Tavoy	•			twe
teak				chun
thank yo	u (rai	ely u	sed)	kyey-zu tin-ba-thi
tide			•	di
tiger	•		ÿ•:-	ja
veranda		*		ka lauk swe
villager	•			ywa-tha
well don	e l			kaung bey
1 .1 .1			-	he wait the le

what's the matter? . ba pyit-tha-le what's the time? . be-na na-yi she d'la

. myauk-yaung yam

Names of Countries: By adding -lu-myo, these become the corresponding adjectives. Thus: ingaleyk-lu-myo, English.

Part Three

MALAY

TAMIL

BENGALI

RUSSIAN

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
above	di'atas	meyl
absent	tid'ada	illadha
accident	chilaika	abath'thu
address	alamat	meyl vilasham
after	l'pas	-pin
afternoon	p'tang	maley
again	lagi s'kali	thirumba
age	umor	ayu
alive	hidop	uyirulla
all	samoa	sĥagala
all right	baila	nalla
allow	kasi terbulan	idang kodu-
alone	sorang sahaja	thaniyey
also	juga	-um
always	s'lalu	yeporludhum
and	dan; pun	-um
angry	marah	kobam-ulla
animal	binatang	mirugam
ant	smut	yerumbu
anything	apa-apa	yad'onnu
are	ada	
arm	tangan	kai
army	tentra	padey
around	kliling	-shurla
arrangement :	aturan	udanpadu
arrive	sampai	sher-
ask	tanya; minta	kel-
at	di	-il

back (noun) bad

blakang kurang bai'

mudhugu ketta

#### BENGALI

opor onupost'it bipod

t'ikana pore bikal abar bo'esh

jibonto shob ach'a

korte deoekla

aro

shorbodar

ar

birokto janoar pipre kich'ui

hat'
polton
charidike
bondobosto
po'unchan—
jigesh kor—; chao

-е

pit k'rap; mondo

#### RUSSIAN

nad; naverkhu atsutstvyushchi nyeachastni sluchai

adres
posle
polden
snova
starost
zhivoi

vsye khar'sho rasreshit odin; odno takzhe; tozhe

vsyeghda

i

razserzheni zhivotnoye muravey shto-nibut

ruka armiya vokrug ustroistvo priyekhat sprosit u

zad plokho 169

#### ENGLISH

bag bandage

barber basket bath (tub)

bathe bathroom

be beans

beautiful because

become bed

bedroom before (time)

begin behind bell below

bench best between

big

bill (account)

bird black

blacksmith blanket

blood blue

board

#### MALAY

pundipundi kain

tukang chuko

bakul mandi mandi

bilek mandi

(ada) kachang

chantek s'bab m'njadi

t'mpat tidor bilek tidor

dulu mula'i di blakang

locheng dibawa bangku

yang bai' antara b'sar

surat hutang

burong hitam tukang b'si

selimut dara'

biru papan 1011

TAMIL

shakku

kattu pariyari kudey snanam

kulisnana arev

ulundhu

alagiya padiyal agu–

kattil; padukey padukey-y'arey

-mun thuvakku pinney mani -in kirl vangu uththanan

uththanam -udey peria bil

parawey vishukoth'u kollan kambal

iratham nilam palagey BENGALI

t'oli kapor napit

tukri gusl chan kor-

gusl k'ana

RUSSIAN

chemodan bandazh parikmakhair

parikmakha korzinka vanna

kupatsya

vannaya komnata

shim shundor karon

karon ho'o– charpai shobar–g'ar –purbe

-purbe shuru korpech'ane g'anta nichu

choki
shob che'e b'alo
majk'ane
boro
hishab
pak'i
kalo
lohar-mistri
kombol

rokto nil tokta fasol krasivo

patamu shto stanovitsya krovat spalnaya

da nachinat s'zadi zvonok

pod skamya luchshi sredi balshoi s'chyot ptitsa chawni kuznets

odeyalo krov

galuboi; sini

doska

# ENGLISH

#### MALAY

#### TAMIL.

boat	
boil, to	
bone	
book	
boot	
born, t	0
box	
boy	

born, to be box boy brass bread break, to

break, to bribe, a brick bridge brother brush, a build building bullock burn, to bush business

buy

by

call (for)
camp
can (is able)
cannot
candle
cane

sampan; pra'u
r'bus
tulang
kitab; buku
s'patu
beranak
p'ti
buda'
t'mbaga kuning
roti

roti
bikin pechal
suap
batu-bata
j'mbatan
saudara
sikat
buat

l'mbu bakar pokok kerja bli oleh

pang-gil kampong boleh ta'boleh dian rotan

padagu kodhivelumbu pustakam nedun-chapathu pirapetti shinavan pithaley rotti irukai-kuli shengal palam shagodharan burus kattuvidu

yerudhu
yeri—
chinne cheri
aluval
vangu—
—al

arleyur -(k)akudum -(k)akudadhu merlugu vathi kai-kol

noka; dingi shid'o korhar kitab; boi iuta ianmbaksho ch'ele pitol ruti b'angag'ush int pul b'ai burush toeri korkuti bolud porangach bebsha kin-

daktambu parpar- na mombati chori

die

# RUSSIAN

lodka kipyet kost kniga batinok radit karobka malchik latun khleh slomat dar kirpich most brat sh'chyotka stro'it zdaniye bik zhech kustarnik dyelo kupit po; s'

zvat lager mozhet nye mozhet svyecha palka

# ENGLISH

MALAY

TAMIT.

carpenter carpet carriage cart cat catch, to cave ceiling chain chair change, to check (bill) chief child choose church cigarette city clean clerk climb clock cloth clothes cloud coat cock coffee cold collar comb

tukang kayu permadani kreta chikar kuching tangkap lobang atap rantai kursi uba surat hutang k'pala anak piley greja kretek negri bersi krani panjat iam kain pakaian awan baju

tachan shamukalam karattey karattev puney pidiarey areymeyt kattu shangili natkali mattubil nayagan shinavan therindheduhaleyam sigret nagaram shuttamana kumastha yeyrukadiyaram adey adey meygam shattey sheyval kappi kulirchiyana kallar shippu

ayam jantan

dingin; s'juk

kopi

krag

sisir

BENGALI RUSSIAN ch'utor plotnik dari kovyor gari vagon telyezhka gari beral koshka poimat gangob'or pogreb ch'at patalok shekor tsep cher stul bodol korperemenit hishab s'chyot shordar nachalnik bach'a rebyonok; ditya poch'ondo korvibirat girja tserkof sigret papirosa shohor gorod saf chisti babu sluzhishchi ut'vlezat g'ori ch'si sukno kapor kapor chupor adyezhda meg' tucha; obl'ko kot syurtuk pyetukh morog kafi kofe t'anda khalodni kalar varatnik

greben

chiruni

### ENGLISH

come concerning cook, a cook, to corner correct cost (noun) cotton count country courtyard cover, to cow crowd cup cupboard curtain

# MALAY

datang; mari! deri hal kuki masa tanjang b'tul harga kapas hitong negri; b'nua k'bun tutop l'mbu b'tina kumpolan mangkok lamari

tirai

bantal

potong

# TAMIL

va--peyril kokki adıımuley niyayamana viley panju vennunadu mutham mudumaru kuttam koppey kappordu thirey methey arıı-

daily
damage
dance, to
danger
dark
date (day)
daughter
dawn
day
dead
dear (cost)

cushion

cut, to

s'hari hari
rosak
m'nari
bahia
glap
hari-bulan
anak prempuan
pagi-pagi
hari
mati
mahal

nadorlum nasham aduabayam karutha nal magal vidiyal nal sha viley

ashbishoi baburchi rann-; kor-

kon t'ik dam tulo gundesh ut'an d'akgoru b'ir

bati; peyala

almari porda balish kat-

rojkar k'hoti

nach korbipod ond'okar tarikh

meye

b'or-bela; protush din

mora dami RUSSIAN

pri'idti pri povar gatovit

ugʻl pravilni ts'na

khlop'k s'chitat

str'na dvor pokrivat

korova t'lpa

chashka shkaf

zan'vyes padushka

rezat

yezh'dnyevni

ubit'k tantsovat apasnost tyomni data

doch z'rya

dyen myortvi dar'goi

		지도 함께는 얼마나는 그 사람이다.
ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
deep	dalam	arlamana
die	mati	sha-
difficult	susa	prayasamana
dig	gali	kindu-
dinner	makanan	thini
dirty	kotor	alukulla
dish	ping-gan	pingan
district	negri; desa	taluka
do	bikin; bua'	shey-
don't!	jangan	-adeyyum
doctor	dukun; doktor	vaithiyan; doktor
dog	anjing	nai
donkey	kaldai	kaludhey
door	pintu	kadhavu
down	bawa	kirley
drain, a	parit	kan
dress, a	pakaian	adey
drink, to	minum	kudi-
drive, to	jalang kreta	ottu-
drop (let fall)	jatohkan	kirley vidu-
duck	itek	vathu
dust	habok	thushi
each	masing masing	adhu adhu
east	timor	adhu-adhu kirl
	cmio <sub>1</sub>	KIII

each masing masing adhu-adhu
east timor kirl
easy s'nang leshana
eat makan un—
egg t'lor muttey
eight d'lapan ettu; en
eleven s'blas padhin-onru
empty kosong verumeyana

gob'ir
morshokto
k'urrater k'aoa
moila
t'hala
jela
koro na!
daktar
kukur
gad'a

dorja

niche

d'ulo

nali kapor; sari pan kor-; khachalanphelhansh

protek prabdik shahoj k'adim at egaro

k'ali

RUSSIAN

gluboki um'rat trudni k'pat abyet gryazni blyudo okrug dyel't nye doktor sabaka asyol dver vnizu vad'stok platye pit yekh't r'nyat utka

kazhdi v'stok lyogki yest yaitso vosyem adinatsat pustoi

pil

end enemy enough enter envelope evening explain extinguish extra

hujong muso chukop maso' emblop p'tang kasi tau bikin mati l'bey mata

mudivu
virodhi
podhum
piraveyshi—
kadudashi urey
maley
shol—
iru—
micham
kan

TAMIL

face fall, to family fan far farmer fasten fat (stout) father fear, to feast feed, to female fence fetch fever few field fight, to find, to

muka iato isi ruma kipas jau peladang ikat g'mok bapa takot makanan b'sar makan prempuan pagar ambil d'mam s'dikit padang berklahi dapat

mugam virliikudumbam vishiri nediya shamushari puttuparutha thandhev payam virundu meypen veyli kondu vaiuram shila vayal shandey sheykandu pidi-

shesh; k'atom dushmon; shotru joteshto d'ukk'am shond'e bujiye deobond kor baki chok

muk' porsombond' pak'a dur krishan; chashi bondmota baba; pita boy kor-; dorboro-din ahar korstrilok bera anjor gota-kotok mot'

mar-

paw-

# RUSSIAN

k'nyets
vrag
davolno
vo'idti
kanvyairt
vyecher
abyasnit
g'sit
sverkh
glaz

litso pad't syemya vyair daly'ko krestyanin privyaziv't tolsti atyets bayatsya prazdnik kormit samka zag'rodka po'idti za likharadka nyemnoghie polye dratsya nakh'dit

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
finger	jari	viral
finish	bikin habis	iru-
fire	api	anal
first	pertama	mudal
fish	lian	min
five	lima	anju
flag	b'ndera	kodi
flat	rata	thatteyana
flood	ayer ba	vellam
floor	lantai	thalam
flour	t'pong	ma
flower	bunga	pushpum
fly, a	lalat	i
fog	kabut	mashi
fold, to	lipat	madi
follow	ikut	pin shel-
food	makanan	thini
foot	kaki	adi
for (prep.)	bagi	-aga
foreigner	orang dagang	varli-pokkan
forest	utang	kadu
forget	lupa	mara-
fork	garfu	mul
fort	khota	kottey
four	ampat	nal; nangu
friend	kawan	kuttali
from	deri	-i1
front, in	di muka	munbu
fruit	bua	param
fry	goring	adu-
fuel	kayu api	viragu

BENGALI RUSSIAN angul palyets k'atom kor konchit agun agon poila pyervi mach riba panch pyat nishan flag chepta ploski p'top joar meje pol ata; moida tyesto p'ul tsvet'k machi mukha koasha tuman sgibat noan pichu dorsledavat k'abar-jinish yeda n'ga pa -jonno dlya ajnabi in'stranets jongol; bon lyes bule jaz'bit kanta vilka prashad fort char ch'tire bondu drug -hote ot pyer'd -age p'ol plod b'ajzazharivat kat-koila topl'vo

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ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
garden	k'bun	tottam
gate	pintu	totta wari
gather	kumpol	kuttu-
gentleman	tuan	thurey
get	dapat	vangu-
girl	anak prempuan	kanni
give	kasi; bri	i-
glass (drinking)	glas	thambalar
glass (looking)	chermin muka	kannadi
glove	sarong tangan	keyurey
goat	kambing	kera
go	p'gi	shel-
good	bai'	nalla
goods	barang barang	shaman
god	allah	theyvan
gold	'mas	pon
government	saltanat	sharkkar
gown	pakaian	adey
grain	gandom	akkam
grass	rumput	pul
grave, a	kubur	pireydhak kurli
grease	minyak	korluppu
great	b'sar	periya
green	nijau	pashu
greet	kasi tabek	yettu-kol-
ground	tana	nilam
grow	tumbo	perugu-
guest	tamu	virundu
guide	pandu	varli-kattu-
gun	snapang	vedi thokku

bagan

p'otok shongroho kor-

shaheb

paomeye

deo-

g'lash

arshi; aina dostana

chagol jao-

b'alo; uttom

mal

(porom-) ishor; alla shona

sharkar

poshak; sari b'usa

g'ash

gor; kobor

tel

boro; mohot kancha; anari nomoshkar deo-

mati bar–

bondu prodorshok

bonduk

RUSSIAN

sad

dver

sob'rat

g'sp'din dabitsya

dyev'shka

dat st'kan

z'rkalo

pyerchatka

k'za idti

kh'roshi

t'var bawg

zol'to

pravit'lstvo

platye

tr'va

yama salo

balshoi; veliki

z'lyoni pazdr'vlyat z'mlya

r'sti gost

prav'dnik

ruzhe

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
hair	bulu	mayir
half	s't'nga	arey
hand	tangan	kai
handkerchief	sapu tangan	lenji
handle	tangan	kai
happen	jadi	neyridu-
happy	suka hati	nalla
hat	topi	thoppi
he	dia; ia	avan
head	k'pala	taley
hear	d'ngar	kel-
heart	hati	irduhayam
heaven	shorga	paralogam
heavy	brat	paramana
hedge	pagar ,	veyli
hen	ayam b'tina	pettey
here	sini	ingey
high	tingi	uyaramana
hill	bukit	maley
hire, to	sewa	vadageyku edu-
his	dia punya	avan; aval
home	ruma	vidu
home, at	di ruma	vidu
honest	tulus	neyrana
honey	manisan leba	theyn
hope, to	harap	kathiru-
horse	kuda	kudhirey
hospital	ruma sakit	aspital
hot	panas	shudana
hotel	ruma tumpangan	hotel
hour	jam	mani

chul; kesh

ad hat

hat-chadar

hat ho'o-

shukhi tupi se; tini

mat'a shun-

ridoi ; kolija shorgo b'ari

gacher bera murgi ek'ane

ek'ane unchu

pahar b'ara kor-

tar g'ar barite shad'u mod'u asha kor-g'ora

hashpatal gorom; topto

hotel g'onta RUSSIAN

vol'si pal'vina

r'ka

nas'voi pl'tok ruchka

sluchatsya s'chastlivi shlyapa

on gal'va slish't syertse nyebo ty'zholi zabor

kuritsa zdyes visoki

kholm; g'ra

yevo dom doma chestni myed nady'yats

nady'yatsya losh'd

b'lnitsa zharki g'stin'tsa chas

# ENGLISH

hut

house how? how much? hundred, a hunt, to hurt, to husband

# MALAY

ruma
b'gi-mana
brapa
s'ratus
pembuluka
laki
pondok

# TAMIL

vidu
yeppadi
yevalavu
nuru
kolnovup-paduthupurushan
chinne vidu

I if ill immediately important ink inn insect interpreter into iron is is not island

saya kalau sakit skarang ini brat

dawat; tinta pasangrahan binatang juru basa k'dalam b'si ada tid'ada pulau dia; itu nan
anal
viyadhiyula
udaney
periya
mai
hotel
i
thupashi

thupash
—ukku
irumbu
—
alla
thivu
adhu

jewel journey judge, a jug jump, to juice

it

permata perjalanan hakim t'mpat ayer lompat ayer bua

panidhi pirayanam nidhipadhi kudam odu– yenney

bari

kemon; ki-kore

koto

sho; shoto

shikar korkoshto deo-

shami

kure; kutir

RUSSIAN

dom

kak

skolko

sto

akhotitsya

vredit

muzh

izba

ami

iodi

oshusto; rogi

tok'oni

aboshokio; joruri

kali

shorai; choti

poka-makor

dob'ashi

-bitore; -mod'e

loha

(ache)

ney

dip

ta

ya

yesli

balnoi

seychas

vazhni

ch'rnila

kh'rchevnya

nas'kom'ye

tolmach

 $\mathbf{v}^{*}$ 

zh'lyezo

nyet

ostrof

'no

gohona; olonkar braman bicharpoti

kacher shorai

lapha-

rosha

drag'tsen'st p'yezdka

sudya

kruzhka

skakat

sok

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ENGL	ISH		
kettle	<u> </u>		
key			
kick,	to		
kill			
kind	(an	nia	ble'
kind	(so	rt)	′
king		1	
kitch	en		
knife			
know	, to		

MALAY
cherek
anak kunchi
t'ndang
buno
berkasehan
macham
raja
dapur
pisau
tau; k'nal

TAMIL
kettal
shavi
udhey-
kol-
kuttali
ach'u
arashu
kushini
kathi
ari-

lady	
lake	
lamb	
lamp	
land	
lane	
language	
large	
last	
late	
laugh, to	
law	
lawyer	
lead, to	
leaf	
learn	
leave (of	
absend	ce)
left (side)	
leg	

nonya; mem tasek
anak domba
plita ; lampu
tana
lorong
bahasa
b'sar
akhir
lambat
tertawa
undang-undang
wakil
impin
daun
blajar
hari l'pas
kiri
kaki

idadhu kal

ketli chabi pa mar-

mere feld'ir

rup raja

baburchi-kana

churi

jan-

potni rod

berar bacha bati; alo stol; mati

goli basha

boro akhir

haler hash-

ain ukil

pot-dekhapata shik-

ch'uti

bam; ba pa

RUSSIAN

k'tyol klyuch udaryat

ubivat dobri

rod k'rol

kukhnya nozh

znat

dama oz'ro

b'rashek lampa

z'mlya darozhka

yazik balshoi

pasledni pozdni

smyeyatsya z'kon

adv'kat vyesti

list uchitsya atpusk

lyevi n'ga

# ENGLISH lend less letter lie down lift, to light, a light, to light (weight) line listen little, a live lock long (distance) lose

# MALAY pinjamkan kurang surat baring angkat trang rengan pasang baris d'ngar s'dikit tingal kunchi panjang hilang kase'i r'nda

iraval kodu-	
shattu	
kagidham	
padu-	
thukku	
oli	
chinne	
anal	
nul	
kel-	
shattu	
shivi-	
puttu	
nediya	
irla–	
anbu	
kirley	

TAMIL

madam	
make	34
man	
many	
map	
market	
marriag	e
master	
mat	
match	
mattres	S
me	
meat	

love

low

mem	
bua';	bikin
orang	
banya'	
p'ta	
pasar	
kawin	
tuan	
tikar	Spinis V
korek	api
tialm	
saya	
daging	
	TOO

amma
akku-
manidhan
pala
theysha-padam
karey teruö
kaliyanam
yeshaman
pai
machis
methey
yeney
mamisham

dar deokom

chiti-kana shue por-

utan-; tol-

alo alo jal-

halka shuta shon–

kom

bach-; bash korkulup; tala

lomba haran-

balo bashnicha

saheba toiari kor-

manush bohu; onek

naksha bajar; hat bie; bibaho

monib galche

diashlai bichana

amake mansho RUSSIAN

s'suzhat myenshe

pismo lyezhat

padnimat

svet asvy'tit lyogki

linia slushat

nyemnogho

zhit z'mok dlini ty'ryat

lyubit nizki

g'sp'zha

dyel't muzhchina

mnogie karta rin'k

brak kh'zain kovrik

spichka matras

mnye myaso

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
medicine	obat	marundhu
meet	jumpa	shandhi-
meeting	perkumpolan	kuttam
mend	m'mbaiki	parludhu par-
merchant	tukang berniaga	varthagan
midnight	t'nga malam	nadu rathiri
milk	susu	pal
minute	minit	nimisham
mistake	sala	pishagu
money	wang	panam
monkey	munyit	kurangu
month	bulan	masham
moon	bulan	nila
more	lagi; lebi	miga
morning	pagi	kaley
mosque	masjid	masjid
most	paling	uththamam
mother	mak	amma
motor-car	kreta	gari; motor
mountain	gunong	maley
mouth	mulut	wai
move, to	bergra'	irlu–
Mr.	tuan	yeshaman
Mrs.	mem	thurey-shani
much	banya'	miga
mud	lumpur	sheyru
mule	kaldai	karudhey
music	bunyi bunyian	shangidham
my	saya punya	yen
nail (iron)	paku	ani
name	nama	peyr

BENGALI RUSSIAN

oshüd myed'tsina
deka kor- vstr'chat
saksat vstrecha
meramot kor- pach'nyat

bonik kupyets dupur-rat poln'ch dud; kir mal'ko minuta minit bul ashibka taka dyengi banor abyezyana mash myesy'ts chand l'na

aro onek; boi bolshe shokal utro

moshjid musulmanski khram

beshi; odikansho sami ma; mata mat

gari mashina; avt'm'bil

porbot g'ra muk rot dv'gat nor-; norashaheb g'sp'din shaheba g'sp'zha onekta mnogho doba gryaz k'ochor mul bajna musika moi; maya amar

alpin gvozd nam imya

ENGLISH	MALAY
narrow	s'mpet
nation	bangsa
near	d'kat
nearly	hampir
necessary	usa
needle	jarom
never	ta'perna
new	b'aru
news	khabar
newspaper	surat khabar
next	k'mdian
night	malam
nine	s'mbilan
no	tida'
noon	t'nga hari
north	utara
nose	hidong
not	tida'
nothing	tid'apa
now	skarang
number	angka

O CIOCK	
of	
office	
officer	
often	
oil	
O.K. (all right	1
old `	•
on	

4: 12	
tid'apa	
skarang	
angka	
angna	
pukol	
~	
punya	
ofis	
afsar	
banya' 1	1:
Daniya 1	call
minyak	
baila	
lama; t	ua
to the same of the same	ua
atas	
- 11 - 5 - 5 - 1 - 1	

TAMIL
melliya
shanam
andheyil
konjang kureya
periya
ushi
oru kalum illey
ila
sheydhi
kagidham
andheyil
ira
onbadhu
illey
mathiyanam
vada
mukkö
alla
onrum illey
ippo
ilakkam

mani
-in
opis
ofiser
adikkadi
yenney
nalla
parla
-in meyl

BENGALI RUSSIAN

shoru uzki
jati narod
kache blizki
prai p'chti
dorkari nuzhni
chunch igolka

chunch igolka kokono na nik'ghda notun; nobo novi khobor; shonbad izvestia

akhbar g'zyeta
porer sleduy'shchi
rat noch

noi dyevy't
na nyet
dupur poldyen
uttor syever
nak nos

na nye kichu-na nishto; nish'vo

ek'on t'pyer somkya; gonona nom'r

bejeche chas(of)
-er —

apish; doptor k'ntora ofsar kam'ndir; ofitser

prai ; kub chasto
tel maslo
ach'a khar'sho
purano ; bura stari

-upor(e) na

# english once one only open or orange order, to other our out

# s'kali satu; sa sa'aja terbuka atau jeruk manis suro lain kita punya luar

IAMIL
orutharam
onnu; or
mathiram
thira
alladhu
naranju
katpi-
para
yen-gal
thira

pack up	
pain	
paper	
path	
pay, to	
peace	
pen	
pencil	
people	
pepper	
perfume	
person	
picture	
pig	
pillow	
pin	
pineapple	
pipe	
place	
plain (gro	ound)

bungkuskan
sakit
kertas
jalan
bayer
damai
kalam
patlut
orang-orang
lada
bau
s'orang
gambar
babi
bantal
pniti
nanas
panchuran
t'mpat
padang
801

adukku-	
no	
kagidham	
aru	
i-	
shamadhar	am
peney	
pensil	
shanam	
milagu	
moppam	
al	
shittiram	
panni	
thaleyaney	
ani	
anashi-parl	am
pili 1	
thalam	
maidanum	

ek gun; ek-bar

ek k'ali k'ol-

kimba; otoba komla-lebu ordar deo-; ajna onno; opor

amader ba'ire

jinish potro bad-

koshto kagoj

(shoru) rasta taka deoshanti

kolom penshil

lok morich

pran bekti chobi

shuor balish alpin anarosh

nala mati

shomotol bumi

RUSSIAN

adin raz

adin tolko atkriti

ili

ap'lsin zak'zat

zak zat drugoi

nash' vnye

uklad'vat mucheniye

bumaga tr'pa

pl'tit mir

py'ro kar'ndash

lyudi

pyerets blago'khanie

litso; chel'vyek

kartina svinya padushka bulavka ananas

trubka myesto

ravnina

ENGLISH	MALAY
plant, a	poko'
plate	pingan
play, to	main-n
pocket	kochek
poisonous	bisa
policeman	mata-m
pond	tase'
pony	kuda k
porter	kuli
possess	berole
post office	post-off
pot	blanga
potato	ubi b'n
pour, to	tuang
prayer	minta c
present, to be	ada
price	herga
priest	imam
prince	ana' raj
prisoner	orang s
profession	jabat-ar
pull	tare'
punish	hukumk
purse	pundi-p
put	taro

poko'
pingan
main-main
kochek
bisa
mata-mata
tase'
kuda k'chil
kuli
berole
post-ofis
blanga
ubi b'ngala
tuang
minta do'a
ada
herga
imam
ana' raja
orang sala
jabat-an
tare'
hukumkan
pundi-pundi
taro
suku

*********	
nattu	
pingan	
vileyadu-	
shakku	
nanju	
polisu	
yeyri	
kudhirey	
shumeykar	en
pattu-	CII
tapal-opis	
kudam	
uruley-kirl	2700
var-	ang
shabam	
ingey	
viley	
kuru	
raja	
kavalali	
uthiyogam	
irlu-	
thandi-	
panappey vai-	
vai-	
kal	
kai kalmi	

TAMIL

quarter question quick

rabbit

suku sual l'kas

kal kelvi shikiramana

mushal

udbid

shanok; tala kela-; bajapoket; jeb

bisha pahar-walla; polis

pukur tattu

mute

dak–g'ora dekchi

alu dal– prartona

ro-; takdam; mullo; bao

guru raja bondi kaj-korma tan-

shaja deopoishar toli rak-

shiki proshno chotpote

k'orgosh

RUSSIAN

rasteniye taryelka igrat k'rman yadonosni

militsy'ner prud poni

nasilshchik imyet

pachtovaya kantora

gorshok kartoffel vlivat pros'ba bit ts'na

svyashchen'k

prints
plyenik
z'nyatiye
tyanut
nakazivat
birzha
klast

chetvort vapros skori

krolik

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# **ENGLISH** rain raisins rat railway raw razor read, to ready receipt red relation remember remove repair, to reply, to rescue, to rest (repose) return (go back) rice (raw) rice (cooked) rich ride, to rifle right (side) right (correct) ripe rise, to river

road

roof

room

MALAY
hujan
bua angor
tikus
kreta api
b'aru
pisau chuko
bacha
s'dia
r'sit
mera
saudara
ingat
pinda
baiki
jawab
l'paskan
perhentian
pulang
padi; bras
nasi
kaya
tungang kud
snapang
kanan
b'tul
masak
nai'
sungai
jalan
atap
bilê'
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TAMIL marley param veli rel pachaiyana shavara-katti vashithayar rashidhu shivapana inathar nineyvu kuryeduthu parludhu parsholiratchi ileyparudhal thirumbunel shoru periya eyriporaiful valadhu niyayamana parlutha yerluaru teruö modu arey

brishti kishmish

boro idur

rel-pot

taja k'ur portoiari roshid lal; rokto

sombondo mone kor-

lo-

meramotkorjobab deobacha-

bisram

p'ire ashchal; d'an

b'at d'oni

(g'ora) chobonduk dok'in; dan

t'ik; b'alo paka

ut'-; ot'-

nodi rasta; shorok chal; chat

kamra; g'or

RUSSIAN

dozhd izyum krisa

zh'leznya d'roga

siroi britva ch'tat g'tof r'spiska krasni

rodstvyennik pomnit

ud'lyat pach'nit atvyetit sp'sat otdikh

vazvr'shchatsya

ris b'gati yekh't vintovka pravi pravilni spyeli

ris

padn'matsya

ry'ka d'roga krisha komn'ta

## ENGLISH

rope rotten rough rug run

# MALAY

tali (b'sar) burok kasar kajang lari

### TAMII.

kayiru mel palmulla kambalam odu-

# sack safe

salt same sand sandals sauce savage say scissors school screen screw sea seat second see seek sell send seven several sew shallow

shave, to

# karong s'lamat garam

sama
pasir
trompa
kua
garang
kata
gunting

skola tembo'; tabir p'ler itek laut

t'mpat dudok yang k'dua nampa' chari

kirim tujo b'brapa jahit tohor

chukor

iual

podhi

pathiramana uppu orey manal sheruppu sawsu kodiya sholkathirikol palikuram shuvar ani kadal ashanam irandavadhu kan-; partheduvilanuppueru pala; anega thaiarlam-atta shavaram

dori norom korkosh galche

daura-

gant; chot nirapod

nun; lobon eki; shey

bali

k'orom; chapli achar

achar nisht'ur bolkanchi pat-shala; iskul

porda iskru shomudro boshbar jaiga duir; ditio

dek'k'onj-

bech-; bikri kor-

pat'ashat onek

shelai korchotan

kama-

RUSSIAN

v'ryovka gniloi grubi

k'vyor b'zhat

m'shok byez'pasni

sol

ad'nak'vi py'sok sandalia

sojus diki

sk'zat nozh'tsi shkola

shirma vintik more

myest' vt'roi sm'tret

iskat pr'dat p'slat

syem nyeskolko shit

myelki britsya

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
shawl	kain slendang	adey
sheep	domba; kambing	kapal
she	dia; bangsal	aval
sheet	slimut	duputi
ship	kapal	shimli ari
shirt	k'meja	kamis
shoe	kasut	chapat
shoot, to	temba'	kol-
shop	k'dai; togo	karey
short	pende'	kittina
shoulder	bahu	thol
shout, to	bertria'	shatham podu-
show, to	tunjo'	kattu-
side	s'bla	akkam ; vila
sign	tanda	kurippu
sign, to	taro tanda tangan	kaiyoppam vai-
silk	sutra	pattu
silver	pera'	velli
since	sminja'	adhu-mudal
sir	tuan	aiya
sister	saudara prempuan	shagodhari
sit	dudo'	utkaru-
six	anam	aru
skin	kulit	uri
skirt	(kain) sarong	paware
sky	langit	vanam
sleep, to	tidor	urangu-
slow	lambat	thamadhamana
small	k'chil	chinne
smell, a	bau	moppam
smoke	asap	pugey

RUSSIAN

shal b'era tini; se chador jahaj kamij shal b'ran 'na pr'stir

juta guli kor– dokan pr'stinya k'rabl rubashka b'shmak vistr'lit

choto; k'ato kand' dakdek'akank' magʻzin k'rotki plecho krichat pak'zat star'na znak

namer-polok shoi kor reshom

padp'satsya sholk ser'bro

rupa

choi

so vrem'ni kak

karon; -hote sahab; babu; mia bogini; didi bosh-

(g'sp'din) sy'stra s'dyet shest kozha yubka nyeb'

chamra gagra; shaya akash

spat myedl'ni mal'nki zap'kh

g'uma- \
d'ima-chal
choto
pran

dim

dumpan

ENGLISH	MALAY
smoke, to	hisap roko'
snake	ular
snow	talji
80	b'gitu
soap	sabon
socks	sarong kaki
soft	l'mbot
soil	tana
soldier	soldado
some	s'dikit
something	satu barang
sometimes	kadang kadang
son	ana' laki-laki
song	lagu
soon	l'kas
sorry	susa hati
sort	jnis; macham
soup	kua
sour	asam
south	slatan
speak	chakap
spectacles	chermin mata
spend	blanjakan
spices	r'mpa-r'mpa
spoon	sudu
spring, a	mata ayer
stable	kandang
stairs	tanga
stamp (postal)	s'tampa

stand, to

star

TAMIL pugey-kudi pambu appadi sĥavukaram meyjoli mel pumi yuthashali shila yeydho adikkadi magan pattu shangidham vishanam achhu suppu pulipana then peyshukannadi shelvarlimilagu karandi uttu layam thalam thapal-muthirey nilnatshathiram

berdiri

bintang

tamak khao

shap

borop; tushar emon; ey-rup

shaban moja

norom mati

shepai; shoinik (karao); kotok-ta

kichu

kokono-kokono

putro; chele gan; b'ajan

shiggir duk'ito

rup shurua; sup

tok dok'in kota bol–

chashma koroch kormoshla

chamoch kuo

astabol shinri ishtamp

dara– tara RUSSIAN

k'rit

zmeya snyeg

tak milo

n'ski myakhki

z'mlya

s'ldat

nyesk'lko shto-n'but

in'khda

sin

pyesnya skoro

zhal (-ushchi)

sort sup kisli

yug gav'rit achki tratit

pryan'st lozhka

r'dnik k'nyushnya lyestn'tsa

marka st'yat zvyezda

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ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
starch	kanji	korluppu
start, to	jalan	shel-
station, police	ruma pasong	polisu-opis
station, railway	s'teyshin	isteyshin
stay, to	nanti	iru-
steal	churi	thirludu-
steamer	kapal api	kappal
steel	baja	irumbu
stick	kayu	kambu
sting, a	s'ngat	kodukku
stocking	sarong kaki	meyjoli
stomach	prot	vayiru
stone	batu	kal
stop, to	tutop	nil-
storm	ribot	marley
story	chrita	kadhey
straight	lurus	neyrana
stranger	orang dagang	varli-pokkan
street	jalan	teruö
strike, to	pukol	arey-
string	tali	kayiru
strong	kua'	palmulla
study, to	blajar	padi-
sugar	gula	shini
summer	musim panas	kodey-kalam
sun	mata hari	shuriyan
supper -	makanan	thini
swamp	paya	yeyri
swim	bernang	nindhu

table

meja

meyshey

mar jatra kort'ana

ishtishan

t'amchuri kor-

jahaj ishpat chori; lat'i

hul; donshon

moja pakost'oli pat'ort'amj'or

uponesh shorol; shoja

jatri rasta; shorok

marshuto boloban od'oyon kor-

chini gormi (kal)

shuji; shurjo rater khaoa j'il; dig'i

mej; tebil

shatra-

RUSSIAN

krakhmal nach'nat uchast'k

v'kzal; stantsia

ast'vatsya krast par'khod

stal palka zhal' chulka zheludok

kamen ast'navl'vat burya

raskaz pryam' in'stranets ul'tsa

bit v'ryofka silni iz'chat

sakh'r lyet' solntse uzhin b'lot'

plav't

stol

	ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
	tailor		
		tukang jahit	thaiyatkaran
	take away	bawa p'gi	shumandhu po
	take (hold of)	p'gang	pattu-
	talk, to	chakap	shol-
	tank (reservoir)		kulam
	tea	ayer tey	they
	teach	ajarkan	podhi-
	teacher	guru	kuru
	telegram	p'rkabran kawat	telegrammu
	tell, to	bri tau	shol-
	temple	kaba	kovil
	ten	s'pulo	pathu
	tent	k'ema	kudaram
	than	deri pada	parkilum
	that	itu	udhu
	their	dia-orang	avar
	then	k'mdian	anru
	there	sana	angey
	therefore	s'bab itu	adhalal
1000	they	dia	avar
	thick	t'bal	kattiyana
	thief	p'nchuri	kallan
	thin	nipis	melliya
	thing	barang; perkara	kariyam
	think	fikir	shindhi-
	this	ini	indha
	thousand	s'ribu	ayiram
	thread	b'nang	nul
	three	tiga	mu (-nu)
	throw, to	lempar	yeri-
	ticket	tikit	shittu

dorji

lo-

grohon korkot'a kopuk'ur

cha

shikha– shik'ok telegram

bol-

mondir; debaloi

dosh tombu -cheye

ki; oi; ota; je

tader tobe

shekane; sheta tai; shey-hetu

tara

puru; mota

chur

soru; roga kichu; mal chinta kor-

ey; ini; eta

hajar shuta tin chor-

tikit

RUSSIAN

p'rtnoi

vzyat; snimat

khvatat gav'rit

rez'vwar

chai uchit

uchit'l

telegrama so'bshchat

khram dyesy't

p'latka chyem

tot; ta; to

ikh t'khda tam

poet'mu

'ni tolsti

vor kh'doi vyeshch

dum't et'

tisy'cha nitka

tri

br'sat bilyet

## **ENGLISH** tie, to time tin to today together tomorrow tonight too (much) tooth torch touch, to towards towel tower town track trade, to trail (railway) translate, to travel, to traveller tree tribe

ikat
waktu
tima
k';pada
ini hari
sama sama
eso'
ini malam
terlalu
gigi
sulo
jama
k'; s'bla
tuala
k'ota
negri
jalan
berniaga
kreta api
salinkan k'basa lain
perjalan
orang dagang
poko'
bangsa
sluar
b'nar
choba
s'rban
dua blas

MALAY

TAMIL. kattukalam thagaram -ukku inru kuda naley inru iravil miga pal thivatti thodu--ukku tuwali koburam pattanam aru viyabaram rel; gari thiruppupayanam povarli-pokkan maram shanam kalchattev meyyana piraishap padutaleypa pann-irandhu iru-badhu

turban twelve twenty

trousers

try, to

true

dua blas dua pulo

band-

kal

tin

-prati; -ke

aj

ekotro

kal

aj-rat boddo

dant; donto

bati

sporsho kor-

-prati; -dike twale

prashad

shohor; nogor

(shoru) rasta

bikri kor-

tren

torjoma kor-

bromon korbromon-kari

gach

jat pajama; pentulen

shoto (-kar) cheshta kor-

pogri baro

bish; kuri

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RUSSIAN

zavy'zat

vremya zhest

k'

sevodnya

v'myeste zaftra

sevodnya nochu

slishkom

zub

svet

trog't p'napr'vleniyu

pal'tentse bashnya

gor'd tr'pa

torgovat poyezd

per'vod't

put'shestv'vat put'shestv'nik dver'va

plemya bryuki verni

prabovat

tyurban d'vnats't dvats't

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
twice	dua kali	iru tharam
two	dua	iru
umbrella	payong	kudey
under	bawa	-in kirl
understand	tau; m'ng'rti	ari–
uniform	sarupa	peydham iladha
up	atas	meyl
us	kita	yen-galey
useful	berguna	pirayoshanam-ulla
valley	l'mba; paha'	maidanum
value	herga	viley
vegetables	sayur	kirey
veil	m'rgo'	mukkadu
very	banya'	miga
village	kampong	ur
visit, to	m'lawat	shandhi-
wages	gaji	shambalam
wait, to	nanti	kathiru–
wake, to	bangunkan	yerluppu-
walk, to	berjalan	nada-
wall	tembo'	shuvar
want, to	mau	theyveyai iru-
war	prang	yutham
warm	panas	anal-ulla
was	suda	-th-; -nd-
wash, to	baso; mandi	karluvu-
washerman	d'obi	wannan
watch (clock)	jam	kadiyaram

BENGALI dui-bar dui; du

chati
-niche
bujwardi
uporer-dike
amader
kejo

upotoka dam; bao shak-shobji orna; g'omta k'ub; besh gram; polli mulakat kormaine

opek'a korjagaberadeyal
chajang
gorom; topto
childhod'oba; d'upi
tek-g'ari

RUSSIAN dvazhdi dva

zont
pod
p'nyat
mundir
naverkh
nam
polezni

d'lina ts'na ov'shchi vual och'n d'ryevnya pas'shchat plata

azh'dat
budit
g'lyat
st'na
zh'lat
voina
tyopli
bil (-o,-i)
mit
prachka
chasi

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
watch, to	jaga	kavatka-
watchman	orang jaga	kavatkaran
water	ayer	tanir
water, drinking		kudika-tanir
way	jalan	varli; aru
we	kita	nan-gal
weak	l'ma	pelavina
weapon	s'njata	ayudham
week	mingo	varam
were	suda	(-th-; -nd-)
west	barat	meyl
wet	basa	iramana
what?	apa	venna
wheel	roda	rodhey
when?	(apa) bila	yeppodhu
where?	mana	yengey
which?	yang mana	yedhu
white	putey	vel
who?	siapa	ar
why?	k'napa	yeyn
wide	lebar	agalamana
wife	bini	penshadhi
will (shall)	nanti; mau; buli	(-p-; -b-)
wind (air)	angin	kattu
window	j'ndela	shannal
wine	angor	rasham
winter	musim dingin	kambi
wire	dawai	sharadu
with	d'ngan	-odu; -udan
without	d'ngan tiada	-inri
woman	prempuan	manushi
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BENGALI	RUSSIAN
pahara de-	nabl'dat
chokidar	storozh
jol	v'da
pan-jol	pit'vaya v'da
rasta	d'roga
amra	mi
durbol	slabi
jontro-pati	aruzhie
shoptaho; hopta	n'dyelya
chil-	bili
poshchim	zap'd
b'ija	mokri
ki	shto
chokor	kal'so
kokon; kobe	k'ghda
kon-kane	ghdye
ki; ke	k'koi
shada	byeli
ke	kto
keno; kijono	pach'mu
cho-ora	shiroki
stri; potni	zh'na
-bo; -ben	bud (-et, -ut)
hawa	vyet'r
janala	akno
mod	v'no
shit-kal	z'ma
tar	provoloka

-shonge s'
-bagair byez strilok zhenshch'na

ENGLISH	MALAY	TAMIL
wood	kayu	kambu
word	prekata'an	varthey
work (noun)	kerja	veyley
workman	tukang	veyleykaran
worse	kurang bai'	ketta
worship	s'mbayang	thorlu-
wound, a	luka	kayam
wrap up	bungkuskan	adukku
write	kulis	yerludu-
wrong	sala	ketta
year	tahun	andu
yellow	kuning	manjal
yes	ya	nalla
yesterday	s'malam; k'lmarin	neyttu
you	angkau	nir
young	muda	ila
	4 /	

angkau (punya)

un

your

RUSSIAN

gach; lakri

lafz

kaj mojur

boddo k'arap puja (kor-) ag'at

joralek-

b'ul; onejo

bochor holde ha

kal

apni; apnara kochi; torun apnar

lyes; deryevo slov'

trud

rabochi khuzhe uvazhat

yazva svertivat

p'sat

ny'prav'lni god

zholti da; tak

vch'ra vi

mal'doi vash'

### MALAY

#### Notes:

PRONUNCIATION: Words ending in k, t or an apostrophe are cut very short.

WORD ORDER: 'The' is omitted. 'A, an' is sa or satu. Adjectives follow nouns. 'Of' is often omitted; thus 'the house of the headman' would be simply 'house: headman.'

Plurals: Plurals are sometimes shown by doubling a noun; thus, orang (man): orang-orang (people). Where the context is clear, the plural is often not shown at all.

Numerative Particles: When a noun follows a number, a particle (corresponding to 'piece' in the Pidgin English phrase 'one piece house') is used between number and noun. The commonest particles are:

alai	(generally	used)	butir	(grain)
batang	(trunk)		ekor	(tail)
biji	(seed)		kayu	(stick)
bua	(fruit)		orang	(man, person)
	Property (		puchuk	

Thus 'one mango' becomes satu bua mangga.

VERBS: Verbs do not change to show person, gender, number, etc. The simple form of the verb given in the lists is used for the present and for

commands; the past is shown by adding the word suda (was), the future by adding mau or nanti (will, shall). The passive is formed by prefixing di- to the verb. The prefixes ber- and per- form intransitive verbs, the suffixes -kan and -i give transitive forms.

### MALAY

## Special List:

aborigines . . . orang-sakai; orang-bukit areca-nut . . . pinang attack (by a frenzied man) (meng-) amok

bamboo . . . bulu
banana . . . pisang
betel-leaf . . . sirih
blowpipe . . . sumpit-an

Borneo . . brunei

cassowary . . . kasuari
Ceram . . . serang
chopping-knife . . parang
civet . . . binturong
Cochin China . . kuchi
cockatoo . . . kakatuwa
curry . . . lauk . sam

curry . . . lauk; sambil China . . benua china

dagger . . . kris devil . . . iblis; jin durian . . duren

England . English . Europe .		negri ingris ingris eropa
farewell . fish: (Lates calc	carifer)	s'lamat jalan (ikan) kakap
(lime, lemon) (orange) . (large citrus) (pummelo) (jack-fruit) (coconut) .		limau limau manis pumpulmas ,,, chempadak klapa
gong gourd . grandfather (also as a title) . guava	used	gong labu dato jambu
gutta-percha greetings . grass, long .	• • • •	percha ; geta-taban s'lamat ber-jumpa; tabek lalang
house-lizard	•	chichak; geko'
India . Indian .	13.	benua k'ling (orang) k'ling
jacket Japan Java(-nese) .		baju negri jepun jawa
Malay .	2	(orang) malaiu 24

....

mango mangosteen mangrove myna (bird) mosquito mosquito net	<ul> <li>(bua) mangga</li> <li>(bua) manggis</li> <li>bakau; manggi-manggi</li> <li>(burong) tiong</li> <li>nyamok</li> <li>klambu</li> </ul>
palm-fronds (used as roofing)	. atap
palm-leaves papaya	. kajang ; ola . betik
parrot pomfret (fish) .	. (burong) nuri . (ikan) bawal
prawn	. udang
rice-field	. sawah; bendang
roofing rubber	. atap . geta
sago	. sagu . benua siam . (kain) sarong
Sumatra	. pulau percha
tapir thank you tiger	. tenok . trima kasi . harimau
weights: one lb. and	
one-third	. kati . pikul
wild tribes	. orang-utan; sakai;
yam	semang . ubi ache; ubi gadong

#### TAMIL

#### Notes:

PRONUNCIATION: The first syllable is usually stressed.

Word Order: Verbs come at the end of sentences, dependent clauses at the beginning. Adjectives precede nouns. 'The,' 'a,' and the forms of the verb 'to be' are usually omitted. Questions are indicated by -a being added to either the last or the stressed word in the sentence. Prepositions (more properly called postpositions) follow nouns; -in-or -ttu- is often inserted between noun and postposition.

Endings: Adjectives do not change, whatever their case or form. Nouns take a variety of case endings, which are given in the word-lists under the appropriate prepositions. Nouns in the accusative case take the ending -ey; in the plural, the endings -gal or -r (the latter only when the noun denotes a person). Nouns ending in -dhu drop this ending in the plural and add -nagal or -veygal.

VERBS: The personal endings for verbs are:

I you he she it we they
-eyn -ir (gal) -an -al -dhu, -om -arga
-ru, or
-(k)um

Between these endings and the root of the verb, the

following links are placed to indicate tense:

-kir or -gir . present -th or -nd . past -p or -b . future

## Imperative Forms:

rude . . Root alone mild . . Root-um polite . . Root-ungal

polite . . Root-ungal negative . . Root-adey-(um or ungal)

Other negative forms of the verbs are made by adding -adhilley after the tense and personal endings.

Word Forming: Adverbs are made from other words by adding -ay or -aga. Adjectives can often be used as roots for verbs. Other ways of forming new words are:

Noun - ana or -agiya; this gives an adjective. Noun - ulla; this gives an adjective with the English ending '-ful.'

Noun - atta or -ina; this gives an adjective with English ending '-less.'

The suffixes -van, -karan, -ali correspond to the English ending '-man' and can thus be used to form such words as 'boatman,' 'gardener,' etc.

## TAMIL

## Special List:

Arcot . . . arkad accountant, recorder . kanakan

Brahman	namburi
cakes .	apparu
Calicut	kolikodu
carrying-yoke	kavadi
Cauvery River	kaveri
Cochin	kochchi
coconut fibre	kayiru
citron .	nartey
Coleroon River	kolladam
commander (of troops) .	talavey
Comorin, Cape	kumari
Coorg	kodagu
Coromandel	choromandalam
cow dung, dried and used	
as fuel	varatti
curry	kari
Godavari	godey
harvest festival	pongol
hire, wages	kuli
jasmine	narum paney
jewel akin to sapphire .	kurundam
Jack-fruit	sakkey
jhum (hillside cultivation abandoned after a few	
harvests)	ponam
Konkan	konkanam
mango	mangey

master (sahib) turai turaisani mistress, ma'm millet (jawar). . cholam mongoose mangisu mulligatawny milagu-tanir Mysore maisur Ootacamund ottagaimandu patchouli pash'shilai palm-leaf olai pumpkin kumbalam Pondicherry put'uvai; put'usheri raft katumaram rest-house shattiram rice, boiled muder shed pandal teak . tekku Tinnevelly tiru-nel-veli Travancore tiruvankodu trinket, worn by married tali women Tuticorin tuttukkudi wages . kuli water in which rice has been boiled kanji

#### Notes:

WORD ORDER: The verb always goes to the end of a sentence. The verb 'to be' in all its forms is usually omitted. Adjectives precede nouns. There is no equivalent for 'a', 'an' or 'the', but ek (one) is often used where in English 'a' would precede a noun, and the suffix -ta or -ti (that) serves for 'the' in many cases.

Plurals: Nouns show the plural by adding -ra or -gula (-ra is chiefly used with nouns describing people). Adjectives do not change in the plural.

VERBS: Add the following endings to the roots given in the word-lists to form the various tenses, etc:

1st person (I and we) Present (e.g. we eat)

-(ch)en 2nd and 3rd persons , (e.g. they eat)
-ba,-bo 1st person Future (e.g. I will eat)

-ben 2nd and 3rd persons , (e.g. you will eat)
-lam 1st person Past (e.g. we ate)

-len 2nd and 3rd persons ,, (e.g. he, she ate)
-te Present Participle (in this form the verb is usually said twice) (e.g. eating).

-a Passive Participle (e.g. eaten)

-(ch)i

FORMING WORDS: More words can be formed by adding the following suffixes to words in the word-lists:

-a e -ai -ami, ma	g. hat (hand) dal (pour) chele (child)	hata (sleeve) dalai (casting) chelemi (child-
-ar -i	cham (skin) desh (country)	ishness) chamar (tanner) deshi (country-
-e -o -ola -te	daka (Dacca) nag'r (town) jol (water) gari (carriage) b'ara (rent)	made) daka'i (of Dacca) nag're (town-bred) jolo (watery) gariola (driver) b'arate (tenant;
-ta, -twa	nabin' (fresh)	hired) nabin'ta (freshness)

HAVE: There is no equivalent verb for 'have' in Bengali. 'The boy has a knife' is expressed by 'one knife is of the boy'; the Bengali order being 'boy-the-of one knife is' (chele-ti-r ek churi ache).

Numerative Particles: When a number is used with a noun, a numerative particle (similar to the word 'piece' in the Pidgin English phrase 'one piece house') must be used. The commonest particles are:

-jan for people

-ta for things

-k'an for flat things

-gach for long thin things

Thus 'ten houses' is dosh-k'an bari.

# Special List:

alligator Arakanese, Chittagonian areca-nut	. kumir mag . shupari . lolito–kola
bamboo	. bash'
Bengal	. bangla-des
Bengali (person)	. bangali
Bengali (adjective) .	. bangla
betel leaf	. pan
bison (bos frontalis).	gayal; mit'an
boat, small	. dingi; na
boat with roof .	. panshi
boatman	. maji ; dari
brocade	. kingkab
buffalo	. mosh
Calcutta	. kolkata
chutney	. chatni; achar
corral used to trap elephan	ts keda
cultivation, often o mountain-side, in a jungl clearing which is aban doned after two or thre	n le l-
harvests	. j'um
curds (yaghourt) .	. doi
curry	. torkari ; kari

elephant elephant, rogue	hati san ingland imriji; sahebi biliti
fig-tree (banyan) fish:	bot-gach
(clupea ilisha)	hilsa
(lates calcarifer) .	b'ikti
foods:	
mixture of curried	
vegetables rice cooked with butter	chechki
and pulses	kichuri
boiled meat and rice,	
with spices	polao
wheat wafers fried in gi	luchi
unleavened bread .	ruti
brinjal (aubergine) .	begun
France	fransa
fruits:	
Cape gooseberry .	tipari
custard-apple	ata; nona
coconut	narkol
jack-fruit	kat'al
mango	am
Germany	jarmani
headman, landowner .	chaudri
Japan	japan

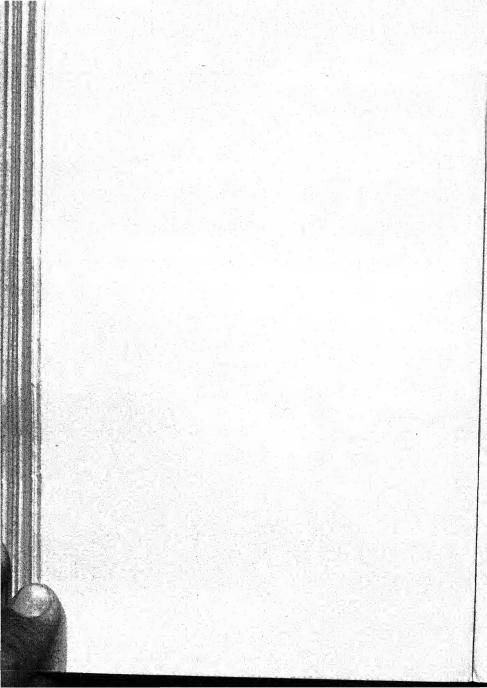
landing-stage		40.		g'at
lizard .			× .	tiktiki
lotus .		Every T		poddo
				Poddo
malaria .				maleria
molasses				gur
mosquito	•			mosha
muslin .	•	<i>i</i> .		molmol
musician				kalwat
mystic .	*	•		moromia
nationalist		•	•	shoraj-dola
opium .				apim
pardon me	•			k'oma korben
parrot .				tia
pepper, chilli	140	- /		longka
prawn .		4.		bagda-chingri
painter .		ē.,		chitro-kor
please, (if yo	u)	1 u.e.		onugro'o kore
poet .	1 0	. ***		kobi
procession				michil
puffed rice			•	muri
religion .				dormo
rice-milk				payesh
rupee .			E - 1	taka
sacred place				tirtostan
saffron .				jafran
scorpion				kakra-bicha
shrine .				dorga
			234	
			-37	

snake charmer shapure student chatro met'ai; halua; misti sweets (caseine sweet) shondesh (boiled sweet) roshogolla sweet potatoes rangalu take care! shabd'an! hushiar! teak shegun d'ono-bad thank you tiger bag kachim turtle university bisho-bideloi vulture shokuni veranda . baranda

what's the matter? . . bepar ki? writer . . . lek'ok warehouse . . . gudam

Salutations:

To a Hindu . . nomoshkar!
To a Moslem . . selam!



## Part Four

## AN ANGLO-ASIATIC GLOSSARY

## AN ANGLO-ASIATIC GLOSSARY

This list contains words which, although in common use among English speakers in Asia, do not correspond precisely to any word in the local languages concerned.

amah ayah . . . nursemaid (Portuguese ama, aia).

atoll . . group or ring of coral islands enclosing a shallow lagoon (Maldive atolu; Singhalese atul (inside)).

baht (to sling the) (to talk) a language (Hindustani bat).

bandana. handkerchief of bright colours, with white spots (Hindustani bandhna (fasten)).

basha . . bamboo shed or hut (Bengali bansh (bamboo)).

bearer . . personal servant or waiter (perhaps originally from palanquin-bearer).

beriberi. . a disease due to causes similar to those which produce scurvy (Singhalese beri, (debility)).

betel-nut . more accurately, areca-nut wrapped in a betel leaf smeared with lime (Malayalam vettila (simple-leaf)).

bobachi. . a cook (Hindustani bawarchi).

bobachi-kana. a kitchen, generally separated from the house to which it belongs (Hindustani bawarchi-khana).

Bombay duck. dried bummelo fish.

Buddhist priest (Japanese bonzi, bonze bonzo (religious person) or bo-zi (teacher of the Law)).

nonsense (Turkish bosh (empty)). bosh

bottle-kana pantry.

peepul-tree (Singhalese bo) bo-tree

Indian fig-tree.

boxwalla travelling pedlar or salesman.

boy servant.

bull dedicated to Siva and turned Brahminy bull loose in an Indian bazaar; or, more

generally, Indian humped bull.

brain-fever bird Indian cuckoo with a maddeningly persistent cry.

egg-plant (Portuguese bringela). brinjal bummelo a small fish (Mahratti bombila).

embankment, often with a road bund along the top; or a small bank dividing one rice-field from another (paddy-bund) (Hindustani band).

bunder-boat small boat (Persian and Hindustani

bandar (harbour ) ).

European house (Hindustani banbungalow gala (Bengali)).

caddy small box for holding tea (Malay kati (one and one-third pounds weight)).

crystallized sugar; sweets candy (sugar-candy) general (Malayalam kandi (lump), Persian-Arabic kand). cantonment military station or garrison town in India (archaic English word canton (to quarter soldiers)). hereditary class division among caste Hindus, based on common origin, occupation and inter-marriage (Portuguese casta (lineage)). catty a weight equal to one and one-third pounds (Malay kati). earthen pot (Telugu chatti). chatty chawl tenement house in an Indian slum quarter. cheroot . cigar, generally with the ends cut off (Malayalam churuttu (a roll)). Chetty . Southern Indian merchant (Malayalam chetti). chilli dried pod of red pepper (Mexican chilli). chin-chin cheerio, so long, goodbye, or good health (Pekingese ching-ching (thank you.)). chit; chitty voucher given instead of cash payment; testimonial given to a servant, etc. (Hindustani chitt'i (letter)). chokra; chico boy, servant-boy, urchin (Hindustani ch'okra). chop seal-impression, stamp or mark

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of authority (although now used

mostly on the China coast and in the South Seas, this word comes from the Hindustani ch'ap).

chop-chop . Pidgin English for 'be quick' (Cantonese kap-kap).

chopsticks . pair of small sticks used to carry food to the mouth (in Chinese they are called 'quick things,' and the Cantonese kap (quick) is presumably the origin of 'chopsticks').

chukker . a bout, or period, in polo and other games (Hindustani chakkar (circle)).

coir . . coconut fibre (Malayalam kayar (cord)).

collector . district administrative officer and magistrate in parts of India (a translation of the Moghul title of tahsildar, which comes from the Arabic tahsil (to collect).

compound . enclosure round a house, factory or group of buildings (perhaps from Malay kampong (village)).

compradore . butler or steward (Portuguese comprador (purchaser)).

copra . . dried kernel of the coconut, from which oil is extracted (Malayalam kopparu)

country-boat country-born country-made etc. 'country-' is used in India to indicate the local origin of many things and people. (translation of Hindustani desi).

ten million (generally used of crore rupees) (Hindustani karor). spiced concoction of vegetables, curry fish, meat or eggs eaten with rice or unleavened bread (Tamil kari). crude, half-done (Hindustani cutcha kach'a). A 'cutcha' road is an unmetalled road; a 'cutcha' building is one of mud or crude brickwork; a 'cutcha' piece of work is a shoddily done one. 'Cutcha' is in every way the opposite of 'pukka.' dacoit robber belonging to an armed gang (Hindustani dakait, daku). Hence dacoity.' short sword or hacking-knife dah (Burmese da). boatman; ascetic distinguished dandy by carrying a staff; hammock slung from a pole carried by two or more men, used as a conveyance in hilly country (all from Hindustani and Bengali dand (staff, pole)). maintained dak-bungalow rest-house by government (Hindustani dak mail, post)). fever marked by pain in the joints dengue.

used in the East before 1860). sailing vessel of Arab build (not an

(probably a Zanzibar word; not

dhow, dow

Arabic word; possibly of Persian origin, through dav (run)).

dinghy . . small boat (Hindustani and Bengali dingi).

dixie . . cooking pot (Hindustani degchi).
dungarees . clothes of coarse calico (Hindustani dungri).

ghoul . . demon, generally inhabiting a wilderness (Arabic ghul, Persian ghol).

godown . warehouse (Singhalese gudama, Telugu gidangi).

gunny . sacking, sacks (Hindustani goni).
gymkhana . sports club or sports meeting
(perhaps from Hindustani gendkhana (ballhouse) used of a rackets
court).

howdah . seat carried on an elephant's back (Arabic *haudaj*, more properly used of camels).

hubble-bubble pipe in which a mixture of tobacco and spices is smoked through water.

jack-fruit . a huge and very sweet fruit (Malay-alam chakka).

joss . image or idol (Portuguese deos (god)). Hence 'joss-house' (temple), 'joss-stick' (stick of incense).

juggernaut . (Sanskrit jaganath), a name under

which Krishna is worshipped in parts of India; also used of the massive carriage in which images of the god are drawn in public processions.

junk . . Chinese sailing-ship (Javanese jong (large ship) ).

khaki . dust-coloured (Hindustani k'aki). kincob . gold brocade (Persian and Hindustani kamk'ab).

kukri . . curved knife used by Gurkhas (Hindustani kukri).

kowtow to touch the forehead to the ground in salutation (Chinese ko-tau (knock-head)).

koi-hai . a veteran British resident in eastern India (from Hindustani koi hai (anyone there?), a phrase used to call for servants).

lakh . . 100,000 (often rupees) (Hindustani lak').

lascar . Asiatic (generally Indian) sailor. (Persian lashkari (a common soldier)).

mahout . elephant-driver (Hindustani mah-awat).

mango . . a soft and very sweet fruit (Tamil mangey).

mangosteen . another sweet fruit (Malay manggis or manggusta).

mangrove . dense growth found both above and below the water-line in tropical tidal estuaries (Malay manggimanggi).

maskee . Pidgin English for 'never mind' (Portuguese mas que (in spite of)).

maund . weight varying from 28 to 82 lb. (Hindustani man; a word of great antiquity, cf. Arabic mena, Latin mina, Greek m'na, and the m'na or men found in Egyptian hieroglyphic inscriptions).

mem-sahib . an English lady; Mrs. (English ma'am, Hindustani sahib). In Malaya mem alone is used in the same sense.

mofussil . the countryside around an Indian city; up-country (Hindustani and Arabic mufassal adalat (a separate, i.e. provincial, court)).

monsoon . the winds which bring the great yearly rains to the Far East; the rains themselves; or the time of great rains (Arabic mausim (season)).

mufti

. army slang for civilian clothes (Arabic *mufti* (an expounder of Moslem law); the connection is obscure. *Mufti* may originally have meant a loose dressing-gown which was perhaps thought to resemble a Moslem official robe).

mulligatawny. peppery soup (Tamil milagutanir (pepper water)).

mongoose . ferret-like animal (Telugu man-

gisu).

muslin . . cloth of fine texture, originally from Mosul (Mausil) in Iraq (Arabic mausili).

mussulman . Muslim or Mahomedan (corruption from the plural forms of muslim, which are in Arabic muslimin and in Persian musliman).

must . . frenzied; applied chiefly to elephants (Persian mast (drunk)).

nabob . . corruption of Hindustani nawab (a governor, or a rank equivalent to a peerage); formerly used to describe Englishmen who returned home with fortunes made in the East.

nerrick rate . standard rate for wages or prices, published by a local authority in India (Persian nirkh).

orang-utang . great man-like ape (from Malay orang-utan (man of the forest); but in modern Malay orang-utan now means a jungle tribesman).

paddy-bird . a kind of heron, usually white, which is commonly seen in rice-fields (Malay padi (rice)).

paddy-field rice-field, generally in its flooded state. pagoda . temple or tower (possibly from Sanskrit b'agavat (holy, divine) through Portuguese pagode). travelling litter carried by several palanquin men (Portuguese palanquin from Malay palangki, Telugu pallaki). outcaste (Tamil paraiyar, a low pariah caste very numerous around used by Madras: not Tamil speakers to describe outcastes). ownerless, generally mongrel, dog. pariah-dog or pie-dog patchouli leaves of a plant akin to mint; used as hair-scent, or as an ingredient in smoking tobacco. (Tamil pash 'shilai). messenger, orderly (Portuguese peon peoa). corruption of 'business.' Pidgin pidgin English is a jargon developed on the China coast between Englishmen and Chinese when neither understood the other's language. grammar was largely based Chinese, the vocabulary on English.

puggled . crazy, foolish (Hindustani pagal).

polo . form of mounted hockey (polo, is the Balti dialect found in the

			western Himalayas, means a polo- ball); played throughout Asia for centuries, and adopted by the English in Manipur in 1854.
pommelo pumn			large citrus fruit (Malay pumpul mas).
pukka			ripe, well-built, genuine (Hindu stani pakka); the opposite o cutcha (q.v.).
pug			spoor, track of a wild anima (Hindustani pag (foot)). Hence pagi, a tracker.
punch		•	drink composed of wine or spirit mixed with hot water, sugar, lemon and spices (Hindustani panch (five) the constituents being usuall five in number).
ryot			peasant (Arabic raiyat, a collective term for 'subjects').
sago			starch used as food, extracted from pith of a kind of palm (Malay sagu)
satin			kind of silk cloth (from Zaitum ancient port on the China coast through Arabic zaitunia).
secunny			steersman or quartermaster (Per sian sukkani).
seer	•		weight approximately equal to 2 lb (Hindustani ser).
sepoy			Indian soldier (Hindustani and Persian sipahi).
serang			skipper or chief hand on a smal

native vessel (Hindustani and Persian sar'ang (commander)). leather with granulated surface shagreen (Turkish and Persian meaning both the rump of a horse and the special leather originally only made from rumps). exorciser, devil-dancer shaman. (Tunguz shaman). Hence 'shamanism.' originally used to describe massage shampoo (from imperative of Hindustani champna, to press). shroff money-changer; man employed to check the quality of coins; to sort coins (Arabic sarraf). an illegal exaction. squeeze. principal, main (Arabic sadr). Used sudder . in such phrases as 'sudder bazaar.' the rite of widow-burning (Sanssuttee krit sati, a true woman). groom; chauffeur (Hindustani and syce Arabic sais). tamarind (tree bearing a) fruit from whose pulp a drink is made (Persian tamar-i-Hindi, i.e. Indian date). reservoir; artificial pond or lake. tank (Portuguese tanque, cf. French étang). pony (Hindustani tattu). tat small tripod table (Hindustani tin teapoy pae (three feet) ).

terai hat. felt hat with broad brim and double thickness (from Hindustani tarai, damp country; particularly the humid belt of jungle country just south of the Himalayas). thug formerly one of a gang of robbers noted for strangling their victims (Hindustani t'ag (a swindler). tical a weight of silver; in Siam, a silver coin (Hindustani Talaing t'ke). ticca (gharry) . hired (carriage) (Hindustani t'ika (hire)). tiffin lunch (from obsolete English tiffing, i.e. taking a snack between meals). tindal petty officer in a lascar crew (Malayalam tandal); foreman of a gang of labourers. toddy palm-wine, fermented from the sap of the palmyra, date, or cocopalm (Hindustani tari); hence, any hot sweetened drink. tom-tom drum (Malay ton-ton, Tamil tambattam). typhoon sudden storm, hurricane (Arabic, Persian and Hindustani tufan; Chinese tai fung (great wind) ). tycoon . powerful man; originally applied to the Japanese shoguns (Japanese

taikun (great prince)).

veranda

open gallery round or in front of a house (Bengali baranda, Sanskrit varanda).

viss

a weight equal to about 3 lb. (Tamil visai (division)).



#### Part Five

# ASIATIC SCRIPTS

- I. ARABIC (USED FOR TURKISH, ARABIC, PERSIAN, HINDUSTANI (URDU), AND MALAY).
- 2. NAGRI (USED FOR HINDUSTANI).
- 3. TAMIL.
- 4. BENGALI.
- 5. BURMESE.
- 6. SIAMESE.
- 7. CHINESE (USED FOR ALL CHINESE LANGUAGES AND FOR JAPANESE).
- 8. KANA (USED FOR JAPANESE).
- q. RUSSIAN.

#### I. ARABIC

Used for Turkish (roman script is also used in Turkey), Arabic, Persian, Hindustani (Urdu), and Malay. The letters marked \* are not used in Arabic itself. Arabic is written from right to left.

The final forms of Arabic letters resemble the isolated forms: medial forms resemble initial forms.

"Isolated.	Initial		Isolated.	Initial	
1		а	ظ	13	dh
ن		b	ع	2	, ,
	7	t	غ	Ė	gh
ث	, ;	th	ڠ	Ê	ng*
ج تا	<b>&gt;</b>	j	ف	9	f
<b>E</b>	* *	ch*	ڤ	9	p*
	۵.	h	ق	9	q
ر خ د	خ	kh		5	k
<b>.</b>		$d^*$	ث ث	5	g*
ં		dh	J	1	l
٠		r	ŕ		m
ن		2	ن	;	n
س س		.5	و		и, го
س ش	4	sh	•	A	h
ص	ص -	s	ي		i, y
ص ض ط	ė	dh, d	ت ر	Ī	ny*
٦	ط	t e			

# 2. NAGRI, HINDI, OR SANSKRIT

Used (mainly by Hindus) for Hindustani (Urdu). The letters in each word are joined together by the horizontal bar.

Vowels :-

9

	न्त्र	आ	इ	the state of	उ	ব	U	Ŷ	स्रो	न्त्री
	ă,	a	i	i	u	и	e	ey	0	au
Conson	nants :									
	ą	ñ	=	च		ट		त		प
	Ā	5	0	h		t		t		Þ
	₹ •	Ŧ.	3	<b>E</b>		ढ		थ		प्र
	k	,		h'		t'		t'		p'
	3	τ		51		ड		द		व
	8	7	, .	j		d		d		b
	2	t	Ę	Ħ		ह		घ		भ
	g	,	j	,		d		ď		<i>b</i> '

ड़

d, r

n

z

स

m

3. TAMIL

The second column gives the forms in which vowels are most commonly found, i.e. when combined with consonants.

å	k -		<b>25</b>	k'
Ė	ng		<b>ж</b> п	ka
÷	ch		<b>3</b>	ki
ஞ்	ny	25.	<b>3</b>	ki
Ĺ	d, t		<b>5</b>	ku
लंग	n		Fa.	ku
த்	th, dh	(	கெ	ke
ந்	n		Ĵæ.	key
Ů	p, b		തക	kai
ம்	m	(	கொ	ko
ů.	y	(	Ban	ko
ń	7		கௌ	kau
សំ	I			
வ்	<b>v</b>			
υjo	l, zh			
ள்	I			
ற்	r, t			10.0
ன்	n, nd			

### 4. BENGALI

The forms shown are the simplest. Any two or three Bengali consonants can be combined to make a compound letter. The form of vowels varies according to the vowel's position in a word—initial, medial, or final.

ক'	<i>k</i>	न -	ı
ষ	g'	ঘ	s; sh
Б	ch	হ	h
ছ	ch'	Æ	<b>r</b>
জ	$oldsymbol{j}$	ζ	rh
ড	d	ক	k'
च	ď'	গ	g
ত	t	**	ng
म	d	ৰ	j'
न	n	ব্য	n
ফ	f; p'	ঠ	ť.
ৰ	b	ণ	n
ভ	<i>b</i> '	থ	ť'
ম	m	4	ď,
য	j;y	প	Þ
র	rr	Ħ	sh

#### 5. BURMESE

Forms given for vowels are initial ones. When a vowel follows a consonant, the symbol so is omitted and the consonant fills its place.

0	20	ယ	y
9	d'	0	1
Ø	t, z	က	k
q	Z	သ	th
O	Þ	ဘ	b, p
θ	m	නු	ny
0	p, b	ಐ	s
<b>8</b>	<i>b</i>	ജാ	a
C	n, ng	<b>න</b>	e
e	z	အိ	<i>i</i>
Ş	ı	නි	i
ə	ch	ဆို	0
ရ	y	නු	и
8	<b>d</b>	အူ	u
ቅ	n	ങ്ങാ	æu
ω	t'	အော်	aro
တ	t	8	ey
တ	h		

# 6. SIAMESE

n	k	6	<i>t</i> '
ข	k'	u	n
ଶ୍ୱ	k'	ย	ь
n	k'	ป	Þ
<b>P</b>	k'	EI .	<b>p'</b>
ମ୍ମ	k'	દ્ય	f
1	ng	W	<b>p</b> '
7	ch	N	f
น	ch	ม	p'
ପ	ch	น	m
ଅ	s	ย	y
ญ	ch	3	, ,
ญ	<b>y</b> —	ถ	1
2	d, t	3	w
2	t	Я	
ค	d	ព	s
P	t	И.	h
D	ť	8	indicates a vowel
n	ť'		

#### 7. CHINESE

Used for all Chinese dialects and sometimes for Japanese (in combination with Kana).

Normally characters are written in vertical columns. It is, of course, only possible to give a few of the simplest and most useful characters.

	人	person	日	sun; day
	男	male; men	月-	moon; month
	女	female; women	山	mountain
	入口	entrance	水	water
	出口	exit	火	fire
	注意	be careful	H	land; paddy-field
	止	stop		dish; plate
	危險	danger	禾	rice (grain)
The state of the state of	大	big; great	*	rice (polished); America
	小	small; young	竹	bamboo
			六 6	七 八 九 十7 8 9 10

# 8. KANA

Used for Japanese (sometimes in combination with Chinese characters).

	Katakana	Hiragana		Katakana	Hiragana
a	7	あ	ha	٦١ -	は
i	1	જ	hi	Ł	U
и	ウ	5	fu	フ	人
e	<b>=</b>	13	he	~	~
0	才	华	ho	赤	1A
ka	力	カン	ma	~ ~	ŧ
ki	辛	\$	mi		み
ku	D		mu	4	T
ke	ケ	l}	me	×	め
ko	3	2	mo	毛	8
sa	サ	3	ya	+	P
shi	· •	L	yu	2	Ø
su	ス	す	yo	3	1
se	セ	せ	ra	ラ	5 5
so	ソ	2	ri	y	b 7
ta	De la	た	ru	IV.	3 3
ch	i +	5	re	レ	れき
tsi	1 "	2	ro	u u	万福
te	テ	て	wa	ワ	p 5
to	F .	2	(v)i		
na	ナ	な	(w)e		点点
ni	<b>_</b>	E	(zv)		を成
m	ヌ	a	n	ン	h h
ne	<b>ネ</b> ・	于ね	บ	ヴ	1
no		の			

# 9. RUSSIAN

A	a	a (Italian)	Пп	Þ
В	б	<i>b</i>	P p	
д	д	d	Сс	<b>s</b>
Э	а	e	T T	<i>t</i>
E	е	ye (as in yes)	Уу	u (in " put")
Φ	ф	f	Юю	yu (as " you ")
r	r	g	Вв	<b>v</b>
Ы	ы	<i>i</i> (in " is ")	8 8	2
И	ĸ	i (in "machine")	X x	kh (as ch in loch)
и	ti	y (in "boy", "grey" etc.)	цп	ts
ĸ	к	<i>k</i>	ч	ch
Л	Л	<i>t</i>	Шш	sh
М	M	m	Щщ	shch
Н	Ħ	n	жж	zh
0	Ó	, <b>o</b>	A R	ya (as in Yarrow)

yo (as in "yoke")

y (as in yes, young, etc.)